

D

دارد هم پیر

تکلیف

افزین / کامل نویسی!

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رادیو معتمدی

$$y = \frac{x^2 + x + 2}{x - 1} \rightarrow xy - y = x^2 + x + 2 \Rightarrow x^2 + (1 - y)x + y + 2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta \geq 0 \rightarrow y^2 - 2y + 1 - 4y - 8 \geq 0$$

$$y^2 - 6y - 7 = (y + 1)(y - 7) \geq 0 \rightarrow y \in (-\infty, -1] \cup [7, +\infty)$$

$$\text{الف) } 2x^2 - 5x + 1 = y \rightarrow y \in [\min, +\infty)$$

$$\min = \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-(-5) + 4(2)(1)}{4} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$y \in [-\frac{1}{4}, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x - 5} \rightarrow y \in [-\infty, \max] \rightarrow y \in [0, \sqrt{\max}]$$

$$\max = \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-4 + 4(-1)(-5)}{4(-1)} = 4 \rightarrow y \in [0, 2]$$

$$\text{ج) } y = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x^2 + 4x + 1} \rightarrow y \in [0, +\infty)$$

$$\text{د) } y = \log(x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x + 4) \rightarrow y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{ه) } y = \frac{3x + 1}{2x - 4} \rightarrow y \in \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{3}{2}\} \rightarrow y \in \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{3}{2}\}$$

$$\text{و) } y = \sqrt{\frac{4x + 1}{x - 2}} \rightarrow y \in \sqrt{\mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{4}\}} \rightarrow y \in [0, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ز) } y = \frac{x^2 + 4}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} = \sqrt{x^2 + 3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} \rightarrow \text{کمترین مقدار} \rightarrow y \geq \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$y \in [\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ح) } y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 4} + 4 - 4 \rightarrow y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 4} - 4 \rightarrow y \geq 4 + \frac{1}{4} - 4 \rightarrow y \geq \frac{1}{4}$$

$$[\frac{1}{4}, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{3x^2 + 4}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \square = x^2 \in [0, +\infty) \rightarrow x=0 \rightarrow y = -4 \\ \rightarrow (x \rightarrow +\infty) \rightarrow y = 3 \end{cases} \quad y \in (-\infty, -4] \cup (3, +\infty)$$

نشیء دایره

$$y = \frac{3x^2 + 4}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{y+4}{y-3} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-4}{y-3} \geq 0 \rightarrow y \in (-\infty, -4] \cup (3, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{y \sin x - 1}{\sin x + y} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1 \\ \sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{-1}{1} = -1 \end{cases} \quad y \in [-1, 1]$$

$$\sin x = \frac{y+1}{y-1} \rightarrow -1 \leq \frac{y+1}{y-1} \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq \frac{y+1}{y-1} \leq 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{y+1}{y-1} - 1 = \frac{y+1}{y-1} \leq 0 \rightarrow y \in [-1, 1]$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{y+1}{y-1} + 1 = \frac{2y}{y-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow y \in (-\infty, -1] \cup (1, +\infty)$$

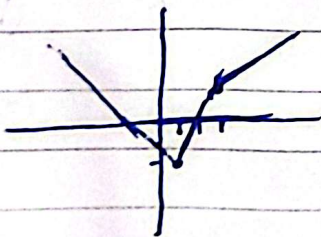
$y \in [-1, 1]$

$$y = \frac{x^2 + x + \frac{1}{x}}{x^2 + x + 1} = \frac{(x - \frac{1}{x})^2}{(x - \frac{1}{x})^2 + \frac{4}{x}} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$\rightarrow y = \frac{\square}{\square + \frac{4}{x}} \rightarrow \square \in [0, +\infty) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \square = 0 \rightarrow y = 0 \\ \square \rightarrow \infty \rightarrow y = 1 \end{cases} \quad y \in [0, 1]$$

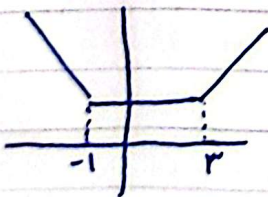
$$y = |2x - 2| - |x - 3| \begin{cases} x+1 & ; x > 3 \\ 2x-5 & ; 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ -x-1 & ; x \leq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow y \geq -2$$

$y \in [-2, +\infty)$

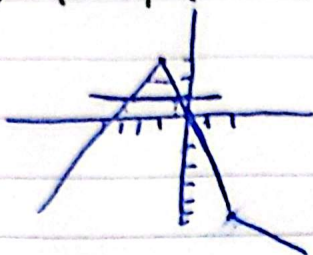


$$y = |x - 3| + |x + 1| \begin{cases} 2x-2 & ; x > 3 \\ 4 & ; -1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ -2x+2 & ; x \leq -1 \end{cases} \rightarrow y \geq 4$$

$y \in [4, +\infty)$



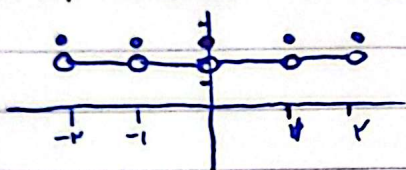
$$y = |x-2| - |2x+1|$$



$$y=1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = -\frac{1}{2} \\ x_2 = -\frac{3}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}] \cup [-\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$$

(1) (2)

$$\text{ج) } y = [x] + [3-x] = 3 + [x] + [-x]$$

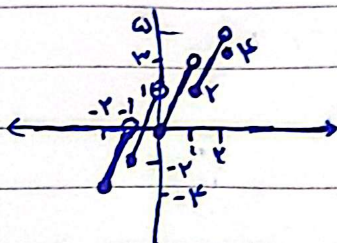


$$\rightarrow y \in \{2, 3\}$$

(9)

(2)

$$\text{ب) } y = 3x - [x]$$



$$y \in [-4, 5)$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \sin^2 x - \sin x + 1 \rightarrow \sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = 3$$

$$\rightarrow \sin x = \frac{-b}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow y = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$y \in [\frac{5}{4}, 3]$$

(10)

(2)

$$\text{ب) } y = \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x + 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 x = 1 \rightarrow y = 3$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^2 x = 0 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^2 x = \frac{-b}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$y \in [1, 3]$$