

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} + \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow |\cos \alpha| = -\cos \alpha, \Rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{-\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}} \Rightarrow \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

استای نشان  $\alpha$  در ناحیه سوم است.  $\sin \alpha$  و  $\cos \alpha$  هر دو منفی است.

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$$-\frac{\pi}{12} < x < \frac{\pi}{12} \xrightarrow{x^2} -\frac{\pi}{4} < 2x < \frac{\pi}{4}, \sin 2x = \frac{m-1}{f}$$

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{4} < \sin 2x < \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < \sin 2x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < \frac{m-1}{f} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \xrightarrow{x^2} -2 < m-1 < 2 \Rightarrow -1 < m < 3$$

دایره  $[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}]$  بیشترین سینوس  $\sin \frac{\pi}{4}$  است که در اینجا می شود.

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$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = \kappa \rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{\kappa}} \sin 2\alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{\kappa}}{\sin 2\alpha} = \kappa, \sin 2\alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\kappa}}{\kappa} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\kappa}}$$

$$1 + \sin^2 2\alpha = \frac{1}{\kappa} \rightarrow (\sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha)^2 = \frac{1}{\kappa}, \sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\kappa}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 2\alpha + \cos^2 2\alpha} = \frac{1}{(\sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha)(1 - \sin 2\alpha \cos 2\alpha)} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{\kappa}} \times \frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{\kappa}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\kappa}}{\kappa}$$

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$\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow \sin^2 \theta = 1 - (\frac{4}{5})^2 = \frac{9}{25} \Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$   
 $\frac{x}{\omega} = \frac{8}{11} \Rightarrow x = \frac{8\omega}{11}, \frac{y}{\omega} = \frac{4}{11} \Rightarrow y = \frac{4\omega}{11}$   
 مساحت  $S = \frac{(2+8) \times 4}{2} = 20$

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$$\tan(21\omega) \tan(-14\omega) - \sin(109\omega) \cos(25\omega) = \kappa \cos^2 \omega$$

$(\frac{27\omega+1\omega}{2}) - (11\omega-1\omega) \quad (10\omega+1\omega) \quad (27\omega-1\omega)$   
 $(\frac{28\omega}{2}) - (10\omega) \quad (11\omega) \quad (26\omega)$

$$(-\cot 1\omega)(\tan 1\omega) - (\sin 1\omega)(-\sin 1\omega) = -1 + \sin^2 \omega = -\cos^2 \omega \Rightarrow \kappa = -1$$

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$$A = \sqrt{w} \underbrace{\cos(110^\circ)}_{1\alpha_0 + \alpha_1} \underbrace{\sin(14w^\circ)}_{1\alpha_0 + \alpha_2} - \sqrt{v} \underbrace{\sin(11w^\circ)}_{1\alpha_0 - \alpha_1} \underbrace{\cos(14w^\circ)}_{1\alpha_0 - \alpha_2}$$

$$A = \sqrt{w} (-\cos 3w^\circ) \times (-\sin 4w^\circ) - \sqrt{v} (\sin 6w^\circ) \times (-\cos 5w^\circ) = \sqrt{w} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{w}}{v}\right) \times -\sin 3w^\circ - \sqrt{v} \left(\frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}\right) \times -\cos 5w^\circ$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{w}{v} \sin 4w^\circ + \cos 5w^\circ \\ v + 4w = 9 \Rightarrow \sin 4w^\circ = \cos 5w^\circ \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{w}{v} \cos 5w^\circ + \cos 5w^\circ = \frac{\Delta}{v} \cos 5w^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{\Delta}{\cos 5w^\circ} = \frac{\Delta}{v}$$

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$$f(x) = 14 \cos^2(11x) \cos^2(4x) \cos^2(11x) \cos^2(14x) \rightarrow f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 14 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} = 1 + \frac{\sqrt{w}}{v}$$

$$\Rightarrow 14 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{w}}{v}\right)^4 \times \left(\frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}\right)^4 \times \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^4 \times \left(-\frac{1}{v}\right)^4 = \frac{4 + 3\sqrt{w}}{14}$$

5

v

$$\sin x, \cos x < 0, \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x} = t \rightarrow t + t \sin x = 1 - \sin x, \sin x = -w, \sin x = -\frac{w}{\Delta}$$

$$\sin 2x = \frac{2 \tan x}{1 + \tan^2 x} \rightarrow \sin x = \frac{2 \tan \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}} = \frac{w}{\Delta} \Rightarrow 10 \tan \frac{x}{2} = w - w \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}$$

$$w t^2 + 10t + w = 0 \quad \Delta = 4t \rightarrow t = \frac{-10 \pm \Delta}{4} = -w, \frac{-1}{w} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{x}{2} = -\frac{1}{w}, -1w$$

1,0

A

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} + \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = k \cot \frac{\theta}{2}, \quad 1 - \cos 2\theta = 2 \sin^2 \theta \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{2 \sin^2 \theta} + \frac{2 \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = 2 \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{2 \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{2}}{2 \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}} + \frac{2 \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2}}{2 \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \frac{\theta}{2}} = \frac{\cos \frac{\theta}{2}}{\sin \frac{\theta}{2}} + \frac{\cos \frac{\theta}{2}}{\sin \frac{\theta}{2}} = 2 \cot \frac{\theta}{2} \Rightarrow k = 2$$

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$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{v}{11} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{91}}{10}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha\right) = \cos \frac{11\pi}{6} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} \sin \alpha, \quad \frac{11\pi}{6} = 2\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} \Rightarrow \cos \frac{5\pi}{6} = -\frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}, \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(-\frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}\right) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{91}}{10}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{v}}{v}\right) \times \left(\frac{\sqrt{v}}{10}\right) = \frac{1v}{v \cdot 10} - \frac{v}{v \cdot 10} = \frac{v}{\Delta}$$

1.

$$1) \cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{|\sin \alpha|} \rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = \sin \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha > 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = |\cos \alpha| \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

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$$1) 1 - \sin \alpha = F + F \sin \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{-F}{2}, \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{-F}{2}, \quad \cot \frac{\alpha}{r} = \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$1 + \tan \frac{\alpha}{r} = \frac{1}{\cot \frac{\alpha}{r}} \rightarrow \tan \frac{\alpha}{r} = \pm \mu \quad \frac{F(\mu) > \frac{\alpha}{r}}{\text{شبه } \mu} \rightarrow \tan \frac{\alpha}{r} = -\mu$$