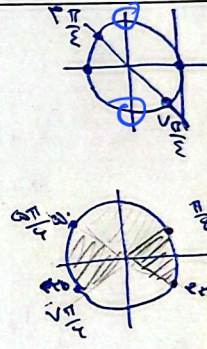


الف) $\frac{x^2-x-4}{x^2-13x^2+4} \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+2)(x-3) < \frac{-2}{+}$ $\rightarrow (x^2-9)(x^2-4) < \pm$ ب) $\frac{x(x^2-5x-6)+4}{x(x^2-5x-6)-4} \geq 0$ $\rightarrow \frac{x((x+1)^2-4)+4}{x((x+1)^2-4)-4} \geq 0$ $\rightarrow x((x+1)^2-4) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -1$ $x \neq 2$ 1	$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$	6
الف) $[-x]-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [-x] \geq 2 \quad x \leq -2$ ب) $[x]^2-2[x]-3 \neq 0 \rightarrow [x]^2-2[x]=3 \quad x=1 \rightarrow 1-2 \neq 3$ $x=2 \rightarrow 4-4=0 \quad x=-1 \rightarrow 1+2=3$ $D = \mathbb{R} - \{[2, 2), [-1, -1)\}$ VO	$x=2 \rightarrow 4-4 \neq 3$ $[x] \neq 2, -1$	7
الف) $\begin{cases} \sin x \neq 0 \\ \tan x + 1 \neq 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \quad D = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi\}$ $\cos x \neq 0$ $\sin x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$ ب) $1 - \varepsilon \sin x \geq 0 \rightarrow (1 - \varepsilon \sin x)(1 + \varepsilon \sin x) \geq 0$ $D = [2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}] \cup [2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}]$ 1, 2		8
الف) $1 - \log_{\frac{x-1}{2}} \geq 0 \quad \log_{\frac{x-1}{2}} \leq 1 \Rightarrow x-1 \geq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{3}{2}$ $x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1$ $D \cap \text{①} \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow [\frac{3}{2}, +\infty) = D_f$ ب) $1 - \log_{\frac{x^2-4x}{2}} \neq 0 \quad \log_{\frac{x^2-4x}{2}} \neq 1 \quad x^2-4x \neq 2 \Rightarrow x(x-4) \neq 2 \rightarrow x \neq 2$ ② $x^2-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(x-1) \geq 0 \quad \frac{0}{+} \frac{1}{-} \frac{1}{+}$ $\rightarrow (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty)$ ③ $x^2-4x > 0 \quad x(x-4) > 0 \quad \frac{0}{+} \frac{4}{-} \frac{4}{+}$ $\rightarrow (-\infty, 0) \cup (4, +\infty)$ $D \cap \text{②} \cap \text{③} \Rightarrow (-\infty, 0) \cup (4, +\infty) - \{2\}$ 1, 2	$x^2-4x-2 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 2$	9
الف) $\frac{\varepsilon x - x^2}{-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-x^2 + \varepsilon x}{-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow -x^2 + \varepsilon x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(\varepsilon - x) \geq 0$ $\rightarrow -(\varepsilon - x)(x - 1) \geq 0$ $\frac{1}{-} \frac{\varepsilon}{+} \frac{1}{-} \rightarrow [1, \varepsilon] = D_f$ ب) $\frac{x(x+\omega)}{x+\varepsilon} \in W \Rightarrow x(x+\omega) = \varepsilon W \Rightarrow x^2 + \omega x = \varepsilon W - \omega \Rightarrow x(\omega - \varepsilon) = \varepsilon W - \omega$ $x = \frac{\varepsilon W - \omega}{\omega - \varepsilon} \quad \checkmark \mid x = \frac{\varepsilon K + \omega}{-\varepsilon K + \omega}, K \in W?$ 5	$x \neq 1, \varepsilon$	10