

f(x) = 1 - a, f(x) = 1 - a/r, f(x) = ar^{-r} -> r/a = a/r = ar^{-r} -> 1/n = 1/r -> n in [1, infinity] (1)

n = sqrt(r)

ra n^r - delta n + na = n -> ra n^r - gamma n + na = 0 -> a n^r - gamma n + a = 0 -> delta = 0 ->

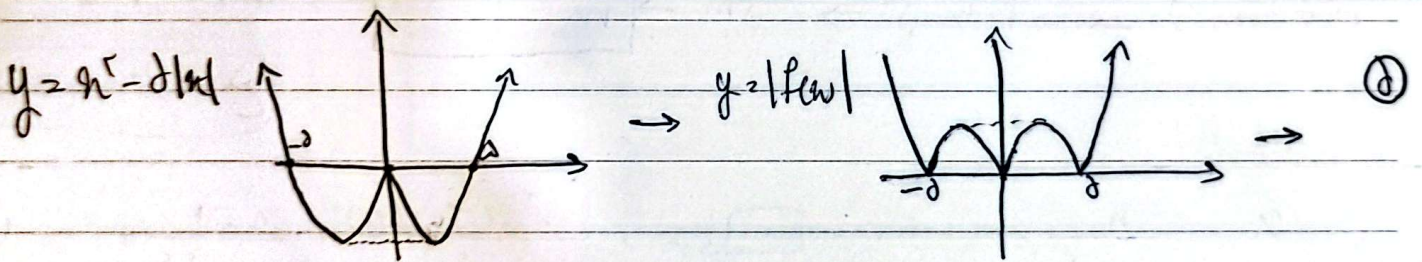
1 - gamma a^r = 0 -> a^r = 1/r -> a = +/- 1/r^2, gamma a n - delta = 1 -> n = 1/(gamma a) < 0 -> a < 0 ->

a = -1/r

y' = r a n^r - r = 0 -> n = +/- r -> -r/r = -1, r/r = 1 -> n = r -> y = 1 - r/r + r = -1/r

y' = r a n^r + gamma a n - r b -> n > 0 -> y > 0 -> b > 0, n = -r -> y' < 0 -> r - gamma a > 0 -> a > r

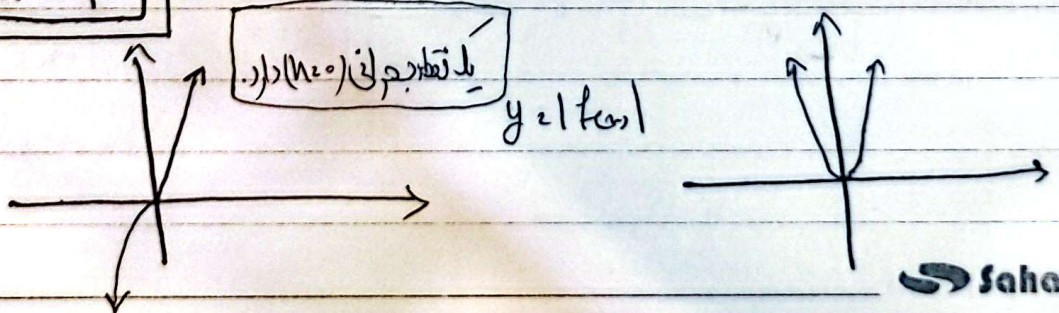
A|_f, B|_0 -> d_{AB} = sqrt(r^2 + f^2) = r sqrt(delta)



m = r, n = r -> n/m = r/r

بالتكبير (n=0) > 0

f(x) = n (Unit)



$$\frac{1}{n} n^{\frac{1}{2}} (n^{\frac{1}{2}}) + (n^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{n} (n^{\frac{1}{2}}) + n^{\frac{1}{4}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{n^{\frac{1}{2}}} n^{\frac{1}{2}} + n^{\frac{1}{4}} \Rightarrow n^{\frac{1}{4}} + n^{\frac{1}{4}} \quad (7)$$

$$n^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2} n^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} n^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \left(\frac{1}{2} n^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} n^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$0 < n < a \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt[n]{x} (-n x) \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{n} n^{\frac{1}{n}} (-n x) + (-1) (x^{\frac{1}{n}}) = n^{\frac{1}{n}} \left(-\frac{1}{n} n x + \frac{1}{n} a - n \right)$$

$$= n^{\frac{1}{n}} \left(-\frac{1}{n} n x + \frac{1}{n} a \right) \rightarrow \frac{0}{-1 + 1} \rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{n} a\right) = 0 \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{n} a\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \times \left(\frac{1}{n} a\right) = \frac{a}{n} \rightarrow$$

$$a \times \left(\frac{1}{n} a\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{a}{n} \rightarrow a \times \left(\frac{1}{n} a\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{a}{n} \rightarrow a^{\frac{n+1}{n}} = \left(\frac{a}{n}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \rightarrow \boxed{a = \frac{a}{n}}$$

$0 < n < a \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt[n]{x} (-n x)$
 $0 > n \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt[n]{-x} (-n x)$

(8)

$$m=1, n=0, k=1 \rightarrow \frac{k m + n}{k - n} = \frac{1 \cdot 1 + 0}{1 - 0} = 1 \quad (9)$$

$$y = \frac{m n + 1}{n + m - 1} \rightarrow y' = \frac{m(m-1) - 1}{(n+m-1)^2} = \frac{(m-1)(m+1)}{(n+m-1)^2} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-1-1} = 1 \quad (9)$$

$$m \in [-1, 1) \rightarrow | -m | < 1 \rightarrow 0 < m \rightarrow \boxed{m \in [0, 1)} \rightarrow m \geq 0, 1 \rightarrow$$

به ازای دو مقدار صحیح

$$0 < n \rightarrow \frac{n}{1-n^2} \rightarrow 1-n^2 > 0 \rightarrow \boxed{n=1} \text{ جوابی}, \frac{1-n^2 - (-1n)(n)}{(1-n^2)^2} = \frac{n^2+1}{(1-n^2)^2} \neq 0 \quad (10)$$

$$0 > n \rightarrow \frac{n}{1+n^2} \rightarrow 1+n^2 > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1+n^2 - (1n^2)}{(1+n^2)^2} = \frac{1-n^2}{(1+n^2)^2} \rightarrow \boxed{n=1} \text{ جوابی}$$

دو نقطه جوابی دارد