

2A 0, 2a

سوال 1

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 m}} = \frac{1}{\cos m} = \frac{1 - \sin^2 m}{\cos m} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos m} - \frac{\sin^2 m}{\cos m} = \frac{1 - \sin^2 m}{\cos m} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 m}{\cos m} = \frac{\sin^2 m}{|\cos m|}$$

$$\cot^2 m = \frac{\cos^2 m}{\sin^2 m} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos^2 m}{\sin^2 m} = \frac{\cos^2 m}{|\sin^2 m|} \Rightarrow \sin^2 m = |\sin^2 m|$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos^2 m = |\cos^2 m|$$

(1)

$$-\frac{\pi}{12} < m < \frac{\pi}{12} \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{5} < m < \frac{\pi}{5}$$

$$\sin^2 m = \frac{m-1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{f} < \sin^2 m \leq 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{f} \leq \frac{m-1}{f} \leq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow -1 < m \leq 0$$

(2)

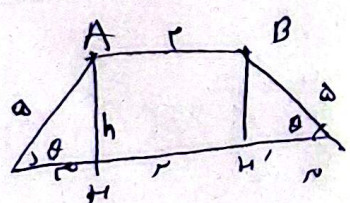
$$\tan m + \cot m = \frac{f}{\sin m} = -\frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \sin^2 m = -\frac{f}{\sin m} \Rightarrow \sin^2 m = \frac{f \sin m \cos m}{-f} \Rightarrow \sin m \cos m = -\frac{1}{2f}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} < m < \frac{3\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \sin m + \cos m = \sqrt{\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m + 2 \sin m \cos m}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m} = \frac{1}{(\sin m + \cos m)(\sin m + \cos m - \sin m \cos m)}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{f}} \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{f}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}}$$

(3)



$$\cos \theta = \frac{PH}{AP} = \frac{CH'}{BC} = \frac{h}{f} \Rightarrow PH = CH' = r$$

$$AB = HH' = f$$

$$\sin \theta = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta} = \frac{h}{f} \Rightarrow h \leq f$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times f \times (r+r) = \frac{1}{2} \times f \times (2r) = f \cdot r$$

(4)

$$\tan(\pi - \alpha) \tan(-\beta) - \sin(\pi - \alpha) \cos(\pi - \beta) = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) \tan(\pi + \beta) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) \cos(\pi + \beta)$$

$$\Rightarrow -\cot \alpha \tan \beta - \sin \alpha (-\sin \beta) = \sin \alpha (-\sin \beta) = -\cos^2 \alpha = k \cos^2 \alpha \Rightarrow k = -1$$

(5)

$$\sqrt{r} \cos \pi \cdot \sin \pi - \sqrt{r} \sin \pi \cos \pi = \sqrt{r} \cdot 1 - \sqrt{r} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \pi\right) - \sqrt{r} \times \sqrt{r} \cos(\pi - \pi)$$

$$= \frac{r}{f} \cos \pi + \cos \pi = \frac{r}{f} \cos \pi = \frac{1}{f}$$

(6)

