

$$D_{g \circ f} = \{x \in D_f \mid f(x) \in D_g\}$$

$$D_f = \{x \mid x > 0\} \Rightarrow x > 1 \Rightarrow D_f = (1, +\infty)$$

$$D_g = \{x \mid -x^2 + 6x - 5 > 0\} \Rightarrow x^2 - 6x + 5 < 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-5) < 0 \Rightarrow x \in (1, 5) \Rightarrow D_g = (1, 5)$$

$$f \circ g(x) = f(g(x)) = f(x^2 - 4x + 1) = (x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 - 4(x^2 - 4x + 1) + 11$$

$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(x^2 - 4x + 1) = (x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 - 4(x^2 - 4x + 1) + 11 = x^4 - 8x^3 + 14x^2 - 4x + 11$$

$$f \circ g(x) = g \circ f(x) \Rightarrow x^4 - 8x^3 + 14x^2 - 4x + 11 = x^4 - 8x^3 + 14x^2 - 4x + 11 \Rightarrow x^4 - 8x^3 + 14x^2 - 4x + 11 = x^4 - 8x^3 + 14x^2 - 4x + 11$$

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$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(x^2 - 4x + 1) = (x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 - 4(x^2 - 4x + 1) + 11$$

$$g(x-1) = \frac{1}{x} + 11 = \frac{1}{x} + 11 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} + 11 = \frac{1}{x} + 11 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} + 11 = \frac{1}{x} + 11$$

$$f(g(x)) = f(g(x)) = f(x^2 - 4x + 1) = (x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 - 4(x^2 - 4x + 1) + 11$$

$$\Rightarrow g(x) = (x-1)^2$$

$$g \circ f(x) = g(f(x)) = g(x^2 - 4x + 1) = (x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 - 4(x^2 - 4x + 1) + 11$$

$$f(x) - g(x) = x + 1$$

$$f(x) - g(x) = x + 1 \Rightarrow f(x) = x + 1 + g(x) \Rightarrow f(x) = x + 1 + (x-1)^2$$

$$f(g(a)) = 0 \Rightarrow f(a) = 0 \Rightarrow f(a) = a + 1 + (a-1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow g(a) = -1 \Rightarrow a - 1 = -1 \Rightarrow a = 0$$

$$f \circ g = f(g(x)) = 9x^p = 9x^p$$

$$g \circ f = g(f(x)) = 9x^p = 9x^p \Rightarrow x^p(9x) = x^p \cdot 9x \Rightarrow x(x-1) \leq$$

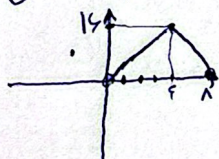
$$\frac{a}{+1} - \frac{p}{+1} x \in [0, 1] \Rightarrow 1, p \Rightarrow \bar{p}$$

$$f(x - \frac{p}{x}) = (x - \frac{p}{x})^p + (x - \frac{p}{x}) \xrightarrow{x - \frac{p}{x} = t} f(t) = t^p + t$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = x^p + x$$

$$D_{f \circ g} = \{x \in D_g \mid g(x) \in D_f\} \quad D_f \Rightarrow x > 0 \quad 1x - x^p > 0 \Rightarrow x(1-x) > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{-1+1} =$$

$$D_{f \circ g} = (0, 1) = A$$



$$f \circ g(x) = f(1x - x^p) = 1x - x^p = R_{f \circ g}$$

$$1x - x^p \leq 1$$

$$1x - x^p = p R_{f \circ g} \Rightarrow$$

$$p R_{f \circ g} \leq 1 \Rightarrow R_{f \circ g} \leq \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow [0, \frac{1}{p}] = B$$

$$A \cap B = \{x \in (0, 1) \mid x \leq \frac{1}{p}\} \Rightarrow \text{مض}$$

$$h(x-1) = (x-1)^p + p(x-1) + 1 = x^p - px^{p-1} + px - 1 + p(x-1) + 1 = x^p - px^{p-1} + px - p + 1 = x^p - px^{p-1} + px - p + 1$$

$$f(h(x)) = 1 - p f^p(x) \Rightarrow f(t) = 1 - p t^p \Rightarrow f(x) = 1 - p x^p$$

$$x^p - px^{p-1} + px - p + 1 = 1 - p x^p \Rightarrow x^p + px - p = 0$$

$$g(f(x)) = ax^p + px$$

$$g(1) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = 1 = x - \frac{x}{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x^p - x = 1 \Rightarrow x^p - x - 1 = 0$$

$$(x-1)(x+1) = 0 \begin{cases} x=1 \Rightarrow g(f(1)) = g(1) = 4a+1 = 1 \Rightarrow a=0 \\ x=-1 \Rightarrow g(f(-1)) = g(1) = -a-1 = 1 \Rightarrow a=-1 \end{cases}$$