

15

امیر باستان

$Dg \circ f = ?$ $f(x) = \sqrt{1 + g^{(n-1)}}$

$g(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + 2x - 2}$

$x \in O_f, f(x) \in O_g$

$\sqrt{-(x-1)^2} \rightarrow O_g = 2$

1

$1 \cdot g^{(n-1)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x-1 \geq 1 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$

$(1) \wedge (2) = O_g \circ f = 2$

$f(x) \in O_g \rightarrow \sqrt{1 + g^{(n-1)}} = 2 \rightarrow 1 + g^{(n-1)} = 4 \rightarrow g^{(n-1)} = 3 \rightarrow n-1 = 17 \rightarrow x = 18$

$f \circ g(x) = 2(x^2 - 4x + 1) - 2 = 2x^2 - 8x + 2$

1, 2

$g \circ f(x) = (x-1)^2 - 2(x-1) + 1 = x^2 - 2x + 1 - 2x + 2 + 1 = x^2 - 4x + 4$

$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 8x + 2 = x^2 - 4x + 4 \Rightarrow x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 8}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2}$

مجموع مربعات $5^2 - 4 \cdot 5 = 100 - 20 = 80$

$g \circ f(x) = 4x^2 + 11$
 $f(x) = 2x$
 $\Rightarrow g(2x) = 4x^2 + 11 \Rightarrow g(t) = \frac{t^2}{4} + \frac{11}{4} \Rightarrow \min t = 0 \Rightarrow g(t) = 11$

3

$\min g(x-v) \Rightarrow g(x-v) = g(0) \Rightarrow x = v, g(t) = 11$

2

$f(x) = 2x - 2$ $g(x) = t \Rightarrow 2g(t) - 2 = 2x - 4 \Rightarrow g(t) = \frac{2x - 4}{2} = x - 2$

1, 4

$f \circ g(x) = 2x^2 - 4x$ $2g(x) = 4x^2 - 4x + 2 \rightarrow g(x) = x^2 - x + 1$

$g \circ f(x) = ? \Rightarrow (2x-2)^2 - 2(2x-2) + 1 = 4x^2 - 8x + 4 - 4x + 4 + 1 = 4x^2 - 12x + 9$

$g \circ f(x) = 4x^2 - 12x + 9$

$4x^2 - 12x + 9$

$f - g = -x + 1$

$2g(x) = 2f(x) - 12$

5

$f \circ g = \frac{1}{a}x + 2$

$f \circ g(x) = 4x + 2 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{4}$

$2(g(x) - f(x)) = 12 - f(x) \Rightarrow$

$2(x-a) = 12 - f(x) \Rightarrow f(x) = 12 - 2x + 2a$

$g(x) = \frac{1}{4}x + 2$ $g(x) = 2x - 1$

$f \circ g = 2x - 2(2x-1) = 2x - 4x + 2 = -2x + 2$

$4x - 12 = \frac{1}{a}x + 2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{a} = 4 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{4}$

۲۳	۱۶	۹	۲
۲۴	۱۷	۱۰	۳
۲۵	۱۸	۱۱	۴
۲۶	۱۹	۱۲	۵
۲۷	۲۰	۱۳	۶
۲۸	۲۱	۱۴	۷
۲۹	۲۲	۱۵	۸

شهادت حضرت امام علی (ع) (۴۰ هـ ق) (تعطیل) - روز راهیان نور

$$f(x) = 9^x$$

$$g(x) = \log_3 x \Rightarrow x > 0 \quad (1)$$

$$f \circ g(x) \leq g \circ f(x)$$

$$9^{\log_3 x} = x \quad \log_3 9^x = x$$

$$x^2 - 2x \leq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 2$$

$$x^2 - 2x = 0 \Rightarrow x(x-2) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0 \text{ or } x = 2$$

$$f\left(\frac{x^2-2}{x}\right) = 9^{\frac{x^2-2}{x}} = 9^{x-\frac{2}{x}} \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{x^2-2}{x}\right) = \frac{9^x}{9^{\frac{2}{x}}}$$

