

$$f(x) = 1 - a, f(x) = 1 - \frac{a}{r}, f(x), an^{-r} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{r}{r}a}{r} = \frac{a}{r} = an^{-r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow n \in [1, \infty] \text{ (1)}$$

$$n = \sqrt[r]{r}$$

$$r an^{-r} - \delta n + na = n \rightarrow r an^{-r} - \gamma n + na = 0 \rightarrow an^{-r} - \gamma n + \gamma a = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 0 \rightarrow$$

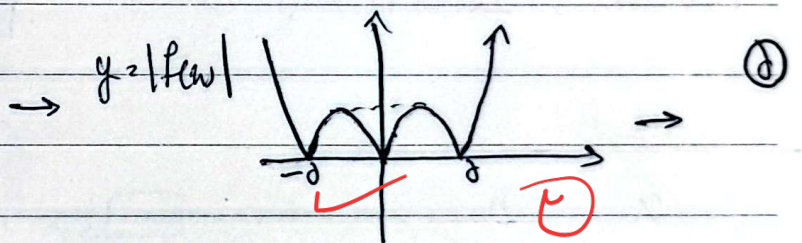
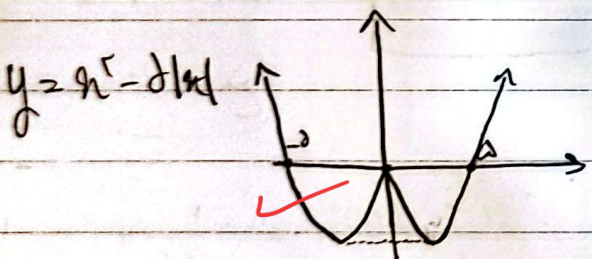
$$9 - 144a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a^2 = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{2} \quad fan - \delta = 1 \rightarrow n = \frac{4}{fa} < 0 \rightarrow a < 0 \rightarrow$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y' = r an^{-r} - r = 0 \rightarrow n = \pm r \rightarrow \begin{matrix} -r & r & +\infty \\ + & - & + \\ \swarrow & \downarrow & \searrow \end{matrix} \rightarrow n = r \rightarrow y = 1 - \frac{r}{r} = 1 - 1 = 0 \text{ (2)}$$

$$y' = r an^{-r} + r an - r b \rightarrow n = 0 \rightarrow y = 0 \rightarrow b = 0 \quad \left. \begin{matrix} \rightarrow n = -r \rightarrow y' = 0 \rightarrow r - fa = 0 \rightarrow a = \frac{r}{f} \end{matrix} \right\} \rightarrow y = n + \frac{r}{n} - f \text{ (3)}$$

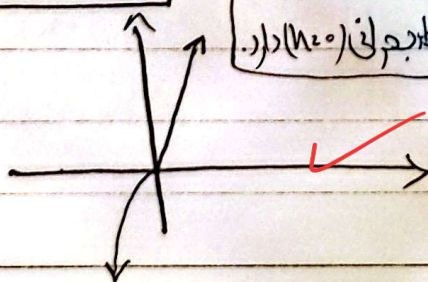
$$\rightarrow A|_{-f}, B|_0 \rightarrow d_{AB} = \sqrt{r^2 + f^2} = 2\sqrt{5} \text{ (4)}$$



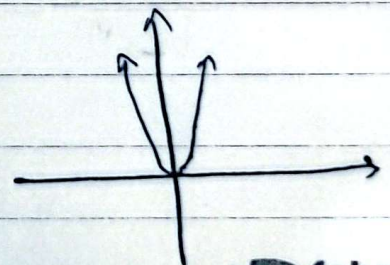
$$m = r, n = \frac{r}{m} \rightarrow \frac{n}{m} = \frac{r}{r}$$

باید توجه کنید که (n=0) دارد.

$$f(x) = n \text{ (Unit)}$$



$$y = |f(x)|$$



$$\frac{1}{n} n^{\frac{1}{2}} (n^{\frac{1}{2}}) + (n^{\frac{1}{2}})^2 = 9 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} n + n = 9 \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} n = 9 \Rightarrow n = 6 \quad (7)$$

$$n^{\frac{1}{2}} (\frac{1}{2} n + n^{\frac{1}{2}}) = 9 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} n + n} = 3 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} n + n = 9 \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} n = 9 \Rightarrow n = 6$$

$$0 < n < a \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{x} (-n + a) \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} (-n + a) + (-1) (x^{\frac{1}{2}}) = x^{-\frac{1}{2}} (-\frac{1}{2} n + \frac{1}{2} a - n)$$

$$= x^{-\frac{1}{2}} (-\frac{1}{2} n + \frac{1}{2} a) \rightarrow \frac{0}{-1 + \frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow f(\frac{1}{2} a) = 2, 1, 0 \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2} a)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (\frac{1}{2} a) = \frac{a^2}{4} \rightarrow$$

$$a \times (\frac{1}{2} a)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{a^2}{4} \rightarrow a \times (\frac{1}{2} a)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{a^2}{4} \rightarrow a = 2 (\frac{a}{4})^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow a = 2, 0$$

$0 < n < a \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - n}$   
 $\rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} (2x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - n}}$

(8)

$$m=1, n=0, k=2 \rightarrow \frac{km+n}{k-n} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{m^2 + 1}{n + m - 1} \rightarrow y' = \frac{m(m-1) - 1}{(n+m-1)^2} = \frac{(m-1)(m+1)}{(n+m-1)^2} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-1+1}$$

(9)

$$m \in [-1, 2) \rightarrow | -m | < 1 \rightarrow 0 < m \rightarrow m \in [0, 2) \rightarrow m \geq 0, 1 \rightarrow$$

به ازای دو مقدار صحیح

$$0 < n \rightarrow \frac{n}{1-n^2} \rightarrow 1-n^2 > 0 \rightarrow \text{جوابی} \rightarrow \frac{1-n^2 - (-2n)(n)}{(1-n^2)^2} = \frac{n^2+1}{(1-n^2)^2} \neq 0$$

(10) W5

$$n > 0 \rightarrow \frac{n}{1+n^2} \rightarrow 1+n^2 > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1+n^2 - (2n^2)}{(1+n^2)^2} = \frac{1-n^2}{(1+n^2)^2} \rightarrow \text{جوابی}$$

دو نقطه جوابی دارد  $(n+1)$   
 یک نقطه جوابی دارد  $(n=-1)$   
 $x=1$  خارج است