

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a + \sqrt{x} & x < 1 \\ b\sqrt[3]{x} & x \geq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{در اینجا } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) \rightarrow b = a + 1$$

چون $\sqrt{x} > 0$ و $\sqrt[3]{x} > 0$ است پس در این نقطه پیوسته است

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} & x < 1 \\ \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} & x \geq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow f'_+(1) = f'_-(1) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = b \rightarrow b = \frac{1}{2}$$

$a = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow a + b = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$

$$f'(1) = g'(1) \quad f - g(1) \rightarrow f - g = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt[3]{x}} = \frac{-\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt[3]{x}} = -\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{2}} = -\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{3}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} bx + c & x < a \\ \frac{1}{x} & x \geq a \end{cases} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) \rightarrow$$

$$bx + c = \frac{1}{a} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f'(x) = b \\ -\frac{1}{x^2} \end{array} \right. \rightarrow f'_+(a) = f'_-(a) \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{a^2}$$

$ab = -1 \rightarrow ab = -\frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{a} + c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = \frac{2}{a} \rightarrow ac = 2$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b & x < a \\ b + (x-a)^m & x \geq a \end{cases} \rightarrow f(a) = b \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = b$$

در صورتی که $m > 0$ باشد $f'_+(a) = f'_-(a) \rightarrow m-1 = 0 \rightarrow m = 1$

چون $f'_+(a) \neq f'_-(a)$ پس در این نقطه ناپیوسته است

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} - (x-1)} \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - \ln x} \rightarrow g(-\sqrt[3]{2}) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-\frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{2x}}}{(\sqrt[3]{2x})^2} = \frac{-\frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{2x}}}{(\sqrt[3]{2})^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt[3]{2} x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

$g'(-\sqrt[3]{2}) = \frac{1}{(-\sqrt[3]{2})^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \rightarrow g'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} x^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} x^2}$

$y_2 = ax - a$ درستی با مشتق
 $\frac{y}{x}$ $f'(x) = g'(x)$
 $f(x) = g(x)$

$\rightarrow g'(x) = -a, f'(x)$
 $\rightarrow g(x) = -ax - a = f(x)$

$f'(x) - f(x) = 2 \rightarrow -a - (-ax - a) = 2 \rightarrow ax = 2 \rightarrow a = \frac{2}{x}$

$\frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = \frac{-ax - a}{-a} = x + \frac{a}{a} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{x}}$

$(f \circ g)' = f'(g(x)) \times g'(x) \rightarrow g'(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}) = \frac{-\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}})^2} = \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

$g'(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}) = 2 \rightarrow f' = (x[\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}])^{1/2} + 1 = 14x^{1/2} + 1 \rightarrow f'(x) = 4x$

$(f \circ g(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}))' = 4x - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow$

$g(x) = f(x+1) + f(x+10) \rightarrow f'(-1) = \frac{3}{x}$ دوره شاد

$\rightarrow g'(x) = f'(x+1) + 10f'(x+10) \xrightarrow{x=-1} g'(-1) = f'(-1) + 10f'(11)$

$\xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} f'(-1) = f'(-1+1) = f'(0) = \frac{3}{x} \rightarrow g'(-1) = \frac{3}{x} = \boxed{6}$

$f(x) = (x-2)^{1/3} \sqrt{x+3} \rightarrow f(0) = 2, f'(x) = \frac{1}{3}(x-2)^{-2/3} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+3}}(x-2) \rightarrow f'(0) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6}$

$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(0-h) - 3f'(0-h) + 2}{h(0-h)} \xrightarrow{\text{HOP}} \frac{f'(0-h) - 3f'(0-h) + 2}{-2h + 0}$

$= \frac{-2f'(0) + 3f'(0) + 2}{0} = \frac{-2 \times \frac{5}{6} + 3 \times \frac{5}{6} + 2}{0} = \frac{-\frac{5}{3} + \frac{15}{6} + 2}{0} = \frac{-\frac{5}{3} + \frac{5}{2} + 2}{0} = \frac{-\frac{10}{6} + \frac{15}{6} + \frac{12}{6}}{0} = \frac{7}{0}$

$y = ax^2 - 2x + 1$ خط مماس بر منحنی در نقطه (1, 0)

$y = \frac{x+1}{x} = \frac{1}{x} + 1$ قرینه معکوس $\frac{1}{x}$ و -2 است

$\rightarrow 2x - 2 = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{x = 1}$