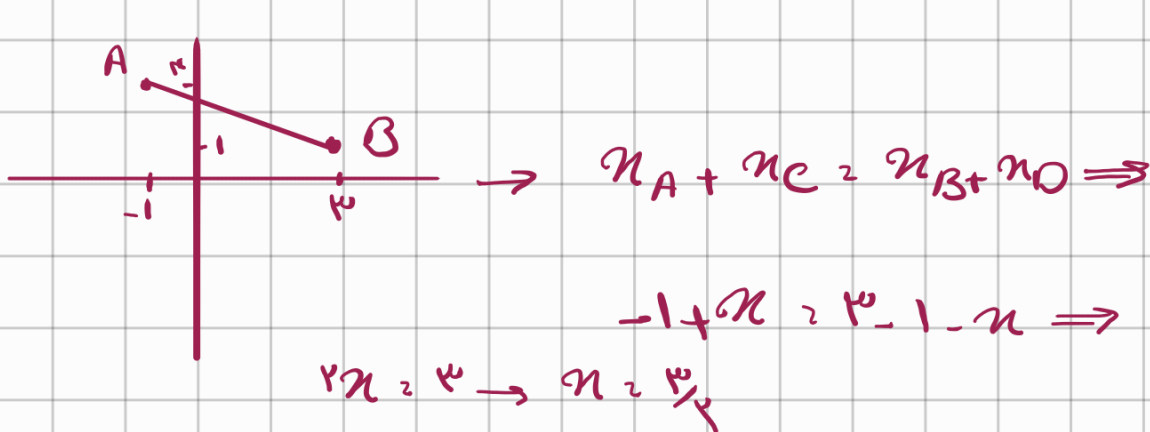


$$\left. \begin{aligned} y-k &= -\frac{1}{\mu}(x+\nu) \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{\mu}x - 1 + k \\ y-m &= -\frac{1}{\mu}(x-\nu) \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{\mu}x + \nu + m \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow$$

$$k-1 = \nu + m \rightarrow k-m = \nu$$

$$AB = \sqrt{\underbrace{(1-\nu-k)}_{-1}^2 + \underbrace{(k-m)}_{\nu}^2} = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$S = AB^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2 = 2$$



مسئله ۱: $ABCD \rightarrow BC \perp AB \rightarrow m_{AB} = -\frac{\nu}{k} \rightarrow m_{BC} = \frac{k}{\nu}$

$$\frac{k}{\nu} = \frac{y-1}{\frac{\nu}{\mu}-1} \rightarrow y-1 = \frac{k}{\mu}x - \frac{\nu}{\mu} \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$A(-1, k), B(1, 1), C(\frac{\nu}{\mu}, -1), D(-\frac{\nu}{\mu}, 1)$$

$$AB = \sqrt{k^2 + \nu^2} = \omega, \quad BC = \sqrt{\nu^2 + (\frac{\nu}{\mu})^2} = \frac{\omega}{\mu}$$

$$S = 2(AB + BC) = 2(\omega + \frac{\omega}{\mu}) = 10$$

$$\tan \phi_0 = \frac{v_2 \sqrt{\mu}}{v_1}$$

$$vmn + (m^2 - 1)y = v \rightarrow (m^2 - 1)y = v - vmn$$

$$y = \frac{-vm}{m^2 - 1}n + \frac{v}{m^2 - 1}$$

$$\frac{-vm}{m^2 - 1} = \sqrt{\mu} \Rightarrow -vm = \sqrt{\mu} m^2 - \sqrt{\mu} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\mu} m^2 + vm - \sqrt{\mu} = 0$$

$$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{\kappa + \kappa\sqrt{\mu} + \sqrt{\mu}}}{\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{\kappa\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}$$

$$AH \rightarrow BC \text{ ! } \frac{1}{\sin A} \text{ ! } \frac{1}{\sin B}$$

$$m_{BC} = \frac{11 - \kappa}{v - \kappa} = \kappa$$

$$y - v = \kappa(x - \kappa) \rightarrow y = \kappa x - \kappa$$

$$\Rightarrow BC \rightarrow \kappa x - y - \kappa = 0$$

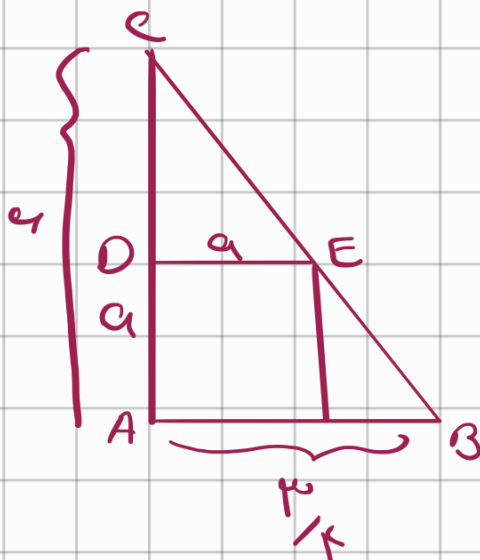
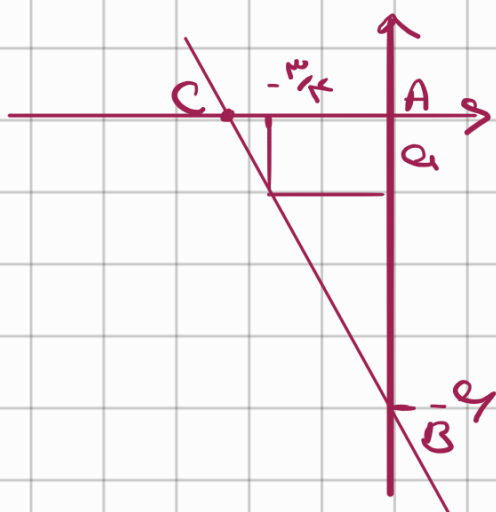
$$d = \frac{|ax + by + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|\kappa - 9 - \kappa|}{\sqrt{\kappa + 1}} = \kappa\sqrt{5}$$

