

$$(x-r)^r = (r-x)^r \rightarrow \log \frac{(r-x)}{(x-r)^r} \rightarrow \log(r-x)(r-x)^r \rightarrow \log(r-x)^{r+1} = r$$

$$(r-x)^r = 10^r \rightarrow r-x = 10 \rightarrow x = -1$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{نحوه}} \log \frac{1}{r} = \gamma$$

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$$r x^{r-r} = r^{\epsilon x} \rightarrow x^{r-r} = \epsilon x \rightarrow x^r - \epsilon x - r = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{\epsilon + \sqrt{\epsilon^2}}{r} \checkmark$$

$$r + \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon^2}}{r} \rightarrow [r + \sqrt{\epsilon}]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{نحوه}} \log \frac{r + \sqrt{r} - r}{\gamma} = \log \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\gamma} = \frac{1}{2}$$

7

$$\frac{\log \frac{1}{r}}{\log \frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{\log \frac{r \times \epsilon}{r}}{\log \frac{r \times \epsilon}{r}} \rightarrow \frac{\log r + \log \epsilon + \log r}{\log r + \log \epsilon} = \frac{\log \frac{1}{r}}{\log \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

8

$$\frac{\log \frac{r}{\epsilon}}{\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}} = \frac{\log r + \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}}{\log \frac{1}{\epsilon} + \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}} = \frac{1, r}{1, r} = \frac{1, r}{1, r}$$

9

$$\xrightarrow{\text{نحوه}} a \log r + b \log r - a = 0 \rightarrow \log r (a+b) = a \quad \log r = \frac{a}{a+b} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\log r} = \frac{a+b}{a}$$

$$1 + \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{\log r} \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{\log r} - 1 \quad \frac{1}{\log r} = \log r^{-1} \quad \frac{b}{a} = \log r^{-1} - 1 \rightarrow \log r^{-1} \times \log r^{-1} - 1$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \log r^{-1} \xrightarrow{\text{نحوه}} (\sqrt{r})^{\log r^{-1}} \rightarrow a^{\log r^{-1}} = \omega^{\frac{1}{r}} = \sqrt{\omega}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mu^A x + B = x^2 \xrightarrow{\text{بجای } x=1} \mu^{A+B} = 1 \rightarrow A+B=0 \\
 & \xrightarrow{x=2} \mu^{A+B} = 9 \quad \mu^{A+B} = 2 \Rightarrow B = -1 \\
 & \text{مثلاً } \mu^B \rightarrow \mu^{-1} \rightarrow \left[\frac{1}{\mu} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mu^{x^2} = x^2 + 10 \rightarrow \mu^x \times \mu^x = \mu^{x^2} + 10 \\
 & \mu^x = t \rightarrow 1t = 10 + t^2 \rightarrow t^2 - 1t + 10 = 0 \quad \begin{cases} t = 5 \\ t = 2 \end{cases} \\
 & \mu^x = 5 \quad \mu^x = 2 \\
 & \log_{\mu} \mu^x = x \quad \log_{\mu} 5 = x \quad \left\{ \log_{\mu} 5, \log_{\mu} 2 \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \log_{\mu} \mu^{2x} = \log_{\mu} \mu^{x^2+2} \quad \log_{\mu} \mu^{10} = \log_{\mu} \mu^9 + 1 \rightarrow \log_{\mu} \mu^{10} \\
 & \Rightarrow -\log_{\mu} \mu^{x^2+2} \\
 & (\log_{\mu} \mu^x)^2 + (\log_{\mu} \mu^x + 2)(\log_{\mu} \mu^x + 2) \rightarrow (\log_{\mu} \mu^x)^2 + 4 - (\log_{\mu} \mu^x)^2 = 4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \log_{\mu} (\mu^x - 1)^2 + \mu \log_{\mu} (1 - \mu^x) = 0 \quad \mu \log_{\mu} (\mu^x - 1) + \mu \log_{\mu} (1 - \mu^x) = 0 \\
 & \log_{\mu} (\mu^x - 1) = 1 \quad \mu^x - 1 = \mu \quad \mu^x = \mu + 1 \\
 & \log_{\mu} (1 - \mu^x) = 1 \quad 1 - \mu^x = \mu \quad \mu^x = 1 - \mu \\
 & \log_{\mu} (-1) = \log_{\mu} \mu^{-1} = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \log_{\mu} \mu^x = \log_{\mu} \mu^y \rightarrow \mu \log_{\mu} \mu^y \rightarrow \log_{\mu} \mu^{2y} \\
 & \log_{\mu} (\mu^x + \mu^{x+1}) (\mu^x - \mu^x) \\
 & \Rightarrow \log_{\mu} (\mu^x - \mu^x) = \mu \Rightarrow \mu^x - \mu^x = \mu^x \rightarrow \mu^x = \mu^x \\
 & \log_{\mu} \mu^4 = 4
 \end{aligned}$$