



شیب خط مماس $f'(3) = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{a}{3}$

$f(x) = \sqrt{2x-1} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2x-1}}$
 شیب خط مماس $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-1}}$ در $x=3$ $\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cdot 3 - 1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
 $\frac{a}{\sqrt{2x-1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \rightarrow a = \sqrt{2x-1} \rightarrow a = \sqrt{2 \cdot 3 - 1} = \sqrt{5}$
 $f(3) = \sqrt{2 \cdot 3 - 1} = \sqrt{5}$

$y = \frac{m^2 + mn + 1}{n + 3} \rightarrow y' = \frac{2m + n}{(n+3)^2}$
 در $x=1$ $\rightarrow \frac{2m + n}{(n+3)^2} = \frac{3}{4}$
 $\frac{2m + n}{(n+3)^2} = \frac{3}{4} \rightarrow 4(2m + n) = 3(n+3)^2$
 $8m + 4n = 3(n^2 + 6n + 9) = 3n^2 + 18n + 27$
 $8m = 3n^2 + 14n + 27$
 $m = \frac{3n^2 + 14n + 27}{8}$

$f(x) = \frac{2x - \sin^2 x}{x - \sin^2 x}$
 $g(x) = \frac{x}{x + \sin^2 x}$
 $(fg)' = fg' - f'g$
 $fg' = \frac{x}{x + \sin^2 x} \cdot (1 - 2 \sin x \cos x) = \frac{x(1 - 2 \sin x \cos x)}{x + \sin^2 x}$
 $f'g = \frac{2 - 2 \sin x \cos x}{x - \sin^2 x} \cdot \frac{x}{x + \sin^2 x} = \frac{2x(1 - \sin 2x)}{(x - \sin^2 x)(x + \sin^2 x)}$
 $(fg)' = \frac{x(1 - 2 \sin x \cos x)}{x + \sin^2 x} - \frac{2x(1 - \sin 2x)}{(x - \sin^2 x)(x + \sin^2 x)}$

$f(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$
 $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$
 $f \circ g = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2 + 1} + 1}}$
 $(f \circ g)' = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(\frac{1}{x^2 + 1} + 1)^{3/2}} \cdot (-\frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1)^2})$
 $(f \circ g)' = \frac{x}{(x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \cdot (x^2 + 1)^2} = \frac{x}{(x^2 + 1)^{7/2}}$

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right)^2 \quad \left\{ f(x) = m \times g(x) + 1 \rightarrow \frac{f(x)-1}{m} = g(x) \right.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)-1}{m} \stackrel{\text{HOP}}{\rightarrow} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(x)}{1} = f'(0)$$

$$f'(x) = 2 \left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right) \times \frac{\cos x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \quad x=0 \rightarrow f'(0) = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$y = \alpha^2 + 1 \quad \frac{\text{قریبی تقریب کر}}{x} \quad y = -\alpha^2 - 1 \quad \text{خط } y = \alpha$$

$$-\alpha^2 + 1 = \alpha \rightarrow \pm \sqrt{-\alpha - 1} = \alpha \quad f'(x) = -2\alpha$$

$-2\sqrt{-\alpha-1} \times 2\sqrt{-\alpha-1} = -1 \rightarrow \alpha+1 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
 $\alpha+1 = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \alpha = -\frac{5}{2}$

$\alpha < -1 \rightarrow \sqrt{-\alpha-1}$

$$f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} (\epsilon x^2 + 3) \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{2\epsilon x^2 + 3}{\sqrt{x}} + 4\epsilon x \sqrt{x} = \frac{2\epsilon \alpha^2 + 3}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$$

فرض لیتے ہیں $\frac{2\epsilon \alpha^2 + 3}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$ \rightarrow $\frac{2\epsilon \alpha^2 + 3}{\alpha} = \frac{2\epsilon \alpha^2 + 3}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$

$\alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \rightarrow \alpha < \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}}$

$$a = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{-\epsilon x^2 + \alpha + 1} \quad \left\{ f'(x) = \frac{-2\epsilon x^2 + \alpha + 1}{2\sqrt{x}} - (-\epsilon x + 1) \sqrt{x} \right.$$

$$= \frac{4\epsilon x^2 - \alpha + 1}{2\sqrt{x}(-\epsilon x^2 + \alpha + 1)^2} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(-2\epsilon x^2 + \alpha + 1)\alpha} = \frac{4\epsilon x^2 - \alpha + 1}{2\sqrt{x}(-\epsilon x^2 + \alpha + 1)^2} \rightarrow 2(-2\epsilon x^2 + \alpha + 1) = 4\epsilon x^2 - \alpha + 1$$

$$10\epsilon x^2 - 3\alpha - 1 \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \quad \text{عرض } \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2}$$

$$(f \circ g)' = g'(x) \times f'(g(x)) \rightarrow (f \circ g)' = \frac{-2x}{x^2 - 1} \times f'\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

جوں منتخب خواتہ یعنی $\frac{1}{x}$ \rightarrow $\frac{1}{x}$ \rightarrow $\frac{1}{x}$ \rightarrow $\frac{1}{x}$ \rightarrow $\frac{1}{x}$

$$\frac{-2x}{x^2 - 1} \times \frac{1}{2\epsilon x^2} = \frac{-\epsilon x^2}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{-\epsilon \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}}}{\frac{1}{\epsilon}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}}$$

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$$g(x) = (x^r - 1)^{-\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow g'(x) = -\frac{1}{r}(r x^{r-1})(x^r - 1)^{-\frac{r}{r}}$$

$$g'\left(\sqrt{\frac{\Delta}{r}}\right) = -\frac{1}{r}(\sqrt{\Delta})\left(\frac{\Delta}{r} - 1\right)^{-\frac{r}{r}} \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r} \left(\frac{-r(-\frac{r}{r})}{1}\right) = -r\sqrt{\Delta}$$

$$g\left(\sqrt{\frac{\Delta}{r}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{\Delta}{r} - 1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r} - 1}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{r} - 1} = r^+$$

$$f'(r^+) = ((r^n)^r)' = r^n r = r^n x \varepsilon$$

$$f \circ g'\left(\sqrt{\frac{\Delta}{r}}\right) = -r\sqrt{\Delta} \times r^n x \varepsilon \stackrel{\div -r\sqrt{\Delta}}{\rightarrow} \frac{\cancel{r^n x} \cancel{r^n} - r\sqrt{\Delta}}{-r\sqrt{\Delta}} = 1$$