

الف) $\left| \begin{matrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{matrix} \right| = 0$ $m = \frac{2 - (-2)}{1 - 1} = \frac{4}{0}$

سوال ۱۰

$2 - 2 = m(1 - 1) \rightarrow 2 - 2 = -4(1 - 1) \rightarrow 2 = -4 + 4$

ب) $2y + 4x = 1$ $y = -\frac{4x - 1}{2}$ $y = -2x + \frac{1}{2}$

$m = -2$

$(2 - 2 = -3(1 - 1) \rightarrow 2 = -3 + 3$

ج) $2x + 3y = 1$ $y = -\frac{2x - 1}{3}$ $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$ $m = -\frac{2}{3}$

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$2 - 2 = 3(1 - 1) \rightarrow 2 = 3 - 3$

د) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ $\frac{\pi}{4} = 45^\circ$ $m = \sqrt{3}$ $2 - 2 = \sqrt{3}(1 - 1)$
 $2 = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3}$

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الف) $\sqrt{2x^2 + 2y^2} = \sqrt{(2+1)^2 + (3+1)^2} = \sqrt{9+16} = 5$

سوال ۲۰

ب) $3x + 4y = 3$ $3x + 4y = 2$ $\frac{|ax + by + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$ $\frac{|3x + 4y - 3|}{\sqrt{9+16}} = \frac{|2-3|}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$

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$5x + 4y = 1$ $2x + 3y = 4$

سوال ۳۰

الف) $5x + 4y = 1$ $2x + 3y = 4$ $\frac{C + C'}{2} = \frac{4 + 4}{2} = 4$

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$2x + 3y = 4$

ب) $\frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|4 - 4|}{\sqrt{4 + 9}} = \frac{0}{13}$

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سوال ۴۰ $\frac{|C_1x + b_2y - C|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|a_1x + b_1y - C|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$

$3x - 2y - 1 = 2x + 3y - 3$

$3x - 2y - 1 = 2x + 3y - 3$

$3x - 2y - 1 = 2x + 3y - 3$ $\frac{|3x - 2y - 1|}{\sqrt{9+4}} = \frac{|2x + 3y - 3|}{\sqrt{4+9}}$

$$x + 3n = 3 \quad x - 2n = \omega$$

$$x = -3n + 3$$

$$x = 2n + \omega$$

سوال ٥

$$\tan \alpha = \left| \frac{m - m'}{1 + mm'} \right|$$

$$\left| \frac{-3 - 2}{1 + (-4)} \right| = \left| \frac{-5}{-3} \right| = 1 = \tan \alpha$$

$$\alpha = 45^\circ$$

$$B = 110 - 60 = 50$$

$$A \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{vmatrix} B \begin{vmatrix} -\omega \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

سوال ٦

$$\text{الف) } \sqrt{(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta y)^2} = \sqrt{(3 - (-\omega))^2 + (-2 - 2)^2} = \sqrt{4\omega^2 + 24} = 10$$

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$$\text{ب) } \frac{\omega - \omega}{2} = -1 = n \quad \frac{-2 + 2}{2} = 1 = y \rightarrow (-1, 1)$$

$$\text{الف) } n_G = \frac{-10 - 2 + 3}{3} = \frac{-9}{3} = -3$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -10 & -2 & 3 \\ -13 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} : \text{ج}$$

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$$y_G = \frac{-13 + 3 + 1}{3} = \frac{-9}{3} = -3 \quad G(-3, -3)$$

$$\text{ب) } \sum_{i=1}^3 \begin{vmatrix} n_i & x_i & 1 \\ n_i & x_i & 1 \\ n_i & x_i & 1 \end{vmatrix} \sim S = \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \\ -10 & -13 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} (9 + 14 - 10) = \frac{3}{2}$$

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$$S = \frac{1}{2} (9 + 14 - 10 - (-30) - (-39)(-2)) = \frac{94}{2} = 47$$

$$x = \frac{2n+1}{5n+3}$$

سوال ١

$$\text{الف) } x \rightarrow -x \sim -x = \frac{2n+1}{5n-3}$$

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$$\text{ب) } n \rightarrow -n \sim x = \frac{-2n+1}{-5n-3}$$

$$\text{ج) } n \rightarrow x \quad n = \frac{2x+1}{5x-3} \rightarrow n(5x-3) = 2x+1 \rightarrow 5xn - 3n = 2x+1$$

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$$5xn - 2x = 3n + 1 \rightarrow x(5n-2) = 3n+1 \rightarrow x = \frac{3n+1}{5n-2}$$

$$5xn - 2x = 3n + 1$$

$$x(5n-2) = 3n+1$$

$$\text{د) } x \rightarrow -x$$

$$x \rightarrow -n \quad -n = \frac{-2x+1}{-5x-3} \rightarrow 5nx + 3n = 2x+1 \rightarrow 5nx - 2x = 1-3n \rightarrow x = \frac{1-3n}{5n+4}$$

Arman

سوال ۹: $\frac{2n+1}{n-3}$

$$n' = n - 2 \sim n = n' + 2$$

$$x' = x - (-3) \quad x = x' - 3$$

$$x' = 3, \frac{2(n'+2)+1}{n'+2-3} \Rightarrow \frac{2n'+5}{n'-1} + 3$$

$$x' = \frac{2n'+5+3n'-3}{n'-1} = x' = \frac{5n'+2}{n'-1}$$

ج) $\frac{3}{2} \quad n' = n - 3 \sim n = n' + 3$

$$x' = x - 2 \quad x = x' + 2$$

$$x+2 = \frac{2(n'+3)+1}{n'+3-3}$$

$$x' = \frac{2n'+7}{n'} - 2 \sim \frac{2n'-2n'+7}{n'}$$

$$x' = \frac{7}{n'}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2n+5x+2 \\ n-3x=1 \end{cases}$$

الف) $2n+5x+2 \rightarrow 2n+5x=3$

$$n-3x=1 \quad \times 2 \rightarrow -2n+6x=-2$$

سوال ۱۰:

ج) $n = - \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix}}$

$$1-3+2=-1 \sim x = -\frac{1}{19}$$

$$n = \frac{14}{19}$$

$$n = - \frac{+14 - (-10)}{-10-3} = - \frac{14}{-19} = + \frac{14}{19}$$

$$x = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{3-2}{-10-3} = - \frac{1}{19}$$