

IV

در جواب سوال ۱۰ - ۱۲، ۱۳، ۱۴

(۱۰ سوال)

$$y_n^2 - \alpha n + \varepsilon_5 = 0 \quad \beta = \gamma \alpha$$

$$\rho = \frac{\varepsilon}{\mu} = \gamma \alpha^2 \Rightarrow \alpha = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\mu}}$$

$$\varepsilon \alpha = \frac{a}{\mu} \Rightarrow \gamma \alpha = a$$

$$\begin{cases} \gamma \alpha = a \\ -\gamma \alpha = -a \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha = 1 \quad (5)$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{\mu_4} \quad S = \frac{m+18}{\mu_4}$$

$$1 - (-1) = 14$$

$$\mu_4 n^2 - (m+18)n + 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}} = d$$

(۲۰ سوال)

$$\frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{ab}} = d \rightarrow d\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} \xrightarrow{\text{مربع}} \gamma d \alpha \beta = \alpha + \beta + \gamma \sqrt{\alpha \beta}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\gamma d}{\mu_4} = \frac{m+18}{\mu_4} + \frac{1}{\mu} \Rightarrow \frac{m+18+1\mu}{\mu_4} = \frac{\gamma d}{\mu_4} \quad (5)$$

$$\rightarrow m = -1 \quad \rightarrow -n^2 + \mu n + \gamma_5 = 0 \rightarrow \rho = \frac{\varepsilon}{a} + -\gamma$$

$$\varepsilon n^2 + kn^2 - an - \gamma_5 = 0 \quad \alpha + \beta = 1 \quad \alpha\beta = -\gamma$$

(۳ سوال)

$$\rightarrow n^2 - n - \gamma$$

$$(n^2 - n - \gamma)(\gamma n + m) = \varepsilon n^2 + kn^2 - an - \gamma$$

(5)

$$\rightarrow \varepsilon n^2 = \varepsilon n^2 - 1n + mn^2 - mn - \gamma m$$

$$\rightarrow \varepsilon n^2 + (m-1)n^2 - (1+m)n - \gamma m = \varepsilon n^2 + kn^2 - an - \gamma$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{مقایسه ضرایب}} k = m - 1 \quad -1 - m = -9 \rightarrow m = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow k = -1$$

$$x^2 + 4x + a = 0 \quad \alpha < \beta < 0 \quad \gamma \alpha^2 + \gamma \beta^2 - 12\sqrt{\gamma} \varepsilon_5$$

(۴ سوال)

$$\Delta: \mu_4 - \varepsilon \alpha =$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4a}}{2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -2 + \sqrt{4-a} \\ -2 - \sqrt{4-a} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha = -2 - \sqrt{4-a} \quad (5)$$

$$\gamma \alpha^2 = \omega \varepsilon - \gamma \alpha + 12\sqrt{4-a}$$

$$\gamma \beta^2 = \mu_4 - \gamma \alpha - 12\sqrt{4-a}$$

$$9 + 4\sqrt{4-a} - \omega \alpha = 12\sqrt{4-a} + 12$$

$$\omega - 12\sqrt{4-a} = \omega \alpha - 4\sqrt{4-a}$$

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$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 511$$

$$n^2 - v n^2 - \Delta = 0 \quad r p^2 - \mu s p + \epsilon s$$

$$t^2 - v t - \Delta = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 49$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r} \quad \frac{v - \sqrt{49}}{r} \rightarrow \bar{0} \bar{0} \bar{\epsilon}$$

$$\hookrightarrow n_1 = \sqrt{\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}} \quad \hookrightarrow n_r = -\sqrt{\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}}$$

$$P_1 = -\left(\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}\right)^r = -\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}$$

$$S = 0 \quad r p^2 = r \left(-\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}\right)^r = r \left(\frac{\epsilon 9 + 49 + 14\sqrt{49}}{\epsilon}\right)$$

$$= 29 + v\sqrt{49}$$

$$r n^2 - \alpha n + b = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow S = \frac{a}{r} \quad P = \frac{b}{r}$$

$$r \alpha n^2 + \alpha n - 4 = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \alpha + \frac{1}{r}, \quad \beta + \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{ab}{\epsilon} \right\} \quad S' = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$P' = -\frac{r}{\alpha}$$

$$S' = \alpha + \beta + 1 = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \alpha = -\frac{r}{\epsilon}$$

$$P' = \alpha \beta + \frac{1}{r} (\alpha + \beta) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} = \frac{b}{r} - \frac{r}{\epsilon} + \frac{1}{\epsilon} = 1 \Rightarrow b = r$$

$$\left\{ \frac{r(-r)}{\epsilon} \right\} = -\frac{r}{\epsilon}$$

$$\alpha n^2 - \alpha n - b = 0$$

$$\epsilon \beta^2 + r_0 \alpha^2 - r_0 \beta = 17$$

$$v = a \quad b = 0 \quad \alpha^2 - \alpha + b$$

$$r_0 x^r - ax + b = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} S = \frac{a}{r} \\ P = \frac{b}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$r_0 a n^r + a n - 4 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} S = \frac{-1}{r} \rightarrow \alpha + \beta = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow \alpha = 1 \\ P = -r \rightarrow b = -4 \end{cases}$$

