

A جز اول

حل و جواب

تکلیف شماره ۲۰

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$$f(x) = r^{Ax+B}$$

①

$$\begin{cases} x=1 \\ x=r \end{cases}$$

$$y = r^x$$

$$r^{Ax+B}$$

$$= r^y \quad \begin{cases} x=1 \\ x=r \end{cases}$$

$$r^{A+B} = 1$$

$$r^{rA+B} = r^r$$

$$\begin{cases} rA+B=2 \\ A+B=0 \end{cases}$$

$$rA = 2$$

$$A=1 \Rightarrow B=-1$$

$$f(x) = r^{x-1} \quad \begin{matrix} x=0 \rightarrow f(0) = r^{-1} = \frac{1}{r} \\ \text{نقطه } (0, \frac{1}{r}) \end{matrix}$$

$$\log_r(r^x + 10) = x + r$$

②

$$r^x + 10 = r^{x+r} \rightarrow r^{rx} + 10 = r^{x+r}$$

$$r^{rx} + 10 = r^x \times r^r$$

$$r^x = t \quad (r^x)^r + r^x \times 1 + (r^x \times 10) = 0$$

$$t^r - t + 10 = 0$$

$$(t-r)(t-10) = 0$$

$$t = r = r^x \rightarrow \log_r r = x$$

$$t = 10 = r^x \rightarrow \log_r 10 = x$$

$$\log_r 10 + \log_r r = \log_r 10$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + \log^r r_1 \log r_1 \quad (1EV) \quad (1r+r)$$

$$\log^r r_1 + \log^r r_1 \times \log^r r_1 + \log^r r_1$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + \log^r r_1 + r \log^r r_1 \times \log^r r_1 + r \log^r r_1 \quad (5)$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + (\log^r r_1 + r \log^r r_1) \times (\log^r r_1 + r)$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + (\log^r r_1)^r + \log^r r_1 (r \log^r r_1 + r) + r \times r \log^r r_1$$

$$\log^r r_1 = t \quad \log^r r_1 = \log^r r_1 - \log^r r_1 = 1 - \log^r r_1 = 1 - t$$

$$t^r + t^r + t(r - rt + r) + r(r - rt) =$$

$$r + r^r + rt - rt^r + rt + r - rt = r$$

$$\log(n^r - r_{n+1}) + r \log(1-n) = a \quad (5)$$

$$\log^r n = ?$$

$$\log(n^r - r_{n+1}) + \log(1-n)^r = a \quad (5)$$

$$\log(1-n)^r + \log(1-n)^r = a$$

$$r \log(1-n) + r \log(1-n) = a$$

$$2 \log(1-n) = a \rightarrow \log(1-n) = \frac{a}{2}$$

$$1-n = 10^{-a/2} \rightarrow n = 1 - 10^{-a/2}$$

$$\log^r n = \log^r \left(\frac{1}{10^{-a/2}} \right) = r$$

$$\log_r (x^r + rx + \varepsilon) + \log_r (x^{-r}) = r = \log_r \Lambda \quad (2)$$

$$\log_r \frac{x^r}{\sqrt{r}} = ?$$

فند $(x^r + rx + \varepsilon) (x^{-r}) = \Lambda$

$$x^r - \Lambda = \Lambda$$

$$x^r = 14 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[14]{14}$$

$$\log_r \frac{\sqrt[14]{14}}{\sqrt{r}} = \log_r \frac{r^{\frac{1}{14}}}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{14}}{r} \log_r r = \boxed{\frac{1}{14}}$$

$$\log (r-x) - \log \frac{1}{(r-x)^r} = r = \log_{10} 1000 \quad (4)$$

$$\log \frac{(r-x)}{\sqrt{r}} = ?$$

$$\frac{(r-x)}{\frac{1}{(r-x)^r}} = (r-x) (r-x)^r = 1000$$

$$\frac{1}{(r-x)^r} = \dots$$

$$(r-x) = \sqrt[r]{1000} = 10$$

$$-x + r = 10$$

$$-1 = x$$

$$\log \frac{-x}{\sqrt{r}} = \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \log_r \frac{r^{\frac{1}{2}}}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}} = r \times \frac{1}{2} \log_r r = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$r x^{r-x} = \Lambda^x$$

$$\log \frac{x^{-r}}{r} = ?$$

$$r x^{r-x} = r^x$$

$$x^r - r = (r-x) \rightarrow x^r - (r-x) = 0$$

$$\Delta = 14 - (-r \times \varepsilon) = 14 + 1 = 15$$

$$x = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - \Delta}}{r} = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{14}}{r} =$$

$$x = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{14}}{r}$$

$$n = 2 + \sqrt{9}$$

$$\log_4^{n-2} = \log_4^{2+\sqrt{9}-2} = \log_4^{\sqrt{9}} = \log_4^{3^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\log_r^r = \frac{a}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^1 = ?$$

(1)

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^1 = \frac{\log_r^1}{\log_r^{1/\lambda}} = \frac{\log_r^r}{\log_r^r + \log_r^r} = \frac{r \log_r^r}{\log_r^r + r \log_r^r} =$$

$$\frac{r \times \frac{a}{\lambda}}{\frac{a}{\lambda} + r} = \frac{\frac{ra}{\lambda}}{\frac{a}{\lambda} + r} = \frac{ra}{a + r\lambda} = \frac{a}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_8^r = \frac{a}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^4 = ?$$

(9)

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^4 = \frac{\log_8^4}{\log_8^{1/\lambda}} = \frac{\log_8^r + \log_8^r}{\log_8^r + \log_8^r} = \frac{\frac{1}{r} \log_8^r + \log_8^r}{\log_8^r + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{r} + 0 \cdot \lambda}{0 \cdot \lambda + 1} = \frac{1/r}{1/\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{r}$$

$$(a \log_r^r) 2^r + a n + b \log_r^r = 0 \rightarrow n = -1$$

$$n = -1 \rightarrow a \log_r^r - a + b \log_r^r = 0$$

$$b \log_r^r = a - a \log_r^r$$

$$b \log_r^r = a(1 - \log_r^r)$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{1 - \log_r^r}{\log_r^r} = \frac{\log_r^1 - \log_r^r}{\log_r^r} = \frac{\log_r a}{\log_r^r} =$$

(5)



$$(\sqrt{r})^{\frac{b}{a}} = (\sqrt{r})^{\log_r a} = r^{\frac{1}{r} \log_r a} = r^{\log_r a}$$

$$= a^{\log_r r} = a^{\frac{1}{r}} = \sqrt[r]{a}$$