

te: Sub:

$$f(0) = 1 \quad f'(0) = \frac{f}{f'} \quad (1)$$

$$f(x) = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{f}{f'} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{f} \quad y-1 = \frac{1}{f}(x+1) \Rightarrow y + \frac{1}{f}x + \frac{1}{f} \quad (2)$$

$$\sqrt{ax-1} = \frac{1}{a}x + \frac{f}{f'} \Rightarrow x^2 + (1-\frac{1}{a})x + f \Rightarrow \Delta_0 \rightarrow a = -\frac{f}{a}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{ax-1} \Rightarrow a = f$$

$$g'(1) = \frac{(f+x)(f') - (f'x)}{f^2} = \frac{1 + f^2 - f' \cdot m - f' + f'm}{f^2} \quad (3)$$

$$f'g - f'x = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{f'm + f}{f^2} \Rightarrow \frac{f}{f'} = a \Rightarrow m = f$$

$$g(1) = \frac{1+f+1}{f} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{f^2+m}{f} = 1 \Rightarrow m+n = f \quad \checkmark \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\frac{(f'x - f')(\frac{ax}{f})}{f^2} \quad f(x) = \frac{(f - \sin x)(f + \sin^2 x + f \sin x)}{(f - \sin x)(f + \sin x)} \quad (4)$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{-f' \cos x}{(f + \sin x)^2} \quad f'(x) = \frac{(f \sin x + f \cos x)(f \sin x) - \cos x f^2 \sin x}{(f + \sin x)^2}$$

$$x = \frac{f}{f} \quad \frac{-f' \cos x - \frac{f}{f} + \frac{f}{f} \sqrt{f}}{(\frac{f - \sqrt{f}}{f})^2}$$

$$g'(\sqrt{f}) f'(g(\sqrt{f})) = (f \circ g)'(\sqrt{f}) \quad (5)$$

$$f \circ g(x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{f(x+\frac{1}{f})}} = -x \Rightarrow (f \circ g)'(\sqrt{f}) = -1 \quad \checkmark \quad \textcircled{2}$$

Date:

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$$f(x) = x g(x) + 1 \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{f(x) + 1}{x} = \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right)^{-1} \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} = \frac{\cos x (1 + \sin x) - \cos x (-1 + \sin x)}{1 + \sin x}$$

$$(1)(-1)(1) = -1$$

$$y = -(x^2 + 1) \Rightarrow f'(x) = -2x \quad f'(x) f'(-x) = -1 \quad (5)$$

$$(-2x)(2x) = -1 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad x > 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x - 0} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(x^2 + 1)}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{x}(x^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{x}} = 2x\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1 \cdot x \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

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$$\Rightarrow 1 \cdot x^2 + 1 = 2x^2 + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 \cdot x^2 = 1 \quad x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2} + 1 \right)}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{1 \cdot 2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{-2x}{(x^2 - 1)\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} \Rightarrow g'\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right) = -\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \quad (6)$$

$$f(x) = (x [x])^2 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 2(x [x]) [x]$$

$$x \rightarrow \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right) \Rightarrow g(x) = 2$$

$$g' = g'(x) f'(g(x)) \Rightarrow$$

$$g'\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right) = -\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} f'(2) = -\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \times 2(2) \times 2 \Rightarrow$$

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$$m = \frac{r-1}{r+1} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \leadsto \quad \psi'(n) = \frac{a}{r\sqrt{an-1}} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \leadsto \quad ra = r\sqrt{an-1}$$

r

$$\text{المعادلة} = y = \frac{1}{r}n + \frac{c}{r} \quad \leadsto \quad n + c = r\sqrt{an-1} \quad \leadsto \quad n + c = \frac{ra}{r}(r) = \frac{ra}{r}$$

$$n = r, 2a - c \quad \leadsto \quad r, 2a - c + c = r\sqrt{a(r, 2a - c) - 1} \quad \leadsto \quad ra^2 - 14a - c = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \rightarrow a = 2\sqrt{c} \\ \rightarrow a = -\frac{r}{a} \end{matrix}$$

$$\psi(a) = \sqrt{1 \cdot -1} = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$\psi g - \psi(n) = \frac{9}{r + \sin n} - \frac{(r - \sin n)(9 + \sin^2 n + r \sin n)}{(r - \sin n)(r + \sin n)} = \frac{-\sin n(\sin n + r)}{\sin n + r}$$

r

$$\hookrightarrow -\sin n \xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} (\psi g - \psi)'(n) = -\cos n \quad \leadsto \quad -\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$y = mn \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{\sqrt{a}}{-2a^2 + a + 1} = ma \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{1}{-2a^2 + a + 1} = m\sqrt{a}$$

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$$m\sqrt{a}(-2a^2 + a + 1) = 1 \quad \rightarrow \quad -2m(a^{\frac{3}{2}}) + m(a^{\frac{1}{2}}) + m(a)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1 \quad \xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}}$$

$$-2m(a^{\frac{1}{2}}) + \frac{1}{2}m(a^{-\frac{1}{2}}) + \frac{m}{2}(a^{-\frac{1}{2}}) = 0$$

$$\frac{m}{2}(a^{-\frac{1}{2}})(-1 \cdot a^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1 + 1) = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad a = -\frac{1}{2} \leq a = \frac{1}{r} \quad (a > 0)$$

$$\psi(a) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}}{-2(\frac{1}{r}) + \frac{1}{r} + 1} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}}{1} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$