$$\begin{cases} AB: y + \kappa x = v \\ BC: \kappa y - v x = -19 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \frac{-19 - \kappa}{-v - \kappa} = \kappa$$

$$y = \frac{-\kappa\kappa + \kappa 9}{-v - \kappa} = 1$$

$$BH = AC \text{ ! } \frac{1}{\sin B} \text{ ! } \frac{1}{\sin C} = \frac{|\kappa y - \kappa x - 14|}{\sqrt{\kappa^2 + \kappa^2}} = \frac{1 - \kappa + 9 - 14}{\omega} = \kappa$$



← r

مربع ADEF → AB ∥ DE → $\frac{AD}{AC} = \frac{DE}{AB}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a-a}{a} = \frac{a}{\frac{r}{k}} = \frac{ra}{r} \Rightarrow 1-ra = ra$$

$$\Rightarrow 2ra = 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2r}$$

المربع = $a\sqrt{r} = \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{2}$

$$\begin{cases} ay - x = a - 1 \\ y - ax = 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow y = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a-1}{a} \xrightarrow{\text{دعونا}} \frac{1}{a} = a \rightarrow a^2 = 1 \rightarrow a = \pm 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{a=1} y = x \rightarrow y = x + 1 \quad (1, 2) \Rightarrow a=1$$

$$\xrightarrow{a=-1} y = -x + 1, y = -x + 1 \quad (1, 2) \quad \text{X}$$

$$y = \frac{|c-c'|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \omega = \sqrt{nr+gr} \rightarrow 2\omega = n' + \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right)^2$$

$$\rightarrow n' = \frac{ra}{r} \rightarrow n = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow S = ng \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \frac{1}{r}, \omega$$

$$x - y = 1 \Rightarrow y = x - 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{\mu}x - \frac{1}{\mu} \quad A(1,0) \quad B\left(\frac{\mu}{\mu}, \frac{1}{\mu}\right) \leftarrow 1$$

$$d = \frac{|x-1|}{\sqrt{1+9}} = \frac{\mu\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

$$m_{AC} = -3 \rightarrow y = -3(x-1) = -3x+3$$

$$C \rightarrow \frac{1}{\mu}x - \frac{1}{\mu} = -3x+3 \rightarrow \frac{10}{\mu}x = \frac{3\mu}{\mu} \rightarrow x = \frac{3}{10}, y = 0,9$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mu, \nu & 1 & 1 \\ 0,9 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow 0,9 - 3,9 = -3, \nu$$

$$S = \frac{1}{\mu} \times \nu, \nu = 1,3\omega$$

$$m = \frac{b-a}{-\frac{1}{\mu} - (-\frac{1}{\mu})} = \frac{b-a}{\frac{1}{\mu}} = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow b-a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \leftarrow 9$$

$$a = \sqrt{\underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{\mu} - (-\frac{1}{\mu})\right)^2}_{\frac{1}{\mu}} + \underbrace{(b-a)^2}_{\frac{3}{\mu}}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\mu} = a\sqrt{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\mu} \leftarrow 9$$

$$مساحت مثلث = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{طول ضلع} \times \text{ارتفاع} = \sqrt{\mu^2 + \kappa^2} = a \leftarrow 10$$

$$m_{OA} = \frac{\kappa}{\mu} \quad OA \perp l \rightarrow m_l = -\frac{\mu}{\kappa}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} OA \perp l \\ l' \perp l \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow OA \parallel l' \Rightarrow m_{l'} = \frac{r}{\gamma} = \frac{r}{\gamma} \frac{v}{c}$$

$$OA \rightarrow y = \frac{r}{\gamma} n \quad l' \Rightarrow y = \frac{r}{\gamma} n + c$$

$$l' \perp OA_{\text{mov}} \Rightarrow r = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2}} = \frac{rc}{\omega} = \omega$$

$$\rightarrow c = \frac{r\omega}{\gamma}$$

$$l' \rightarrow y = \frac{r}{\gamma} n + \frac{r\omega}{\gamma}, \quad l \rightarrow y + r = \frac{r}{\gamma} (n + v) \\ \Rightarrow y = -\frac{r}{\gamma} n - \frac{r\omega}{\gamma}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{r}{\gamma} n_B + \frac{r\omega}{\gamma} = -\frac{r}{\gamma} n_B - \frac{r\omega}{\gamma} \right) \times 12$$

$$\rightarrow 12n_B + 100 = -12n_B - 100 \Rightarrow 24n_B = -200 \Rightarrow n_B = -\frac{25}{3}$$

$$y_B = -\frac{r\omega}{\gamma} + \frac{r\omega}{\gamma} = 0$$

$$n_B \times y_B = -1 \times -100 = 100$$