

$x = -\frac{r}{c} \rightarrow 1 = \log_c$

$x = 0 \rightarrow y = \log_c^{-b} \Rightarrow c^r = -b \rightarrow b = -c^r$
 $c = -\frac{r}{c} a - b$
 $\Rightarrow c = -\frac{r}{c} a + c^r \rightarrow \frac{c^r - c}{c} - \frac{r}{c} a = 0$

$\Rightarrow b + c = -\frac{r}{c} \rightarrow -c^r + c = -\frac{r}{c}$
 $\Rightarrow b = -\frac{r}{c} - c \rightarrow \frac{r}{c} + c = -b$
 $(a+c)b = (1+c)\frac{r}{c} + c \rightarrow \frac{r}{c} + \frac{r}{c}(c+c^r) \rightarrow c^r + \frac{r}{c} c + \frac{r}{c}$

$\frac{r}{c} - \frac{r}{c} a = 1 \Rightarrow a = 1$

$x = 1 \rightarrow -1 = c x^r \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} = c^{a+b}$

$x = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{c} = c x^r \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} = c^a$

$\Rightarrow \frac{-\frac{1}{c}}{\frac{1}{c}} = \frac{c^a \times c^b}{c^a} = c^b \rightarrow b = 1$

$x = -1 \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{c x^r}{c} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} = c x^r \rightarrow f(-1) = -\frac{1}{c} + 1 = \left(\frac{c-1}{c}\right)$
 $\rightarrow \frac{c x^r}{c} = -\frac{1}{c}$

$y = \log_a^b + c \Rightarrow \log_a^{(r+a+b)} - \log_a^b = -r$

$0 = c + \log_a^{(r+a+b)}$
 $\Rightarrow \log_a \frac{r+a+b}{b} = -r$

$\Rightarrow \frac{r+a+b}{b} = \frac{1}{r^a} \Rightarrow r^a = \frac{b}{r+a+b}$
 $\frac{r+a}{b} = \frac{-r}{r^a} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \left(\frac{r}{r^a}\right)$

$(k^r - r - x) > 0 \rightarrow |k^r - r| - x > 0 \rightarrow k^r - r > x \rightarrow k^r - k - r > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-r}{k} < -1 \rightarrow (-\infty, -r) \cup (k, \infty)$
 $|k^r - r| > x \rightarrow k^r - r < -x \rightarrow k^r + x - r < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-r}{k} > -1 \rightarrow (-r, k)$

$\mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\} = \emptyset$

$x = 1 \rightarrow y + \frac{r^b}{r^a} = r \Rightarrow \frac{r^b}{r^a} = r \rightarrow r(c r^a) = r^b$

$\rightarrow x = -1 \rightarrow y + r x^r = b \rightarrow r^b \times r^a = \Lambda$
 $\rightarrow r \times r^a \times r^a = \Lambda \rightarrow r^a = \frac{\Lambda}{r} \Rightarrow a = 1$

$r(c r^a) = r^b \rightarrow r(r) = r = r^b \rightarrow (b=r)$

$\Rightarrow r^b - a = r(r) - 1 = (r)$

$$x=1 \rightarrow 0 = -r + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^B \rightarrow r = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^B \rightarrow \boxed{B = -1}$$

$$x=r \rightarrow r = -r + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{rA+B} \rightarrow t = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{rA+1} \Rightarrow rA+1 = -r$$

$$f(r) = -r + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-r(r)-1} \rightarrow -r + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-r^2-1} \rightarrow -r + \sqrt[r^2]{r^{r^2+1}} \rightarrow \boxed{A = -\frac{r}{r}} \rightarrow \boxed{-r + r^{\frac{r^2+1}{r}}}$$

$$\left(\frac{A}{a}\right)^t = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow \log_a \left(\frac{A}{a}\right)^t = \log_a \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\rightarrow +t \log_a \frac{A}{a} = -\log_a a$$

$$\log_a a = 1, t \rightarrow \log_a a^r = \frac{r}{a}$$

$$\log_a a = r, t \rightarrow \log_a a^r = \frac{r}{a}$$

(۷) هم‌بندی در حالت $\frac{A}{a}$ برابر شود

$$t \log_a \frac{A}{a} = -\log_a a \rightarrow t (\log_a A - \log_a a) = -\log_a a \rightarrow t \left(\frac{r}{a} - r \times \frac{1}{a} \right) = - \left(\frac{r}{a} + \frac{1}{a} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{19}{r} \quad \frac{19}{r} \times 90 = 380$$

$$m \left(\frac{V}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{t}{v}} = \frac{1}{v} m_0 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{V}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{t}{v}} = \frac{1}{v} \rightarrow \log_r \left(\frac{V}{\lambda}\right)^{\frac{t}{v}} = \log_r \frac{1}{v} \rightarrow \frac{t}{v} \log_r \frac{V}{\lambda} = \log_r \frac{1}{v} \rightarrow \frac{t}{v} (\log_r V - \log_r \lambda) = -\log_r v$$

(۸) هم‌بندی در هر دو حالت $\frac{V}{\lambda}$ برابر شود

$$\rightarrow \log_r v = \frac{6}{10} \rightarrow \log_r v = \frac{15}{7} \quad \log_r r = \frac{19}{10} \rightarrow \log_r r = \frac{15}{14}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{t}{v} \left(\frac{6}{r} - r \times \frac{6}{r} \right) = -\frac{6}{r} \Rightarrow t = 27$$

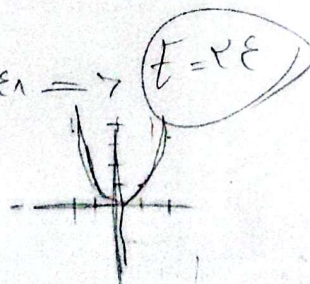
(۹) غلظت - حلال در روز $\frac{94}{100}$ برابر شود

$$\left(\frac{94}{100}\right)^t = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \log \left(\frac{94}{100}\right)^t = \log \frac{1}{r}$$

$$t (\log 94 - \log 100) = -\log r \rightarrow t (\log 94 + \log r - 2) = -\log r$$

$$\Rightarrow t (0.0149 + 0.143 - 2) = -0.143 \Rightarrow t = 24$$

$$\text{بنابراین } \log_a a^r \Rightarrow a^{\log_a r} = r$$



$$\text{بنابراین } y = \log_a a^r \rightarrow r \log_a a$$

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