

(سوال ۱)

$f(x) = p^{Ax+B}$
 $y = x^r$

$p^{Ax+B} = x^r \rightarrow \log_p x^r = Ax+B \rightarrow r \log_p x = Ax+B$

$x=1 \rightarrow r \log_p 1 = A+B \rightarrow A+B=0$
 $x=r \rightarrow r \log_p r = rA+B \rightarrow rA+B=r$

$\begin{cases} A+B=0 \\ -A-B=0 \\ rA+B=r \end{cases} \rightarrow B=-1 \rightarrow A=1$

$f(x) = p^{x-1}$
 $x=0 \rightarrow f(0) = p^{-1} = \frac{1}{p}$

(سوال ۲)

$\log_r^{x^2+1} = x+3 \rightarrow \frac{x^2+1}{r^{x+3}} = r^{x+3} \rightarrow r^{2x} - r^{2x+6} + 1 = 0$

$\left(\frac{r^x}{t}\right)^2 - (r^x \times r^3) + 1 = 0 \rightarrow t^2 - \lambda t + 1 = 0$

$t = r = r^x \rightarrow \log_r r = x_1$
 $t = \lambda = r^3 \rightarrow \log_r r^3 = x_2$

$x_1 + x_2 = \log_r r + \log_r r^3 = \log_r r^4$

(سوال ۳)

$(\log_{r_1}^r)^2 + \log_{r_1}^{r^v} \times \log_{r_1}^{r^w} = (\log_{r_1}^r)^2 + \log_{r_1}^{r^{vw}} \times \log_{r_1}^{r^w}$

$(\log_{r_1}^r)^2 + \left(\log_{r_1}^r + \log_{r_1}^{1-\log_{r_1}^r}\right) \left(\log_{r_1}^r + \log_{r_1}^w\right) \rightarrow (\log_{r_1}^r)^2 + (r - \log_{r_1}^r)(r + \log_{r_1}^w)$

$\log_{r_1}^v = \log_{r_1} \frac{r^v}{r^w} = \log_{r_1} r^v - \log_{r_1} r^w = v - \log_{r_1}^w$

$\Rightarrow (\log_{r_1}^r)^2 + r - (\log_{r_1}^r)^2 = r$

(سوال ۴)

$\log \frac{(x^r - rx + 1)}{(1-x)^r} + r \log(1-x) = a \rightarrow \log(1-x)^r + r \log(1-x) = a$

$\rightarrow r \log(1-x) + r \log(1-x) = a \rightarrow a \log(1-x) = a \rightarrow \log(1-x) = 1 \rightarrow 1-x = 10 \rightarrow x = -9$

$\log_{r_1}^{(-9)} = \log_{r_1}^9 = r$

(سوال ۵)

$\log_r (x^r + rx + 1) + \log_r (x-r) = r \rightarrow \log_r (x-r)(x^r + rx + 1) = r$

$= r \rightarrow \log_r x^r - 1 = r \rightarrow x^r - 1 = 10$

$x^r = 11 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[r]{11}$

$\log_{r_1} \frac{x}{\sqrt[r]{r}} \Rightarrow \log_{r_1} \frac{\sqrt[r]{11}}{\sqrt[r]{r}} = r$

سوال (4)

$$\log(x-2) - \log \frac{1}{(x-2)^2} = 3 \rightarrow \log(x-2) - \log \frac{1}{(x-2)^2} = 3 \rightarrow \log \frac{x-2}{\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}} = 3 \rightarrow \log(x-2)^3 = 3$$

$$(x-2)^3 = 10^3 \rightarrow x-2 = 10 \rightarrow x = -18$$

$$\log \frac{(x-2)}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \log \frac{-18}{\sqrt{-18}} = \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} = -\frac{1}{2} \log 18 = -\frac{1}{2} \log (2 \cdot 3^2) = -\frac{1}{2} (\log 2 + 2 \log 3) = -\frac{1}{2} \log 2 - \log 3$$

5

سوال (7)

$$x^{2x-2} = \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow x^{2x-2} = x^{-2} \rightarrow 2x-2 = -2 \rightarrow 2x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - 4 = 0 \rightarrow (x-2)^2 = 4 \rightarrow x-2 = \pm 2 \rightarrow x = 4 \text{ or } 0$$

$$\log \frac{x-2}{4} \Rightarrow \log \frac{\sqrt{4}}{4} = \log \frac{2}{4} = \log \frac{1}{2} = -\log 2$$

5

سوال (8)

$$\log \frac{1}{18} = \log \frac{1}{18} = 3 \log \frac{1}{18} = \frac{3}{\log 18} = \frac{3}{\log 2 \cdot 3^2} = \frac{3}{\log 2 + 2 \log 3} = \frac{3}{\log 2 + 2 \log 3 + 1} = \frac{3}{\log 2 + 2 \log 3 + 1}$$

$$\log \frac{1}{x} = \frac{a}{\log x} \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{\log x} = \frac{a}{\log x} \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{x} = \frac{a}{\log x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\log x} = \frac{a}{\log x} \rightarrow \log x = \frac{1}{a}$$

5

$$\log \frac{1}{x} = -1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} \log x = -1 \rightarrow \log x = -1/x$$

$$\log \frac{1}{18} = \log \frac{1}{18} = \frac{\log 1}{\log 18} = \frac{0}{\log 18} = 0$$

سوال (9)

5

$$(a \log x)^{2x} + a x + b \log x = 0 \xrightarrow{x=1} a \log 2 - a + b \log 2 = 0$$

$$(a+b) \log 2 = a \rightarrow \log 2 = \frac{a}{a+b} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\log 2} = \frac{a+b}{a} = 1 + \frac{b}{a}$$

سوال (10)

5

$$\frac{1}{\log 2} - 1 = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\frac{1 - \log 2}{\log 2} = \frac{b}{a} \rightarrow \frac{\log 1 - \log 2}{\log 2} = \frac{\log a}{\log 2} = \log \frac{a}{2} = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$(\sqrt{2})^{\frac{b}{a}} \rightarrow (\sqrt{2})^{\log \frac{a}{2}} = \frac{a}{2} = \frac{1}{2} a = \sqrt{a}$$