

①

$$\begin{cases} 2^A + B = 9 \Rightarrow 2^{3A+B} \\ 2^{A+B} = 1 \Rightarrow A+B=0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2^{A+B} = 2 \\ A+B = 0 \\ 2A = 2 \Rightarrow A = 1 \Rightarrow B = -1 \end{cases}$$

$\begin{cases} x=1 \Rightarrow y=1 \\ x=2 \Rightarrow y=9 \end{cases}$
 $f(x) = 2^x \Rightarrow 2^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow$
 تابعی است

②

$$\log_r^{(k^m + 1)} \Rightarrow n+r \rightarrow \log_r^{(k^m + 1)} = \log_r^{2^{n+r}} \Rightarrow k^m + 1 = 2^{n+r} \Rightarrow 2^{2n+1} + 1 = 2^{n+r} \Rightarrow$$

$$2^{2n} - 2^{n+r} + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow 2^{2n} - 2^n \times 2^r + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow n^2 - \Lambda n + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (n-3)(n-1) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$n = 1 \Rightarrow \omega = 2 \Rightarrow n = \log_r \omega, 2^{\log_r \omega} = n = \log_r \omega \Rightarrow \log_r \omega + \log_r \omega = \log_r \omega$$

③

$$(\log_r^k)^r + \log_r^{kV} \log_r^{kV} \Rightarrow (\log_r^k)^r + \log_r^{kV} (r \log_r^k + \log_r^{kV}) = (\log_r^k)^r + r \log_r^k \log_r^{kV} + (\log_r^{kV})^r$$

$$(\log_r^k + \log_r^{kV})^r = (\log_r^{(k+V)})^r = (\log_r^k)^r + (\log_r^{kV})^r = k$$

④

$$\log(n^r - r n + 1) + r \log(1-n) = \omega, \log_r^{-n}$$

$$n^r - r n + 1 \times (1-n)^r = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow (1-n)^r (1-n)^r = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow (1-n)^{2r} = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow 1-n = 1 \cdot \omega \Rightarrow n = 1 - \omega$$

$$\log_r \omega = r$$

⑤

$$\log_r(n^r + r n + r) + \log_r(n-r) = r \Rightarrow (n^r + r n + r)(n-r) = 1 \Rightarrow (n^r - 1) = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$n^r = 2 \Rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{2} \Rightarrow \log_r \frac{\sqrt[r]{2}}{\sqrt[r]{r}} \Rightarrow \log_r \frac{1}{r} = r$$

⑥

$$\log(r-n) - \log \frac{1}{(n-r)^r} = r \Rightarrow (r-n)(n-r)^r = 1 \cdot r \Rightarrow -(n-r)(n-r)^r = 1 \cdot r \Rightarrow -(n-r)^{r+1} = 1 \cdot r$$

$$r-n = 1 \cdot r \Rightarrow n = -1 \Rightarrow \log_r \frac{1}{\sqrt[r]{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \log_r \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \times r = \frac{r}{r}$$

⑦

$$2^{n^r - r} = \Lambda 1^n \Rightarrow 2^{n^r - r} = 2^{n^r - r} \times 2^{\Lambda n} \Rightarrow n^r - r = \Lambda n \Rightarrow n^r - \Lambda n - r = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$n = \frac{\Lambda \pm \sqrt{\Lambda^2 + 4r}}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\Lambda + \sqrt{\Lambda^2 + 4r}}{2}, \frac{\Lambda - \sqrt{\Lambda^2 + 4r}}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\Lambda + \sqrt{\Lambda^2 + 4r}}{2}, \frac{\Lambda - \sqrt{\Lambda^2 + 4r}}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$n-r > 0 \Rightarrow n > r \Rightarrow n = r + \sqrt{r}$$

$$\log_{r+1}^{r+\sqrt{r}} = r \Rightarrow \log_{r+1}^{\sqrt{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \log_{r+1}^r = \frac{1}{r}$$

