

$$a) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 - 13x^2 + 34}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x^2 - 13x^2 + 34 \\ \hline x^2 - 13x^2 + 34 \\ \hline x^2 - 13x^2 + 34 \\ \hline x^2 - 13x^2 + 34 \\ \hline x^2 - 13x^2 + 34 \end{array}$$

$$(x-1)(x+1) < 1$$

$$x^2 - 13x^2 + 34 < 1 \rightarrow x^2 = 9 \rightarrow x = \pm 3$$

$$x = 3$$

$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty) - \{3\}$$

$$b) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 + 2x^2 - 2x - 3}}$$

$$(x-1)(x+1)(x-1) > 0$$

$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup [-1, -1) \cup [1, 1) \cup [3, \infty)$$

$$a) y = \sqrt{[-x] - 2}$$

$$[-x] - 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [-x] \geq 2$$

$$-x \geq 2 \rightarrow x \leq -2$$

$$D = (-\infty, -2]$$

$$b) y = \frac{ax^2 + 2}{[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} - \{1, 0\} \cup \{3, 0\}$$

$$[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3 \neq 0$$

$$(a^2 - 2a - 3) \neq 0 \rightarrow (a-3)(a+1) \neq 0$$

$$[x] \neq 3 \rightarrow x \in (3, \infty)$$

$$[x] \neq -1 \rightarrow x \in (-1, 0)$$

$$a) y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} = D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$\cot x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0, \pi$$

$$\tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$\tan x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$b) y = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 x}$$

$$1 - \sin^2 x \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq \sin^2 x$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \geq \sin x \geq -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$D = \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$$

$$D = \left[k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$$

$$a) y = \sqrt{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x}$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \geq 0 \rightarrow -1 \geq \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \rightarrow x-1 \geq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \rightarrow x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1$$

$$D = \left[\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$$

$$b) y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x}}{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x}$$

$$x^2 - 2x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(x-2) \geq 0$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \neq 0 \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, \infty) - \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$a) y = \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} - 1$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x \geq 1$$

$$x^2 - 2x \geq 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 \geq 2$$

$$D = [2, \infty)$$

$$b) y = \left(\frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 + 1} \right)$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 + 1} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{W} - 2}{\sqrt{W} - 1}$$

$$D = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\sqrt{W} - 2}{\sqrt{W} - 1}, W \in \mathbb{W} \right\}$$

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المعادلة

المعادلة: $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = k$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y + k = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 + y^2 + 4y + 4 \rightarrow 1 + 4 = 5 = k$$

$$(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{y})^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 \\ -4 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x & x \geq a \\ 2x + a + 2 & x \leq a \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + \varepsilon x & x \geq 1 \\ 2x + \mu & x \leq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow f(1) = 1 + 2 = 3 \quad (a > 0)$$

$$a^2 + fa = 2a + a + 2 \rightarrow a^2 + 2a - 4a - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (a + 2)(a - 1) = 0 \rightarrow a = -2 \text{ or } a = 1$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - b & |x+1| \geq 2 \\ a + 2x & -2 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow x^2 - b = a + 2x \rightarrow x^2 - 2x = a + b \quad (1)$$

$$(1) \rightarrow 4 - 4 = -4 - b = a + b = 2b \rightarrow b = -2$$

$$y = \sqrt{4x - a} + \sqrt{b - 2x}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x - a \geq 0 \rightarrow 4x \geq a \rightarrow x \geq \frac{a}{4} \\ b - 2x \geq 0 \rightarrow b \geq 2x \rightarrow \frac{b}{2} \geq x \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{a}{4} \leq \frac{b}{2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{2} \leq b \rightarrow \begin{cases} b = 4 \\ a = 12 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{|x-3|}} + \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+2}} = D = [-1, 4] - \{3\}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{|x-3|} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{4-x}{(x+2)^2} \geq 0$$

$$x \neq 3 \quad (1) \quad \frac{4-x}{x \leq 4} \quad (2)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{[x] - \varepsilon} + \sqrt{4 - [x]}$$

$$[x] - \varepsilon \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \geq \varepsilon \rightarrow [\varepsilon, \infty)$$

$$D = \mathbb{Q}$$