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نام و نام خانوادگی: پاشنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره 14 کلاس:

نقطه صافی $(\frac{-4+1}{2}, \frac{4+2}{2}) = (1, 3)$

$m = \frac{3-2}{1-(-2)} = -\frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3} \rightarrow \text{شیب} = -\frac{1}{3}$

$y = -\frac{m}{v} + \frac{r}{v}$

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \rightarrow y - 3 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 1) \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$

طول BC: $\sqrt{(-1 - (-2))^2 + (3 - 2)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 1} = \sqrt{2}$ $\left[\begin{smallmatrix} m = \frac{r-v}{-1+2} \\ y - v = -\frac{r}{-1+2}(x + 2) \end{smallmatrix} \right]$

$\Rightarrow 3(y - 2) = -2(x + 2) \rightarrow 3y - 6 = -2x - 4 \rightarrow 2x + 3y - 2 = 0$

فاصله AH: $\frac{|ax_0 + by_0 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|2(1) + 3(-2) - 2|}{\sqrt{2^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{|-4|}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{13}}$

$BC - AH \rightarrow \sqrt{2} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{13}} = ?$

$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow a = 1 \rightarrow 2y = x + 1 \rightarrow -x + 2y - 1 = 0$

$d = \frac{|r - c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|-1 - (-1)|}{\sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2}} = \frac{0}{\sqrt{5}} = 0$ $r = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}}$ $S = \pi r^2$

$S = (\frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}})^2 \pi = \frac{\pi}{20}$

$m = (\frac{2+1}{1}, \frac{3+1}{1}) = (3, 4)$ $m_{AB} = \frac{1-3}{2-1} = -2 \rightarrow y = -2x + 5$

فاصله AB: $|AB| = 1, C(-1, -3) \rightarrow y + 3 = x + 1 \rightarrow y = x - 2$

$\begin{cases} y = -2x + 5 \\ y = x - 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -2x + 5 = x - 2 \\ x = \frac{7}{3} \\ y = -\frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$ $d_{MH} = \sqrt{(\frac{7}{3} - \frac{1}{2})^2 + (-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{2})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{49}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{50}{4}} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$a_1 = -\frac{r-m-2}{a-m} \quad a_2 = \frac{m+1}{r-m-2} \quad a_1 \times a_2 = 1 \quad \left(-\frac{r-m-2}{a-m} \right) \left(\frac{m+1}{r-m-2} \right) = -1$

$(r-m-2)(m+1) = -(a-m)(r-m-2) \rightarrow r-m-2 = -a+m \rightarrow r+m = a$

$a-m-1 \times m+1 = 0 \quad \Delta = (-1)^2 - 2(a-1)(a) = 1 - 2a^2 + 4a - 2 = -2a^2 + 4a - 1 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$

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$$\begin{cases} x+y=3 \\ y=x-1 \end{cases} \quad x=1 \quad y=2 \quad A(1,2) \quad \begin{cases} x+y=3 \\ x+y=8 \end{cases} \quad x=2 \quad y=-1 \quad B(2,-1) \quad \begin{cases} y=x-1 \\ x+y=8 \end{cases} \quad x=\frac{9}{2} \quad y=\frac{7}{2} \quad C(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{7}{2})$$

$$O(0,0) \rightarrow \left(\frac{0+2}{2}, \frac{0+(-1)}{2}\right) \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \rightarrow AM = \sqrt{\left(1-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(2+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{25}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{26}}{2}$$

$$A(1,2) \rightarrow m_{AB} = -1 \rightarrow y = -x + 3 \rightarrow y = x + 8 \rightarrow xy = 2 \quad y = 2 \quad x = -2 \quad (x, y) \text{ coordinates}$$

$$AH = \sqrt{(1-1)^2 + (2+1)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3 \quad \frac{AM}{AH} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{26}}{2}}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{26}}{6}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{r}x + c \rightarrow x + ry - rc = 0 \quad d = \frac{|x_0 + b(0) + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \rightarrow \frac{|1 - rc|}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \frac{rc}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \sqrt{rc}$$

$$\frac{rc}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \sqrt{rc} \rightarrow c = a$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow (0, a) \quad y=0 \rightarrow 0 = -\frac{1}{r}x + a \quad x=1 \rightarrow (1, 0)$$

$$\sqrt{(1-0)^2 + (0-a)^2} = \sqrt{1 + a^2} = a\sqrt{2}$$

$$y + mx = x + r \xrightarrow{\text{multiply by } m} mx = x + r \quad r = \frac{r}{m-1} \quad my - rx = rx \xrightarrow{\text{multiply by } r} -rx = rm \quad x = -\frac{rm}{r} \quad y = r$$

$$\frac{r}{m-1} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow am - a = 9 \quad am = 9 \quad m = \frac{9}{a} \quad -\frac{m}{r} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow m = -a \quad \frac{9}{a} \times a = -9 \quad S.D. = \left| \frac{m - m_1}{r(m-1)} \right| \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{a}{r} \quad m = -r, \quad m + r_{m-1} = -1$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow A(0, -r) \quad y = x \rightarrow A(0, -r)$$

$$x_m = \frac{x_A + x_{A'}}{2} = \frac{0 + x_{A'}}{2} \rightarrow x_{A'} = 2 \quad y_m = \frac{y_A + y_{A'}}{2} \rightarrow -r = \frac{-r + y_{A'}}{2}$$

$$y + 1 = r(x - 2) \rightarrow y = rx - 4$$

$$m_{AA'} = -1 \quad y - 1 = -1(x - 1) \rightarrow y = -x + 2 \quad \begin{cases} y = -x + 2 \\ y = x + 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow y = 2 \quad x = -1 \quad B(-1, 2)$$

$$x_B = \frac{x_A + x_{A'}}{2} = -1 = \frac{1 + x_{A'}}{2} \rightarrow x_{A'} = -3 \quad y_B = 2 = \frac{r + y_{A'}}{2} \quad y_{A'} = 4$$

$$A' = (-3, 4) \rightarrow r_b - a = (2y) + 10 = 10$$