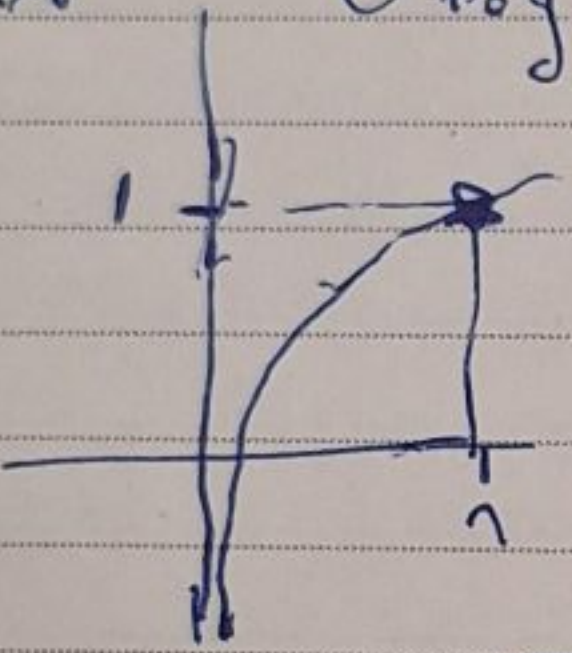
$$f(x) = 9^x \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{x^2-2}{x}\right) = 9^{x-\frac{2}{x}}$$

$$f(x) = \log_3 x \Rightarrow x > 0$$

$$0 < f \circ g = \frac{x^2-2}{x} < 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2 < x \Rightarrow x^2 - x - 2 < 0$$

$$g(x) = \log_3 x$$

$$f \circ g(x) = \log_3 (9^x) = x$$



$$f \circ g(x) = (-\infty, 1)$$

$$A \cap B \subset (0, \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$g(x) = \log_3 x \Rightarrow x = 1 \Rightarrow g(1) = 0$$

$$f \circ f(x) = 9^{\log_3 x} = x$$

$$g(x) = x - 1$$

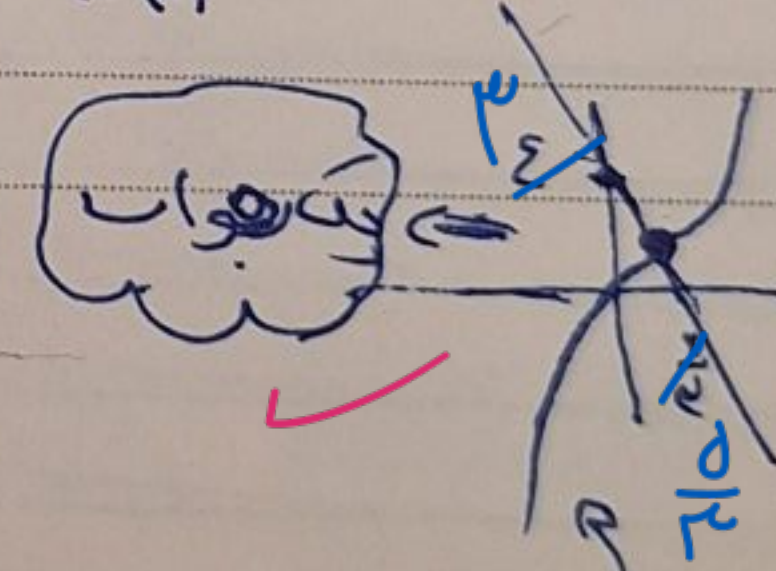
$$h(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$$

شب قدر - روز بزرگداشت نظامی گنجوی

$$h(g(x)) = f(x) \Rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 = 9^x$$

$$f(x) = 1 - 3x^2$$

$$x^2 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1 = 1 - 3x^2 \Rightarrow -2x^2 + 2x - 1 = 1 - 3x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x = 0 \Rightarrow x(x-2) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0 \text{ or } x = 2$$



$$x^2 - 1 = 3x^2 - 2x + 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 = 3x^2 - 2x + 1 \Rightarrow -2x^2 + 2x - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - x + 1 = 0$$

$$f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$g \circ f(x) = a x^2 + 2x$$

$$g(x) = 1$$

$$a = ?$$

$$f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x} = 2 \Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{x} = 2 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$$

$$g\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right) = a x^2 + 2x \Rightarrow x < 2 \Rightarrow g(x) = 9a + 1 = 1 \Rightarrow a = 0$$

$$x < -1 \Rightarrow g(x) = -a - 2 = 1 \Rightarrow a = -3$$

M	30	2	9	16	23
T	31	3	10	17	24
W		4	11	18	25
T		5	12	19	26
F		6	13	20	27
S		7	14	21	28
S	1	8	15	22	29