

$$y = (a-1)x^2 + x + 2 \longrightarrow \left(\frac{r}{2} - 1\right)x^2 + x + 2$$

$$\frac{-1}{2a-2} = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 2a-2 = -1 \\ 2a = 1 \\ a = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + x + 2$$

$$y = \frac{-x^2 + 2x + 4}{-2x} \rightarrow \frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{-2x} \quad \text{✓}$$

$$\Delta > 0$$

② بین x_1 و x_2 مثبت است $\iff$ لیب منفی است $m < 0$ ①

$$\Delta = 2a - f(m)(m) = 2a - fm^2 > 0$$

$$2a > fm^2$$

$$\frac{2a}{f} > m^2 \rightarrow \left| -\frac{a}{f} < m < \frac{a}{f} \right| \quad \text{②}$$

$$\underline{\underline{112 = \left(-\frac{a}{f}, 0\right)}}$$

$$S = \frac{r\sqrt{a} + r\sqrt{a}}{r} = 2 \quad \text{③}$$

$$P = \frac{9-a}{9} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = x^2 - 2x + \frac{8}{9} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{9x^2 - 18x + 8}}$$

$$2\alpha^2 + 2\beta^2 + \alpha^2 - \beta^2$$

$$2(\alpha^2 + \beta^2) + (\alpha - \beta)(\alpha + \beta) = 12$$

$$2(19 - 2m - 8) + (f)\left(\frac{\sqrt{9f - 18m - 19}}{2}\right) = 12 \rightarrow (18 - 2m + \sqrt{9f - 18m - 19}) = 12$$

$$2\sqrt{9f - 18m - 19} = -19 + 2m \rightarrow 19^2 - 18m = 2a^2 + 8m^2 - 4fm$$

$$8m^2 - 22m + 4f = 0 \rightarrow m^2 - 11m + 19 = 0 \Rightarrow (m-8)^2 = 0 \quad \underline{\underline{m=8}}$$

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = 2 \rightarrow a = -b$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c$$

من اینجا می بینیم است بین ا و ب رابطه دارد

$$x^2 \rightarrow a + 1b + c = 9 \quad -b + 1b + c = 9$$

$$b + c = 9 \rightarrow \boxed{b = 8}$$

$$\boxed{a = -1}$$

$$y = (-1)x^2 + (x + 9)$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = x^2 - 4x - 36$$

$$(x - 2)(x + 11)$$

$$\boxed{x = 2} \quad \boxed{x = -11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{(-1, 9)}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{5}{p} = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} = \frac{\frac{v}{\alpha}}{\frac{9\beta}{\alpha}} = \frac{v}{9\beta} = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow 9\alpha\beta + 9\beta^2 = v\alpha\beta$$

$$9\beta^2 = -2\alpha\beta$$

$$\boxed{9\beta = -2\alpha}$$

$$\beta > 0 \rightarrow \alpha < 0 \rightarrow \alpha = -2 \quad \beta = \frac{5}{9} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\text{if } x = \alpha = \alpha^2 - v\alpha - 2\alpha = \alpha^2 - 9\alpha = \alpha(\alpha - 9) \cdot \alpha = \begin{cases} 0 \times \\ \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{v}{\alpha} = \frac{v}{-2(-2)} = \boxed{\frac{v}{4}}$$

$$\alpha^2 = -m\alpha + 1m$$

$$-m\alpha + 1m - m\beta = 1 \rightarrow -m(\alpha + \beta) + 1m = 1$$

$$-m(-m) + 1m = 1$$

$$m^2 + 1m - 1 = 0$$

$$(m + 1)(m - 1) \rightarrow \boxed{m = -1} \quad \boxed{m = 1}$$

$$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow x^2 + 1x + 1 = 0 \quad \Delta = 1 - 4(1)(1) \rightarrow \Delta < 0 \quad \times$$

$$x^2 - 1x - 1 \rightarrow \Delta = 1 - 4(1)(-1) \rightarrow \Delta > 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{-1}{1m} = 1 \Rightarrow 14m = -1$$

$$\boxed{m = -\frac{1}{14}}$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = -\frac{1}{14}x^2 + 1x - \frac{1}{14} + v$$

$$x^2 - 14x + \frac{1}{7} - 21$$

$$x^2 - 14x - \frac{140}{7} \rightarrow f(x) = \underline{\underline{x^2 - 14x - 20}}$$

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$$\frac{-b}{r_a} = r \Rightarrow \delta a = -b$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c \rightarrow ra + rb + r = 9$$

$$-b + rb + r = 9 \rightarrow b + r = 9 \rightarrow \boxed{b = r}$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{r}x^2 + rx + r \rightarrow x^2 - rx - 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{5}{p} = \frac{e}{-1} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\text{if } x = r \rightarrow r - 1a - 1 + ra^2 + ra + r = 0$$

$$ra^2 - ra + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a^2 - ra + r$$

$$(a-r)(a+1)$$

$$(a-1)(ra+1)$$

(1)

(-1/r)

$$a = 1 \quad x^2 - 1x + 1 \rightarrow (x-r)(x-9) = 0 \leq 9$$

$$a = \frac{1}{r} \quad x^2 - \frac{1}{r}x + \frac{e}{p} \rightarrow rx^2 - 1x + e = 0$$

$$x = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \underline{\underline{r, r, \frac{r}{r}}}$$

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