

در مشتق دایره

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} & x < a \\ b \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} & x > a \end{cases}$$

امیر باسف

۲. آفرین

①

$$\frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{a + b}$$

در مشتق

$$\begin{cases} f'(1) = 1 \\ f'(1) = \frac{2}{3}b \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{b \geq 1} \cdot \boxed{a < \frac{1}{3}} \cdot \boxed{a + b \geq 2}$$

✓

$$y = (b - y) \cdot x = -2\sqrt{3} a^{-\frac{1}{2}} y'(2\sqrt{3}) \rightarrow (-2\sqrt{3}) \cdot (-\frac{1}{4}) \cdot a^{-\frac{3}{4}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

②

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b + c & x < a \\ \frac{1}{x} & x \geq a \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{پیوستگی}} \frac{1}{a} = b + c \Rightarrow \boxed{ba + ca < 1} \Rightarrow \boxed{AC < 2}$$

③

در مشتق جبهه در امتداد برابر

$$b = \frac{-1}{a^2} \Rightarrow \boxed{ab = -1}$$

✓

$$f'(m) = \begin{cases} a & m < a \\ m(a-a) & m \geq a \end{cases} \xrightarrow{m \geq 0} \begin{aligned} &\text{if } m < 0 \Rightarrow f'(a) = 0 \\ &\quad f'_+(a) \times \\ &\text{if } m < 1 \Rightarrow f'(a) = 0 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{نقطه ای} \\ &\quad f'_+(a) < 1 \\ &\text{if } m \geq 2 \Rightarrow f'(a) = 0 \\ &\quad f'_+(a) = m/(a-a)^{n-1} = 0 \times \end{aligned}$$

