

الف)  $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x + 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x + 3 = (x-1)(2x^2 + 5x - 3)$   
 $\Delta = 49, x_1 = \frac{1}{2}, -3, 1 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -3, \frac{1}{2}\}$  (5)

ب)  $2x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow 2x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 3 = (x+1)(2x^2 + 7x + 3)$   
 $\Delta = 49, x_1 = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49}}{4} = -\frac{1}{2}, -3 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-\frac{1}{2}, -1, -3\}$

الف)  $x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 1 = (x-1)(x^2 - x + 1)$   
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$  (5)

ب)  $\frac{x+3}{x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x = -3, 1$   

x	-3	1
+	-	+

 $D_f = (-\infty, -3] \cup (1, +\infty)$

$x^2 - \omega|x-1| - 2x + \omega \neq 0 \rightarrow -\omega|x-1| = -x^2 + 2x - \omega, |x-1| = \frac{x^2 - 2x + \omega}{\omega} \rightarrow x-1 = \pm \frac{x^2 - 2x + \omega}{\omega}$   
 $x = \frac{x^2 - 2x + \omega}{\omega} + 1 = \frac{x^2 - 2x + \omega + \omega}{\omega}, x^2 - 2x + \omega = \omega x, x^2 - 2x + \omega = 0, \Delta = 9, x = \omega, 2$   
 $x = \frac{-x^2 + 2x - \omega}{\omega} + 1 = \frac{-x^2 + 2x - \omega + \omega}{\omega}, -x^2 + 2x = \omega x, -x^2 - 3x = 0, x = 0, -3$  (5)  
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-3, 0, 2, \omega\}$

الف)  $|2x+1| - |x+3| \neq 0, |2x+1| \neq |x+3| \rightarrow (2x+1)^2 \neq (x+3)^2 \rightarrow 4x^2 + 4x + 1 \neq x^2 + 6x + 9$   
 $3x^2 - 2x - 8 \neq 0, \Delta = 100, x = \frac{2 \pm 10}{6} \rightarrow x = 2, -\frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-\frac{4}{3}, 2\}$  (5)

ب)  $|2x+1| - |x+3| \geq 0, |2x+1| \geq |x+3| \rightarrow (2x+1)^2 \geq (x+3)^2 \rightarrow 4x^2 + 4x + 1 \geq x^2 + 6x + 9$   
 $3x^2 - 2x - 8 \geq 0, x = 2, -\frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{4}{3}] \cup [2, +\infty)$

الف)  $\log_x^x \rightarrow x > 0 \text{ (1)}, \log_x^{(1-\log_x^x)} \rightarrow 1 - \log_x^x > 0, \log_x^x < 1, x < 10 \text{ (2)}$   
 $(1) \cap (2) \rightarrow D_f = (0, 3)$  (5)

ب)  $\log_{\frac{1}{x}}^x \rightarrow x > 0 \text{ (1)}, \log_{\frac{1}{x}}^{(1-\log_{\frac{1}{x}}^x)} \rightarrow 1 - \log_{\frac{1}{x}}^x > 0, \log_{\frac{1}{x}}^x < 1, x > \frac{1}{10} \text{ (2)}$   
 $(1) \cap (2) \rightarrow D_f = (\frac{1}{10}, +\infty)$

$\log_{\omega}^{(\nu x-1)} \rightarrow \nu x-1 > 0, \nu x > 1, x > \frac{1}{\nu} \text{ (1)}$   
 $\log_{\omega}^{\log_{\omega}^{(\nu x-1)}} \rightarrow \log_{\omega}^{(\nu x-1)} > 0, \nu x-1 > 1, \nu x > 2, x > 1 \text{ (2)}$   $D_f \subseteq (0) \cap (1) \cap (2) = [2, +\infty)$   
 $\log_{\omega}^{\log_{\omega}^{\log_{\omega}^{(\nu x-1)}}} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log_{\omega}^{(\nu x-1)} \geq 1, \nu x-1 \geq \omega, \nu x \geq 4, x \geq \frac{4}{\nu} \text{ (3)}$   $D_f = (1, 2]$

الف)  $\nu(\cos x + 1) > 0$  و  $\nu \cos x > -1$  و  $\cos x > -\frac{1}{\nu} \rightarrow D_f \subseteq (\nu x - \frac{\nu x}{\nu})$  و  $(\nu x + \frac{\nu x}{\nu})$   
 ب)  $\log_{\frac{x-1}{x+1}} > 0$  و  $\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1$  و  $x-1 > x+1 \times \text{(1)}$   
 با هیچ تقارن جواب نمی دهد  $D \cup D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$   
 $\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0 \rightarrow x=1, -1 \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1 \rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) \text{ (2)}$   $D_f = (-\infty, -1)$

هنگام تعیین علامت ریشه ها در سمت چپ ریشه علامت، مخالف علامت ضریب  $x$  و سمت راست ریشه علامت، موافق علامت ضریب است. در این عبارت به علت همواره مثبت بودن زیر رادیکال و تقریباً ناممکن بودن  $a < -2$  و  $a < -2$

$x=3 \rightarrow 9a+11+3a+b=0, 12a+11+b=0 \rightarrow a = \frac{-b-11}{12}$   
 $a < -2, \frac{-b-11}{12} < -2 \rightarrow -b-11 < -24, -b < -13, b > 13$   
 $a < -2 \rightarrow a = -2 \quad x=3 \rightarrow -4+b \rightarrow b=4$

$x^2 + \nu x + \frac{\nu-m^2}{c} > 0 \rightarrow \Delta \leq 0, a > 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 4 - 4(\nu - m^2) = 4 - 4\nu + 4m^2 \leq 0$   
 $-4 + 4m^2 \leq 0, 4m^2 \leq 4, m^2 \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq m \leq 1$   
 اختلاف = 2  $\Rightarrow$  بیشترین = 1، کمترین = -1

$\leq x^2 \geq 0, x^2 \leq 4 \rightarrow -2 \leq x \leq 2 \text{ (1)}$   
 $[x] + [-x] + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow [x] + [-x] \neq -1 \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ (2)}$   
 $(1) \cap (2) \rightarrow D_f = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$