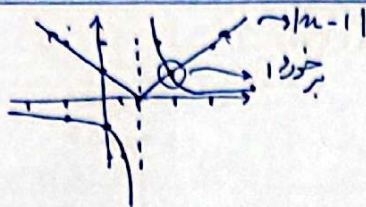


$$\frac{1}{n-1} = |n-1|$$



$$\frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{n-1}{n-1} = 1$$

ارائه دارد

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$$\left| \frac{r_{n-1}}{n} \right| < 2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{r_{n-1}}{n} < 2 \Rightarrow \frac{r_{n-1}-2n}{n} < 0 \Rightarrow -1 < \frac{r_{n-1}}{n} < 2 \\ -2 < \frac{r_{n-1}}{n} \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{r_{n-1}+2n}{n} \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{r_{n-1}}{n} < 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup \left(\frac{1}{2}, +\infty\right)$$

$$\left| \frac{n-2}{r_{n+1}} \right| > 1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{n-2}{r_{n+1}} > 1 \Rightarrow \frac{n-2-r_{n+1}}{r_{n+1}} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{2-n}{r_{n+1}} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{2}{r_{n+1}} > 1 \Rightarrow r_{n+1} < 2 \\ \frac{n-2}{r_{n+1}} < -1 \Rightarrow \frac{n-2+r_{n+1}}{r_{n+1}} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r_{n+1}-1}{r_{n+1}} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r_{n+1}} < 1 \Rightarrow r_{n+1} > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cup \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow x \in \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{r}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}\right)$$

$$n^2 < |n+9|, |n-a| < \beta$$

$$|n-a| < \beta \Rightarrow \begin{cases} n-a < \beta \Rightarrow n < \beta+a \\ -\beta < n-a \Rightarrow n > a-\beta \end{cases}$$

$$n^2 < |n+9| \Rightarrow n^2-n-9 < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+36}}{2} \Rightarrow -2 < n < 3$$

$$n+9 < -n^2 \Rightarrow n^2+n+9 < 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \alpha - \beta = -2 \\ \alpha + \beta = 2 \\ \alpha \geq 1, \beta \geq \frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha = 1, \beta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = |n+1| - |r_n| + |n-2|$$

$$\max: |n+1| - |r_n| + |n-2| \Rightarrow n=0 \Rightarrow |1| - |0| + |-2| = 1 \Rightarrow \max = 1$$

$$\min: 0 \Rightarrow |n+1| - |r_n| + |n-2| \Rightarrow n=1 \Rightarrow |2| - |1| + |-1| = 0 \Rightarrow \min = 0$$

$$\min + \max = -1 + 1 = 0$$

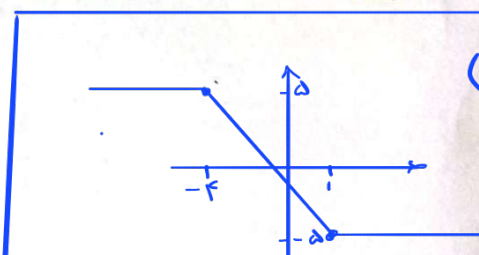
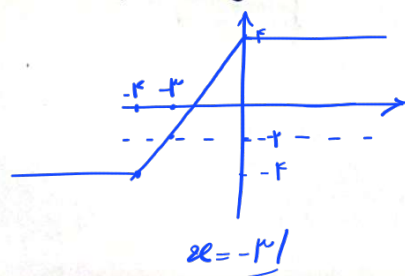
$$y = \left| \frac{1}{r}n \right| - 2 \Rightarrow y = \left| \frac{1}{r}n + r \right| - 2 \Rightarrow y = \left| \frac{1}{r}n + r \right| - 1$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{r}n \right| - 2 = \left| \frac{1}{r}n + r \right| - 1 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{r}n \right| - \left| \frac{1}{r}n + r \right| = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} \leq \frac{1}{r}n \leq \frac{0}{r}$$

