

"بناؤا"

بازدم افند

سایه خلیار

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 2x + 3}{x^2 - 1x + 3} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hop}} \frac{2x - 2}{2x - 1} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x + 3}{x^2 - 1x + 3} = \frac{x^2 - 2x + 3}{(x-1)(x+3)} = \frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{(x-1)(x+3)} = 1$$

روش ۲

$$\frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{(x-1)(x+3)} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|3x-1| - |3x+1|}{x} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hop}} \frac{-4}{1} = -4$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x-4}{\sqrt{x}-2} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hopital}} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x - \sqrt{2x}}{x^2 - 2x - 6} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hopital}} \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x}}}{2x - 2} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}}}{2(2-2)} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}}{0} = \frac{1}{2}$$

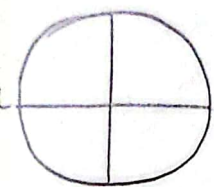
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{x - \sqrt{x}} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hopital}} \frac{-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}} = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{3x+4} - 5}{\sqrt{5x+4} - 3} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hopital}} \frac{\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+4}}}{\frac{5}{2\sqrt{5x+4}}} = \frac{3\sqrt{5x+4}}{5\sqrt{3x+4}} = \frac{3 \times 4}{5 \times 4} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{3x+\sqrt{x}} - 2}{\sqrt{x} - 1} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hopital}} \frac{\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{x}}}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}} = \frac{3 + \frac{1}{2}}{1} = \frac{7}{2}$$

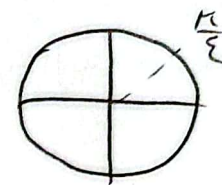
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{(1 + \cos x)(\cos x + 1)}{(1 - \cos x)(1 + \cos x) + 0} = \frac{\pi}{\pi}$$

1



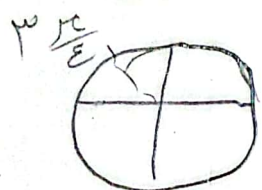
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{1 - \cancel{\frac{1}{\cos x}}}{\cancel{\sin x}} = -\frac{1}{\cos x} = -\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

9



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{-(1 - \cancel{\tan^2 x})}{\cancel{1 - \tan^2 x}} = -1 - \tan^2 x = -(1 + \tan^2 x)$$

10



$$= \frac{-1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{-1}{\left(\frac{-\sqrt{\pi}}{\pi}\right)^2} = \frac{-\pi}{\pi} = -1$$

-1