

A جز اول
 تعريف سطر ٢٥
 $f(x) = r^{Ax+B}$ (1)

$n=1$
 $n=r$

$y = r^x$
 $r^{Ax+B} = r^y$
 $r^{A \cdot 1 + B} = r^1$
 $r^{A+B} = r$
 $r^{A \cdot r + B} = r^r$

$\begin{cases} rA+B=r \\ A+B=0 \end{cases}$

$rA = r$

$A=1 \Rightarrow B=-1$

$f(x) = r^{x-1}$
 $x=0 \rightarrow f(0) = r^{-1} = \frac{1}{r}$
 نقطة $(0, \frac{1}{r})$

$\log_r(r^x + 10) = x + r$ (2)

$r^x + 10 = r^{x+r} \rightarrow r^{rx} + 10 = r^{x+r}$

$r^{rx} + 10 = r^x \times r^r$

$r^x = t \quad (r^x)^r + r^x \cdot 10 + (r^x \cdot 10) = 0$

$t^r - 10t + 10 = 0$

$(t-r)(t-10) = 0$

$t = r = r^x \rightarrow \log_r r^x = x$

$t = 10 = r^x \rightarrow \log_r 10 = x$

$\log_r 10 + \log_r r = \log_r 10$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + \log^r r_1 \quad (1r1r) \quad (1r1r) \quad (1r) \quad (1r)$$

$$\log^r r_1 + \log^r r_1 \times \log^r r_1 + \log^r r_1$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + \log^r r_1 + r \log^r r_1 \times \log^r r_1 + r \log^r r_1$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + (\log^r r_1 + r \log^r r_1) \times (\log^r r_1 + r)$$

$$(\log^r r_1)^r + (\log^r r_1)^r + \log^r r_1 (r \log^r r_1 + r) + r \times r \log^r r_1$$

$$\log^r r_1 = t \quad \log^r r_1 = \log^r r_1 - \log^r r_1 = 1 - \log^r r_1 = 1 - t$$

$$t^r + t^r + t(r - rt + r) + r(r - rt) =$$

$$r + r^2 + rt - rt^2 + rt + r - rt = r$$

$$\log(n^r - rn + 1) + r \log(1-n) = a \quad (1r)$$

$$\log^r r = ?$$

$$\log(n^r - rn + 1) + \log(1-n)^r = a$$

$$\log(1-n)^r + \log(1-n)^r = a$$

$$r \log(1-n) + r \log(1-n) = a$$

$$2r \log(1-n) = a \rightarrow \log(1-n) = \frac{a}{2r}$$

$$1-n = 10^{-\frac{a}{2r}} \rightarrow n = 1 - 10^{-\frac{a}{2r}}$$

$$\log^r r = \log^r r = r$$

$$\log_r (x^r + rx + \varepsilon) + \log_r (x^{-r}) = r = \log_r \Lambda \quad (2)$$

$$\log_r \frac{x^r}{\sqrt{r}} = ?$$

فند $(x^r + rx + \varepsilon) (x^{-r}) = \Lambda$

$$x^r - \Lambda = \Lambda$$

$$x^r = 14 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[14]{14}$$

$$\log_r \frac{\sqrt[14]{14}}{\sqrt{r}} = \log_r \frac{r^{\frac{1}{14}}}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{14}}{r} \log_r r = \boxed{\frac{1}{14}}$$

$$\log (r-n) - \log \frac{1}{(n-r)^r} = r = \log_{10} 1000 \quad (3)$$

$$\log \frac{(r-n)}{\sqrt{r}} = ?$$

$$\frac{(r-n)}{1} = \frac{(r-n)}{(n-r)^r} = 1000$$

$$\frac{1}{(n-r)^r} = 1000$$

$$(n-r) = \sqrt[r]{1000} = 10$$

$$-n + r = 10$$

$$-1 = n$$

$$\log \frac{-n}{\sqrt{r}} = \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \log \frac{r^{\frac{1}{2}}}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}} = r \times \frac{1}{2} \log_r r = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$r^{n-r} = \Lambda^n$$

$$\log \frac{n-r}{r} = ?$$

$$r^{n-r} = r^{\varepsilon n} \rightarrow n-r = \varepsilon n \rightarrow n - \varepsilon n - r = 0$$

$$\Delta = 14 - (-r \times \varepsilon) = 14 + \Lambda = r \varepsilon \quad x = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2}}{r} = r \pm \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{r} =$$

$$x = r \pm \sqrt{r}$$

$$n = 2 + \sqrt{9}$$

$$\log_4^{n-2} = \log_4^{2+\sqrt{9}-2} = \log_4^{\sqrt{9}} = \log_4^3 = \log_4^{4^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\log_r^r = \frac{a}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^1 = ?$$

(1)

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^1 = \frac{\log_r^1}{\log_r^{1/\lambda}} = \frac{\log_r^r}{\log_r^{\lambda}} = \frac{r \log_r^r}{\log_r^r + r \log_r^r} =$$

$$\frac{r \times \frac{a}{\lambda}}{\frac{a}{\lambda} + r} = \frac{\frac{ra}{\lambda}}{\frac{a}{\lambda} + r} = \frac{ra}{a + r\lambda} = \frac{a}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_r^r = \frac{a}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^1 = ?$$

(2)

$$\log_{1/\lambda}^1 = \frac{\log_r^1}{\log_r^{1/\lambda}} = \frac{\log_r^r + \log_r^r}{\log_r^r + \log_r^r} = \frac{\frac{1}{r} \log_r^r + \log_r^r}{\log_r^r + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{r} + 1}{1 + 1} = \frac{1/r}{2} = \frac{1/r}{2}$$

$$(a \log_r^r) 2^r + a n + b \log_r^r = 0 \rightarrow n = -1$$

(3)

$$n = -1 \rightarrow a \log_r^r - a + b \log_r^r = 0$$

$$b \log_r^r = a - a \log_r^r$$

$$b \log_r^r = a(1 - \log_r^r)$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{1 - \log_r^r}{\log_r^r} = \frac{\log_r^1 - \log_r^r}{\log_r^r} = \frac{\log_r a}{\log_r^r} =$$

\log_r^a



$$(\sqrt{r})^{\frac{b}{a}} = (\sqrt{r})^{\log_r a} = r^{\frac{1}{r} \log_r a} = r^{\log_r a}$$

$$= a^{\log_r r} = a^{\frac{1}{r}} = \sqrt[r]{a}$$