

$\sqrt{10} < 6 < \hat{\alpha}$

$S = F \cdot \omega$

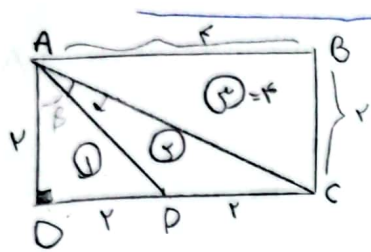
α زاویه مقابل $\hat{\alpha} = 12^\circ$

α زاویه مقابل $\hat{\alpha} = 40^\circ$

$$\cos \hat{\alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{10} \times 4 \times \sin \hat{\alpha}}{F} = F \cdot \omega \rightarrow 4\sqrt{10} \times \sin \hat{\alpha} = F \cdot \omega \rightarrow \sin \hat{\alpha} = \frac{F \cdot \omega}{4\sqrt{10}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{4}$$

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$\Rightarrow \hat{\alpha} = 40^\circ \quad \hat{\alpha} = 12^\circ \quad \frac{120}{9} = 13.33$



$AD^2 + DP^2 = AP^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{r+r} = \sqrt{14} = 2\sqrt{r} = AP$

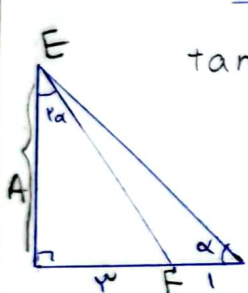
$AC = \sqrt{14} = 2\sqrt{r}$

① $S_{AOC} = r \times r \times \frac{1}{2} = r$

$S_{ADC} = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{r} \times \sqrt{r} \times \sin \alpha = r \rightarrow r \sqrt{10} \times \sin \alpha = r \rightarrow$

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$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \rightarrow 1 + \cot^2 = \frac{1}{\sin^2} \rightarrow \cot^2 = 10 - 1 = 9 \rightarrow \cot \alpha = 3$



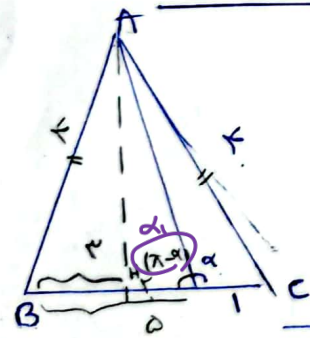
$\tan \alpha = \frac{A}{F}, \tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{x \times \frac{A}{x}}{1 - \frac{A^2}{x^2}} = \frac{A}{\frac{x^2 - A^2}{x}} \rightarrow$

0

$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{1}{A} \rightarrow \frac{AA}{x^2 - A^2} = \frac{1}{A} \rightarrow AA^2 = x^2 - A^2 \rightarrow 9A^2 = 14$

$A = \frac{F}{x} \rightarrow EF = \sqrt{1 + (\frac{F}{x})^2} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{14}{9}} = \frac{5}{3}$

$\cot 2\alpha = \frac{A}{EF} = \frac{\frac{F}{x}}{\frac{5}{3}} = \frac{3F}{5x}$



$AH = \sqrt{r^2 - \frac{r^2}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}r$

$\tan(\pi - \alpha) = -\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{r}$

$\tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{r}$

1,0

$r \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$

$\tan^2 \alpha = ?$

$\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

$\rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{1}{r}$

$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r-1}{r} \rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\frac{r-1}{r}} - 1 \rightarrow \frac{r}{r-1} - 1 = \frac{1}{r-1} = \tan^2 \alpha$

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$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + r \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + r \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow$

$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + r - r \sin^2 \alpha}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\sin^2 \alpha - r)}{r \sin^2 \alpha}$

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$\rightarrow \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + r - r \cos^2 \alpha}{r - \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\cos^2 \alpha - r)}{r \cos^2 \alpha}$

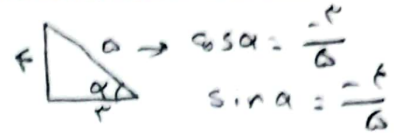
$\Rightarrow (r \sin^2 \alpha) - (r - \cos^2 \alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \cos 2\alpha$

$$1) \tan B = \frac{AD}{AB} \rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{r}{a}$$

$$\tan C = \frac{AB}{AC} \rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \tan \alpha \rightarrow \frac{r}{a} = \frac{r \times \frac{a}{r}}{1 - \frac{a^2}{r^2}} \rightarrow a = \frac{r}{r} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r}, \quad \cot \alpha = r$$

$$\sin(\frac{9\pi}{4} + \alpha) \cos(\frac{5\pi}{4} - \alpha) - \tan(\alpha - \frac{7\pi}{4}) = *$$



$$\textcircled{1} \sin(\frac{9\pi}{4} + \alpha) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha) = \cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{a}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \cos(\frac{5\pi}{4} - \alpha) = \cos(\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha) = -\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{a}$$

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$$\textcircled{3} \tan(\alpha - \frac{7\pi}{4}) = -\tan(\frac{7\pi}{4} - \alpha) = -\cot \alpha = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$* (-\frac{r}{a}) \times (\frac{r}{a}) - \frac{r}{r} = \frac{-r^2 + r^2}{100} = \frac{r^2}{100}$$

$$r \cos \alpha + \sqrt{r} \sin \alpha - \sqrt{r} \cos \alpha \quad \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$r \cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad \sqrt{r} \sin \alpha - \sqrt{r} \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{2}} (\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha) \times r = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4})$$

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$$\Rightarrow r \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}) = r \sin(-\frac{\pi}{4}) = -1 \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} - 1 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = ? \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 - \tan^2(\frac{\alpha}{r})} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$1 + \frac{r^2}{r^2 a^2} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r^2 a^2}{r^2 a^2} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{10}{14} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \frac{100}{196}} = \frac{14}{196}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha = \frac{14}{196} - \frac{10}{14} = \frac{-14}{196}$$

$$\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{10} - \frac{14}{196} = \frac{196 - 140}{1960} = \frac{56}{1960}$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0 \rightarrow \text{موجب}$$

$$r \sin \alpha < \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{r \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha} \rightarrow r \sin \alpha - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{r \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha} < 0 \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

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5, 1

موجب