

$\frac{\sin(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}) - \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4})}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|}$

چون در این مسئله شیب قائمه است \Rightarrow \cos (+) و \sin (-) است
 پس \tan هم منفی است.

$\cos \alpha = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$, $\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{5}}{5}$, $\tan = \frac{\sin}{\cos} = \frac{-\sqrt{5}}{2}$

① $\frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{-\sqrt{5}}{5}}{|(\frac{-\sqrt{5}}{2})^2 - 1|} = \frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}}{\frac{5}{4} - 1} = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = 3$ ← جواب

$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = 2 \cos \alpha$

$\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$

چون اینها ربع ۲ و ربع ۳ هستند $\Rightarrow \cos \alpha$ منفی است.

$\cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\tan 45^\circ = \sqrt{3}$ ← چون خط باجهت مثبت محور x زاویه ۹۰° میسازد ← شیب خط

$2mx + (m^2 - 1)y = 3 \Rightarrow \frac{-2m}{m^2 - 1} = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \sqrt{3}m^2 + 2m - \sqrt{3} = 0$

$|m_1 - m_2| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$

$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 4 - (-12) = 16$

$-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2} < -x < \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{\pi}{2} - x < \frac{\pi}{2}$

$0 < \tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{1-m}{2+m}$

$\frac{1-m}{2+m} > 0$

$-2 < m < 1$ ← جواب نهایی

$\tan 130^\circ = \tan(90^\circ + 40^\circ) = -\tan 40^\circ = -\sqrt{3}$

$\cos 110^\circ = \cos(90^\circ + 20^\circ) = -\cos 20^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\tan 140^\circ = \tan(90^\circ + 50^\circ) = -\cot 50^\circ = -\sqrt{3}$

$\sin 160^\circ = \sin(90^\circ + 70^\circ) = \cos 70^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$(-\sqrt{3})(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) + (-\sqrt{3})(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = 0$ ← جواب نهایی