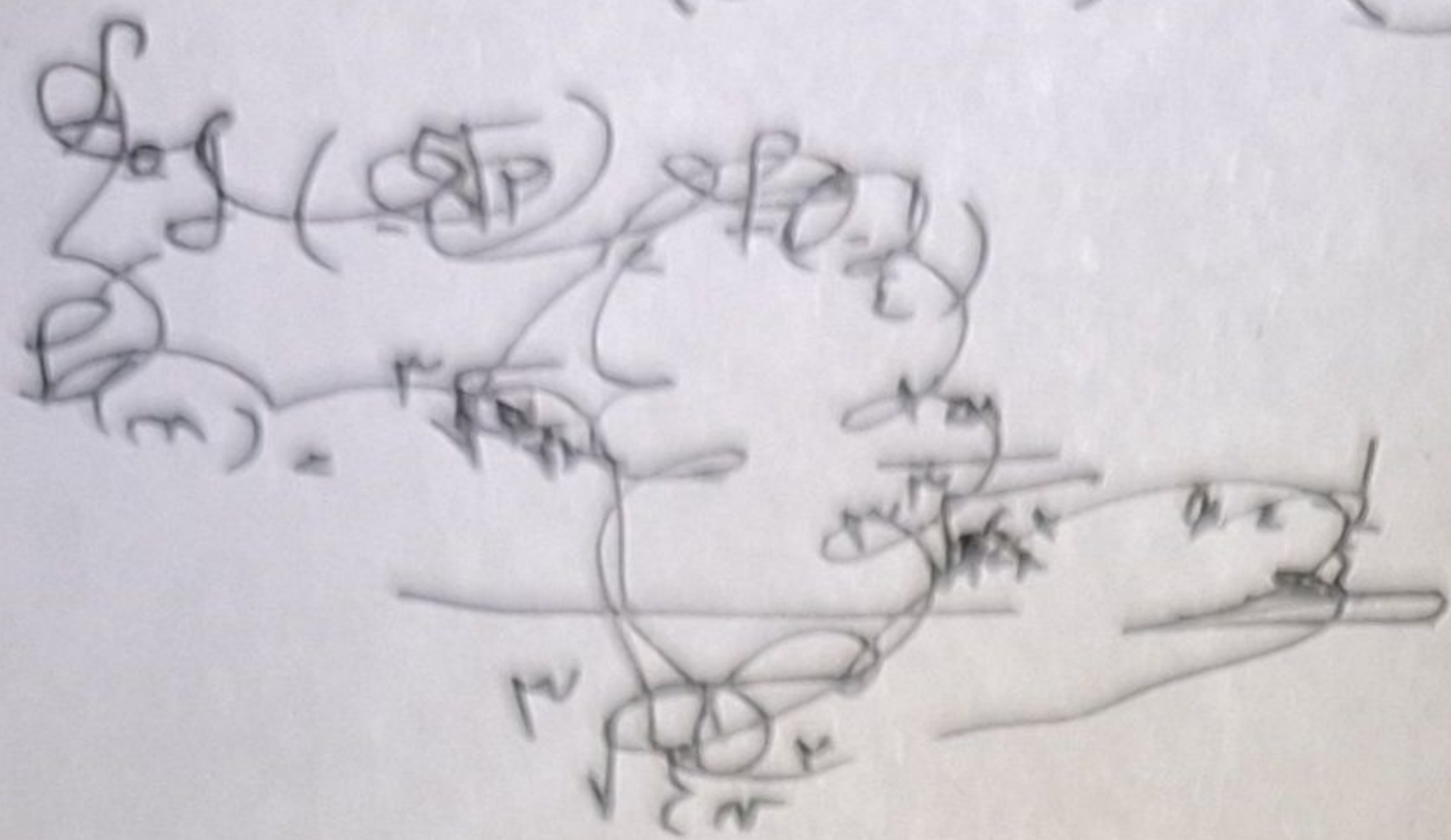
④

$$\boxed{m \geq 1} \quad \text{بسیار}$$

✓

$$g'(-\sqrt{r}) \cdot f'(g(-\sqrt{r})) = (f \circ g)'(-\sqrt{r})$$

(5)



$$f(g(m)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{f(g(m))}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}} = \sqrt{r} = a$$

$$(f(g(m))) = 1$$

$$f(r) = -a \Rightarrow f(r) - f(r) = -a + a = 0 \Rightarrow r = -r \Rightarrow a = -1, 0$$

(6)

$$f(r) = \frac{r}{r} - 1 = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} = \frac{-1}{c} \times \frac{r}{c} = \left(-\frac{1}{c}\right)$$

$$f(c) = 1, 0$$

$$(f \circ g)'(g(m)) = f'(g(m)) \cdot g'(m) \Rightarrow f'(r) \cdot \left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} + 1\right)' = r \cdot a$$

$$\left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} + 1\right)' = -\frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = -\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} = \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow (f \circ g)' = \frac{cf}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{cf}{\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{cf\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$g'(m) = f'(m+1) + r \cdot f'(r_{m+1}) \xrightarrow{m \rightarrow r} g'(-1) = f'(-1) + r \cdot f'(r) = \frac{1}{r} + \frac{r}{c} = \frac{1}{r} + \frac{r}{c} = 1, 0$$

(7)

(8)

9

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(0-h) - f'(0-h) + 2}{h(0-h)} \xrightarrow{HOP} \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\frac{-f'(0-h) + f'(0-h) + 2f'(0-h)}{\frac{0-h-1}{0-1h}} = \frac{-f'(0) + f'(0) + 2f'(0)}{0} = \frac{2f'(0)}{0}$$

$$f'(0) = \sqrt{0+1} = 1 \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{(0+1)^2}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad \left(\frac{2}{1} \right)$$

10

$$4y - 3x = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \xrightarrow{\text{ضفا کو برآں}} \text{سب} = (-2)$$

$$y < x^2 - 5x + 8 \Rightarrow y' = 2x - 5 \Rightarrow \text{سب ضفا ملے} = -2$$

$$2x - 5 = -2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{4}$$