

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(x)}{x} = 0 = f'(0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x - 0} \Rightarrow f(0) = 0$$

$$f(0) = (\cos(0) + a(0)^2 + b = 0 \Rightarrow 1 + b = 0 \Rightarrow b = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(x)}{x} = 2 \xrightarrow{\text{Hop}} f''(0) = 2 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 2 \cos(x) (-\sin(x)) + 2ax$$

$$\rightarrow f'(x) = -2 \cos(x) \sin(x) + 2ax = -\sin(2x) + 2ax$$

$$\rightarrow f''(0) = -2 + 2a = 2 \Rightarrow 2a = 4 \Rightarrow a = 2$$

طبق ضابطه $y_1 = -x_1$ و $y_2 = -2x_1$

$$y_1 = x_1 \quad y_1' = x_1 \quad y_2' = 2x_1 \rightarrow y_2 = -2x_1$$

$$2x_1 \times (-2x_1) = -1 \Rightarrow x_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow x_1 = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow x_2 = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow y_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2a}{(2x-1)^2} \quad m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{4 - (-12)}{4(2) - (-2)} = \frac{16}{10} = \frac{8}{5}$$

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$$y_1' = 2 \quad y_1 = \frac{1-a^r}{(a^r+1)^2} \xrightarrow{y_1=2} 2 = \frac{1-a^r}{(a^r+1)^2}$$

$$\rightarrow 2a^{2r} + 2 + 2a = 1 - a^r \rightarrow 3a^{2r} + 2a + 1 = 0 \rightarrow a = -1$$

$$y = \frac{x + (\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}x + 1} = 2x + b \rightarrow \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = 2 + b \rightarrow -1 = 2 + b \rightarrow b = -3$$

$$a - b = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + 3 = \frac{1 + 3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin x = \sin x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos x \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos x \Rightarrow \sin x = \cos x$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad f'(x) = \cos x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin x \quad x = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \quad d \rightarrow y - \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \quad y = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = x - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^2 - 4x - 1 < 0 \rightarrow x_2 = 1$$

x	-1	r
y'	$+$	$-$
y	\nearrow	\searrow

max $x = 0$ \rightarrow min $x = 1$

$$M_{AB} = \frac{-19 - 1}{2 - (-1)} = \frac{-20}{3} = -\frac{20}{3}$$

$$4x^2 - 4x - 1 = -\frac{20}{3} \rightarrow 4x^2 - 4x + \frac{19}{3} = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 16 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{19}{3} < 0 \rightarrow \text{Best}$$

$$y' = 3kx^2 + 2(k+1)x \rightarrow y'' = 6kx + 2k + 2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow 6kx = -2(k+1) \rightarrow x = \frac{-(k+1)}{3k} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-} + \frac{0}{+} = \frac{+}{+}$$

$$y > 0 \rightarrow \left(\frac{-(k+1)}{3k}\right)^3 \cdot k + (k+1) \left(\frac{-(k+1)}{3k}\right)^2 > 0$$

$$\rightarrow \left(\frac{-(k+1)}{3k}\right)^2 \left(\frac{-(k+1)}{3} + k+1\right) = \left(\frac{-(k+1)}{3k}\right)^2 \left(\frac{2k+2}{3}\right) > 0$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-1}{-} + \frac{0}{+} \rightarrow a - b = -r$$

بازی بی شمار

$$f(0) = c \rightarrow c = f \quad f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2ax + b \rightarrow f'(0) = 0 = b$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2ax = x(3x + 2a) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{-2a}{3}$$

$$f\left(\frac{-2a}{3}\right) = 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1a^2}{3} + \frac{2a^2}{3} + f = 0 \rightarrow \frac{a^2}{3} = f \rightarrow a = \sqrt{3f}$$

$$\frac{-2a}{3} = \frac{-2\sqrt{3f}}{3} = -\frac{2\sqrt{3f}}{3}$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 12x = 3x(x - 4) \rightarrow x = 0$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 12 \rightarrow x = 2 \rightarrow y = 0$$

x	$-\infty$	0	$+\infty$
y'	$-$	$+$	$-$
y	\searrow	\nearrow	\searrow

$$M_{AB} = 0$$

$M_{CD} = 0$ \rightarrow بازی ای ایجاد نمی شود