

5-2

$$x-1 = \pm \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$x-1 = \frac{1}{x-1} \Rightarrow (x-1)^2 = 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = 1 \Rightarrow x(x-2) = 0 \rightarrow x \in \{0, 2\}$$

$$x-1 = \frac{-1}{x-1} \Rightarrow (x-1)^2 = -1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = -1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta < 0 \rightarrow \text{no sol}$$

$$-2 < \frac{r_x - 1}{x} < 2 \Rightarrow -r_x < r_x - 1 < r_x \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} r_x - 1 < r_x \rightarrow -1 < 0 \\ -r_x < r_x - 1 \Rightarrow r_x > 1 \Rightarrow x > \frac{1}{r} \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{r}, +\infty\right) \text{ (الف)}$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1 \Rightarrow x-1 > x+1 \Rightarrow -1 > 1 \Rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \Rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \frac{1}{2}) \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} < -1 \Rightarrow x-1 < -x-1 \Rightarrow x < -1 \Rightarrow x < \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow (-\infty, \frac{1}{x})$$

$$|x+4| > x^r \Rightarrow x^r - x - 4 < 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 17 \Rightarrow x = +^r, -^r \Rightarrow (-2, 3)$$

$$x + y < x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 + y + x < \dots \rightarrow \Delta < \dots \rightarrow \text{في المنطق}$$

جواب: نامقداره

$$-2 < x < 3 \xrightarrow[\text{نوع دوم}]{\text{نوع اول}} |x - \alpha| < \beta \Rightarrow -\beta < x - \alpha < \beta \Rightarrow \alpha - \beta < x < \alpha + \beta \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha + \beta = 3 \\ \alpha - \beta = -2 \end{cases}$$
$$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha - \beta} = \frac{3}{-2}$$
$$2\alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$
$$\beta = 3 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

۲۰۱۲ء - ۱۰ ویں سال

$$\text{معادله جبرده} \Rightarrow y = \left| \frac{1}{y}(2+r) \right| - r + 1 \Rightarrow y = \left| \frac{2}{y} + r \right| - 1$$

$$y = \left| \frac{1}{4}x \right| - 2$$

$$\left| \frac{x}{y} + r \right| - 1 = \left| \frac{x}{y} \right| - r \Rightarrow -\left| \frac{x}{y} + r \right| + \left| \frac{x}{y} \right| = 1 \Rightarrow -|b+r| + |b| = 1 \quad \text{بجای } x \rightarrow y$$

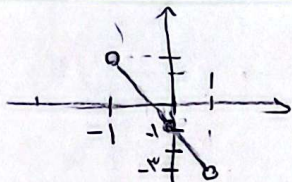
$$b^r + b^r + f + f - b^r - b^r = 1 \rightarrow r + f = 1 \Rightarrow r = -f \Rightarrow r\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = -f \Rightarrow x = -f$$

$$1-x > 0 \Rightarrow x < 1 \Rightarrow R = (-\infty, 1), x+f > 0 \Rightarrow x > -f \Rightarrow R = (-\infty, 0) \\ \rightarrow \cap R = (-\infty, 0)$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x} \right] \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} + 1 - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] \Rightarrow \left\langle \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] \right\rangle < 1 \Rightarrow \left\langle \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] + 1 \right\rangle < 2 \\ [1, 2)$$



$$y = [-x] - 1 \quad -1 < x < 0 \Rightarrow x - 1 = y \\ 0 \leq x < 1 \Rightarrow y = -1$$

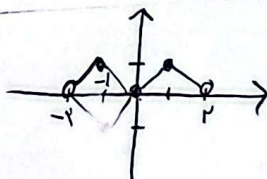
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$$-1 < x < 0 \Rightarrow y = -1$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \Rightarrow y = -1$$

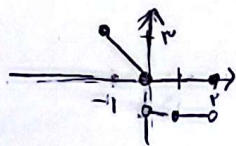
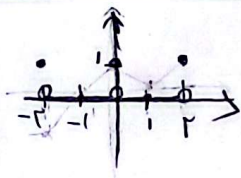
$$1 \leq x < 2 \Rightarrow y = 0$$



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$$\left. \begin{aligned} [a] + [b] &= 7 \\ [b] - [a] &= 2 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow 2[b] = 9 \Rightarrow [b] = 4 \Rightarrow b = 3, 4 \\ [a] = 1 \Rightarrow a = 1, 2 \quad \left. \begin{aligned} & \\ & \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow a + b = 7, 4$$

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$$(1+\sqrt{2})^4 = 198 - (1-\sqrt{2})^4$$

$$[(1+\sqrt{2})^4] = [198 - (1-\sqrt{2})^4] \Rightarrow [(1+\sqrt{2})^4] = 198 - [(1-\sqrt{2})^4] \Rightarrow [(1+\sqrt{2})^4] = 198$$

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