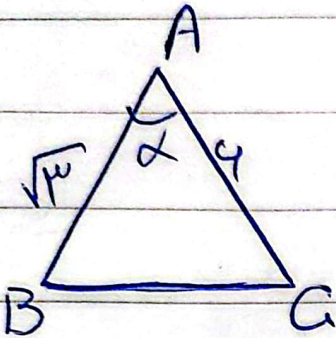


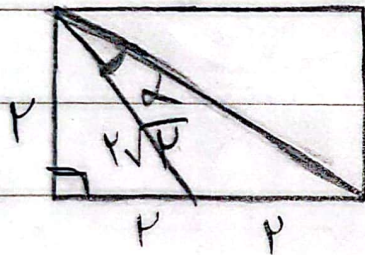
بناؤا

(بازدهم دستہ)

ستائیں خیابار



$\frac{1}{2} ab \sin \alpha \rightarrow \sin(\alpha) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  (1)  
 $\frac{12}{40} = 2$



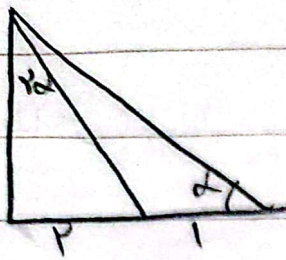
فوٹر  
 $(\text{تظیل})^2 = 14 + 6 = 4\sqrt{20}$  (2)

$S_{\square} = 4 \times 4 = 16 \rightarrow \frac{A}{4} = 4 \rightarrow S$

$\frac{4 \times 4}{4} = 4$   
 $\alpha \text{ (Circ)} = 4 \rightarrow 4 = \frac{4}{4} \sqrt{20} \sqrt{2} \sin \alpha$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} = \sin \alpha \rightarrow 4 = 4 \sqrt{10} \sin \alpha$   
 $\cot \alpha = 10$

(12)



$$\mu \alpha + 90^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 90^\circ$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{z} \quad \tan(\mu \alpha) = \frac{r}{z}$$

$$\tan \mu \alpha = \frac{\mu \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{z} = \frac{\mu \frac{r}{z}}{1 - \frac{r^2}{z^2}}$$

$$\frac{r}{z} = \frac{\mu r}{z - \frac{r^2}{z}} \rightarrow z^2 = \frac{r}{z} \rightarrow z = \frac{r}{z}$$

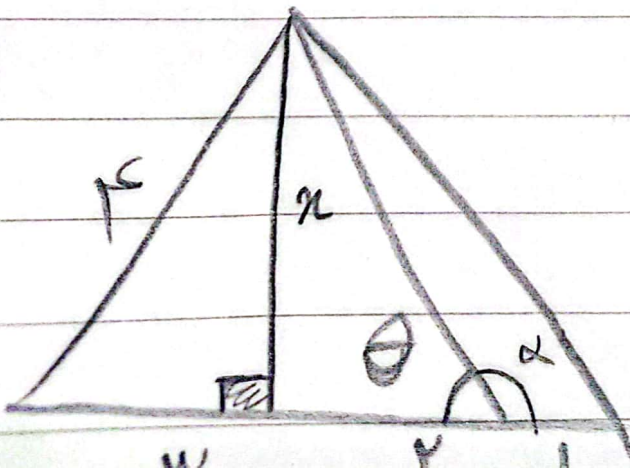
$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{z}{r} \rightarrow \cot \alpha = \mu$$

(E)

$$z^2 + r^2 = \epsilon^2 r^2 \rightarrow z^2 = r^2 \epsilon^2 \rightarrow z = r \epsilon$$

$$\alpha + \theta = 180^\circ \rightarrow \alpha = 180^\circ - \theta$$

$$\tan \alpha = \tan(180^\circ - \theta) = -\tan \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{V}}{r}$$



$$r \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{e}{\mu} \quad \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha \quad (2)$$

$$r \sin^2 \alpha + 1 - \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{e}{\mu} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{\mu}$$

$$1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + e(1 - \sin^2 \alpha)}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + e(1 - \cos^2 \alpha)}{r - \cos^2 \alpha} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{(\sin^2 \alpha - r)}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\cos^2 \alpha - r)}{r - \cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$r - \sin^2 \alpha - (r - \cos^2 \alpha) = r - \sin^2 \alpha - r + \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{p}$$

(C)  $\sin \alpha$  (V)

$$\sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\frac{8\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right)$$

$$= \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{\omega}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{r} - \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\frac{8\pi}{r} - \left(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right)\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right)$$

$$= -\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{\omega}$$

$$\tan\left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \tan\left(\frac{7\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha = \frac{r}{\omega}$$

$$-\frac{r}{\omega} \times \frac{r}{\omega} + \frac{r}{\omega} = \frac{-1r}{r\omega} + \frac{r}{\omega} = \frac{-\epsilon + 1}{100} = \boxed{99\%}$$

$$r \cos \epsilon + r \left( \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \sin \alpha - \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \cos \alpha \right)$$

$$r \cos \epsilon + r \left( \sin(\alpha - \epsilon) \right) \stackrel{\alpha = 18^\circ}{\approx} r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{r}{r} + r \alpha - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = \boxed{\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 - r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{1 - \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r-1} \quad \left( \frac{1}{10} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{r \tan \left( \frac{\alpha}{r} \right)}{1 + r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{1 + \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r+1} = \frac{1}{11}$$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{10}{11}$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{11}}{\frac{1}{11} - \frac{10}{11}} = \frac{-\frac{1}{110}}{-\frac{9}{11}} = \frac{-1}{9} = \frac{-19}{105}$$

$$r \sin \alpha < \sin r \alpha \rightarrow r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha \quad (10)$$

$$r \sin \alpha (1 - \cos \alpha) < 0 \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

(+) =

public -  $\alpha$   
public

$$\frac{\cos r \alpha}{\sin r \alpha} > 0 \xrightarrow{SO} \cos r \alpha < 0$$

$r < \alpha$   
 $r <$

(ناجواب)  $\alpha$