

$\sqrt{10} < 6 < \hat{\alpha}$

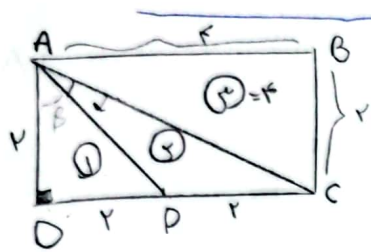
$S = F \cdot \omega$

α زاویه $\hat{\alpha} = 12^\circ$

α زاویه $\hat{\alpha} = 40^\circ$

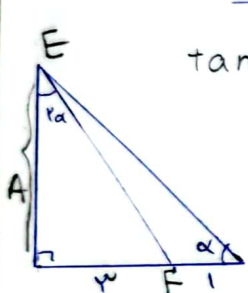
$$\cos \hat{\alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{10} \times 4 \times \sin \hat{\alpha}}{F} = F \cdot \omega \rightarrow 4\sqrt{10} \times \sin \hat{\alpha} = F \cdot \omega \rightarrow \sin \hat{\alpha} = \frac{F \cdot \omega}{4\sqrt{10}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{4}$$

$\Rightarrow \hat{\alpha} = 40^\circ \quad \angle \hat{\alpha} = 12^\circ \quad \frac{120}{9} = 13.33$



$AD^2 + DP^2 = AP^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{F+F} = \sqrt{14} = 2\sqrt{2} = AP$
 $AC = \sqrt{F+14} = 2\sqrt{2}$
 ① $S_{AOC} = Y \times X \times \frac{1}{X} = Y$
 $S_{ADC} = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{F} \times \sqrt{F+14} \times \sin \alpha = Y \rightarrow F \sqrt{10} \times \sin \alpha = F \rightarrow$

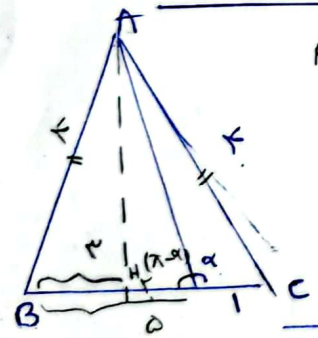
$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \rightarrow 1 + \cot^2 = \frac{1}{\sin^2} \rightarrow \cot^2 = 10 - 1 = 9 \rightarrow \cot \alpha = 3$



$\tan \alpha = \frac{A}{F}, \quad \tan \gamma \alpha = \frac{Y \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{X \times \frac{A}{FY}}{1 - \frac{A^2}{F^2}} = \frac{\frac{A}{X}}{\frac{F^2 - A^2}{F^2}} \rightarrow$

$\tan \gamma \alpha = \frac{1}{A} \rightarrow \frac{A}{F^2 - A^2} = \frac{1}{A} \rightarrow 14A^2 = F^2 - A^2 \rightarrow 9A^2 = F^2$
 $A = \frac{F}{3} \rightarrow EF = \sqrt{1 + (\frac{F}{3})^2} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{14}{9}} = \frac{5}{3} \rightarrow$

$\cot \gamma \alpha = \frac{A}{EF} = \frac{\frac{F}{3}}{\frac{5}{3}} = \frac{F}{5}$

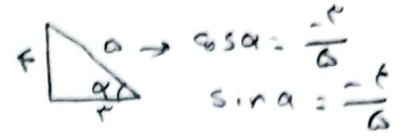


$AH = \sqrt{F^2 - \frac{F^2}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} F$
 $\tan(\pi - \alpha) = -\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$Y \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\mu} \quad \tan^2 \alpha = ?$
 $\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\mu} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\mu} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{1}{\mu}$
 $\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{F}{\mu} \rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - 1 \rightarrow \frac{\mu}{F} - 1 = \frac{1}{F} = \tan^2 \alpha$

$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + F \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + F \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + F - F \sin^2 \alpha}{F - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\sin^2 \alpha - F)}{F \sin^2 \alpha}$
 $\frac{\cos^2 \alpha + F - F \cos^2 \alpha}{F - \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\cos^2 \alpha - F)}{F \cos^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow (F \sin^2 \alpha) - (F - \cos^2 \alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \cos 2\alpha$

$$\sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) \cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) - \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{7\pi}{4}\right) = *$$



$$\textcircled{1} \sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) = \cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{b}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = -\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{b}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{7\pi}{4}\right) = -\tan\left(\frac{7\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = -\cot \alpha = -\frac{r}{a}$$

$$* \left(-\frac{r}{b}\right) \times \left(\frac{r}{b}\right) + \frac{r}{a} = \frac{-r^2 + ra}{ab} = \frac{rV}{100}$$

$$r \cos \pi x + \sqrt{r} \sin x - \sqrt{r} \cos x \quad x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$r \cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad \sqrt{r} \sin x - \sqrt{r} \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{2}} (\sin x - \cos x) \times r = \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow r \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = r \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -1 \rightarrow \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = ? \quad \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{r \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{4}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{4}} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{1/2} = \frac{1}{1/2}$$

$$1 + \frac{r}{r \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r \cos^2 \alpha}{r \cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \frac{r \cos^2 \alpha}{r \cos^2 \alpha}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-1\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{1/2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} - 1\sqrt{2}}{1/2 \times \sqrt{2}} = \frac{-1\sqrt{2}}{1/2 \times \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0 \rightarrow \text{موجب}$$

$$r \sin \alpha < \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{r \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha} \rightarrow r \sin \alpha - r \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha < 0 \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

Ⓜ, Ⓟ

موجب