$$-n-r \leq n \leq 0 \Rightarrow n = -r$$

$$y = \left| \frac{1}{r}n + r \right| - 1 = y$$

$$|n+r| - |n| = -r$$



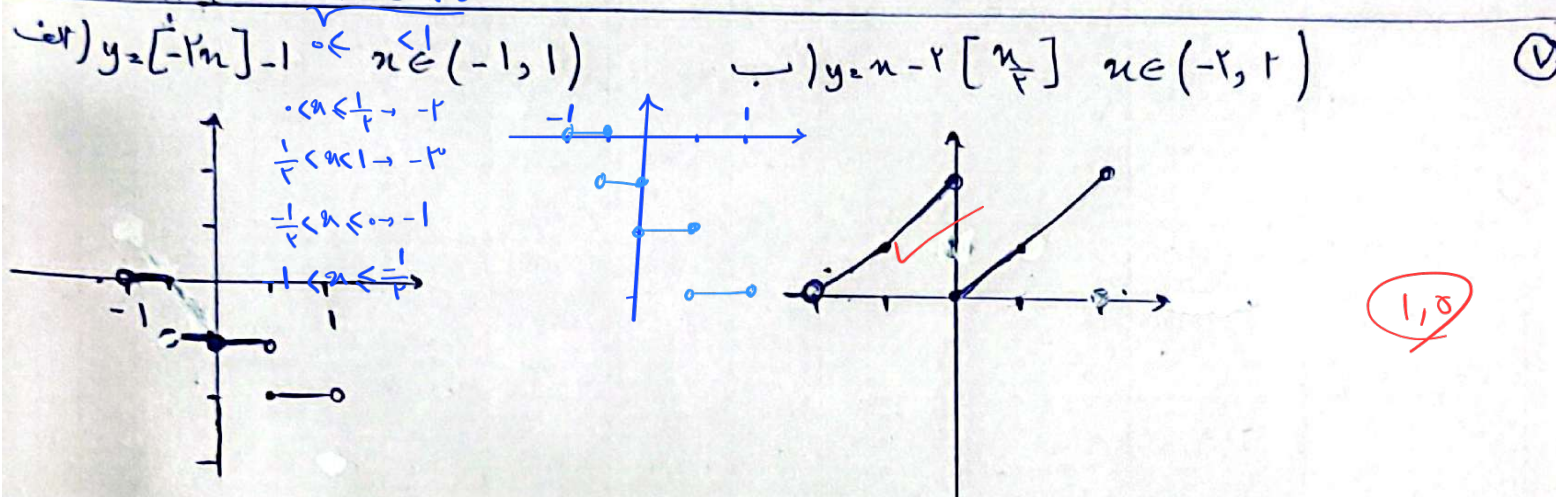
$$R_f = \{-r, -r, \dots, r, r\}$$

الف) $f(x) = [1-x] - [x+1] \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{1+x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1+x-1} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x-1} \Rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{Z} - (-\infty, +\infty)$

$\frac{-1}{1+x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1+x-1} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x-1} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{1+x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1+x-1} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x-1} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{1+x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1+x-1} \cdot \frac{1}{1-x-1}$

ب) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{x+1}{x} \right] \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} - 1 & x > 0 \\ \frac{1}{x} + 1 & x < 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow R_f = [0, +\infty) \textcircled{1} \Rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

ب) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{x}{x} \right] - 1 \Rightarrow R_f = [-1, 1]$



$a + [b] = r, r \Rightarrow [a] + [b] = r \Rightarrow \begin{cases} [a] + [b] = r \\ [b] - [a] = r \end{cases}$

$b - [a] = r, r \Rightarrow [b] - [a] = r \Rightarrow \begin{cases} [a] + [b] = r \\ [b] - [a] = r \end{cases} \Rightarrow [a] = 1$

$a + r = r, r \Rightarrow a = 1, r$

$b - [a] = b - 1 = r, r \Rightarrow b = r + 1, r$

$a + b = 1, r + r = r, r$

$(1+\sqrt{2})^9 + (1-\sqrt{2})^9 = 198 \Rightarrow (1+\sqrt{2})^9 = 198 - (1-\sqrt{2})^9 \Rightarrow [(1+\sqrt{2})^9] = 196$

$\star \Rightarrow 0 < (1-\sqrt{2})^9 < 1$