(4)

$$1 = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} = 1 \rightarrow b = r$$

$$\left[\frac{ab}{r} \right] = -r$$

$$a n^r - a n - b = 0$$

$$\varepsilon_0 \beta^r + r_0 a r - r_0 \beta = 1V \quad (\text{سؤال ٧})$$

$$\rightarrow a r^r - a r - b = 0 \Rightarrow a r = \frac{a r + b}{a}$$

$$\rightarrow a \beta^r - a \beta - b = 0 \Rightarrow \beta^r = \frac{a \beta + b}{a}$$

$$\rightarrow \varepsilon_0 \left(\frac{a \beta + b}{a} \right) + r_0 \left(\frac{a r + b}{a} \right) - r_0 \beta = 1V \xrightarrow{\times a} \varepsilon_0 a \beta + \varepsilon_0 b + r_0 a r$$

$$+ r_0 b - r_0 \beta a = 1V a \Rightarrow r_0 a \beta + r_0 a + \varepsilon_0 b - r_0 \beta a = 1V a$$

$$\Rightarrow b = -\frac{r}{\varepsilon_0} a \quad \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - \varepsilon_0 a r}}{|a|} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{r^2}{\varepsilon_0^2} a^2}}{|a|} = \sqrt{\frac{r}{\varepsilon_0}}$$

$$\alpha = 1 - \beta$$

$$r_0 \beta^r + r_0 (1 - \beta) - r_0 \beta = 1V \Rightarrow r_0 \beta (\beta - 1) = -1 \rightarrow \alpha \beta = \frac{1}{r_0} = \frac{-b}{a}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -r_0 b$$

$$a n^r - a n - b = 0 \rightarrow -r_0 b n^r + r_0 b n - b = 0$$

$$|\alpha - \beta| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = \sqrt{\frac{r}{\varepsilon_0}}$$

Subject:

Year:

Month:

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$$P = a = \alpha^r + \gamma \alpha^{\frac{r+1}{2}} \rightarrow a+1 = \alpha^r + \gamma \alpha^{\frac{r+1}{2}} + 1$$

$$n^r - (a+1)n + a = 0 \rightarrow \alpha, \alpha + \gamma \rightarrow S = a+1 = \gamma \alpha + \gamma \quad (\text{سوال 8})$$

$$n^r - (a+1)n + b = 0 \rightarrow \beta, \beta + \gamma$$

$$\alpha^r + \gamma \alpha + 1 = \gamma \alpha + \gamma \Rightarrow \alpha^r = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = \pm 1 \xrightarrow{\text{نظر ٢}} \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow a = 3$$

$$\rightarrow n^r - 10n + b = 0 \rightarrow S = 10 = \gamma \beta + \gamma \Rightarrow \beta \leq 1$$

$$b = 4 \times 4 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$\rightarrow \text{بزرگترین مقدار } \gamma = 2$$

$$n^r + n - 1 - m^r = 0$$

$$\alpha^r + \beta^r \leq S^r - rP = (-1)^r - r(-1 - m^r) \quad (\text{سوال 9})$$

$$\rightarrow S \leq -1$$

$$1 + \gamma + \gamma m^r \Rightarrow \gamma m^r + \gamma =$$

$$P \leq -1 - m^r$$

$$-\frac{b}{r\alpha} \leq 0 \Rightarrow \min = \gamma$$

$$A(x, y) \quad B(-2, y) \xrightarrow{\text{نظر ٢}} n_s = -\frac{2+\gamma}{\gamma} \leq -1 \quad (\text{سوال 10})$$

$$\rightarrow (-1, 1)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{نظر ٢}} y = \frac{a(n+1)^r + 1}{an^r + \gamma an + a + 1} \rightarrow \Delta = \sqrt{1 - \epsilon a} = \sqrt{1 - a}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-\gamma a \pm \sqrt{1-a}}{\gamma a} \xrightarrow{\div r} -\frac{a \pm \sqrt{1-a}}{a} \rightarrow -1 + \sqrt{\frac{1-a}{a}} \rightarrow -1 - \sqrt{\frac{1-a}{a}} \quad (\text{سوال 11})$$

$$\alpha^r + \beta^r \leq S^r - rP = \gamma \left(1 - \frac{1}{a}\right) = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -\frac{r}{\gamma}$$

$$y = -\frac{r}{\mu} n^r - \frac{\epsilon}{\mu} n + \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow 0} y = \frac{1}{\mu}$$

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