

$y = a^x \rightarrow (1, 1), (r, r)$

$f(x) = Ax + b$
 $\rightarrow Ax + b = 1 \Rightarrow A + B = 0$

$3A + B = 9 \Rightarrow 3A + B = 7$

$3A + B = 7$
 $A + B = 0 \Rightarrow -2A = 7 \Rightarrow A = -\frac{7}{2}$
 $B = 7$

If $x=0 \rightarrow f(x) = y^{x-1} = y^{-1} = \frac{1}{y}$

$\log y = x + y \Rightarrow e^{x+y} = y^{x+y}$

$\rightarrow (y^x)^y + 1 = a = \lambda \times y^x \rightarrow y^x = t$

$t^y + 1 = \lambda t \Rightarrow (t - y)(t + a)$
 $t = y \Rightarrow y^y = y \Rightarrow \log y^y = y \Rightarrow \log y = \frac{y}{y}$

$t = a = y^y = a \rightarrow \log y^{y^y} = \log a \rightarrow y = \log a$

$(\log y^y)^y + \log y^y = \log y^y$

$\Rightarrow \log y^y \times \log y^y \times \log y^y \times \log y^y \times \log y^y = 1 + (\log y^y)^y$

$\log(a^x - x + 1) + x \log(1-x) = a$

$x \log(x-1) + x \log(1-x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1 \Rightarrow a = 9 \Rightarrow \log y = \frac{9}{9} = 1$

$\log(a^x + x + e) + \log(x-1)^y = x \rightarrow \log a^{x-1} = x \Rightarrow a^x - 1 = x \Rightarrow a^x = 1 + x \Rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{14} = \frac{e}{2}$

$\log \frac{x}{y^x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} \log x \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} \log y^{\frac{x}{y}} = \frac{\frac{x}{y}}{x} \times \log y = \frac{1}{y} \log y$

$$\log \frac{r-x}{1} = r \rightarrow \log(r-x)^r = r \rightarrow r-x=10 \rightarrow x=1$$

$$\log \frac{2}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{1}{2} \log r = \textcircled{9}$$

$$\log \frac{2-r}{4} = 0$$

$$r^{2-r} = r^{2r} \rightarrow 2-r = 2r \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$2-r = 2r \rightarrow r=0$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow 1945 = 10$$

$$a = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{1} \rightarrow r = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{1}$$

$$\log \frac{r+2-r}{4} = \frac{1}{r} \log \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{\log \frac{1}{r}}{\log \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{r \log r}{\log r + \log r} = \frac{r \log r}{2 \log r} = \frac{10}{10} = 1$$

$$\log \frac{r}{4} = 0.11$$

$$\log \frac{r}{4} = \frac{\log r}{\log 4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = 0.11 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = 0.11 \rightarrow \textcircled{\frac{1}{r} = 0.11}$$

$$a \log r - a + b \log r = 0 \rightarrow b \log r = a - a \log r$$

$$\Rightarrow b \log r = a(1 - \log r) \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1 - \log r}{\log r} = \log \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{r}\right)^{\frac{b}{a}} = \sqrt{r}^{\log \frac{a}{r}} \Rightarrow a^{\frac{1}{r}} = \sqrt{a}$$