

Subject: ()

mu = ...

Date: 10

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^2 - \sqrt{x+1})^2}{x^2 - 1} \stackrel{(\frac{0}{0})}{=} \frac{x^2 - 1}{1 - x - 1} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \quad (1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1^2 x^2 - 1 - 1^2 x^2 + 1}{x} \stackrel{0}{=} \frac{1 - x^2 - x^2 - 1}{x} \stackrel{-4x}{=} \frac{-4x}{x} \rightarrow -4 \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x - 4}{\sqrt{x} - 2} \stackrel{0}{=} \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 2)(\sqrt{x} + 2)}{(\sqrt{x} - 2)} \rightarrow \sqrt{x} + 2 \rightarrow 4 + 2 = 6 \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x - \sqrt{x}}{x^2 - x - 4} \stackrel{0}{=} \frac{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{(\sqrt{x} + 2)(x - 4)} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x} + 2)(\sqrt{x} + 2)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{16} \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{x - \sqrt{x} - x} \times \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} \times \frac{x + \sqrt{x} - x}{x + \sqrt{x} + x} \rightarrow \frac{(1-x)(x + \sqrt{x} - x)}{(1+x)(1 + \sqrt{x})} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{x + \sqrt{x} - x}{1 + \sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{-x + \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{-x}{1 + \sqrt{x}}$$

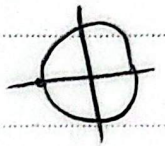
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 9} - 5}{\sqrt{x^2 + 9} + 5} \times \frac{\sqrt{(4x+9)^2 + 9} + 5}{\sqrt{(4x+9)^2 + 9} - 5} \rightarrow \frac{A}{B} \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{x(4-x)(A)}{x(4-x)(\sqrt{x^2+9}+5)} \rightarrow \frac{x}{4} \times \frac{4}{x} \rightarrow \frac{11}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} - x}{\sqrt{x} - 1} \times \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x} \times \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{x}} \quad (5) \quad (v)$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + \sqrt{x} - x)(A)}{(x-1)(\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x)} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x} - 1}{\sqrt{x} + 1} \cdot \frac{(x\sqrt{x} + x)(A)}{(\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x)} = \frac{(x\sqrt{x} + x)(A)}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x)}$$

$$\frac{V \times W}{Y \times N} = \left(\frac{21}{1} \right)$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{(1 + \cos)(1 + \cos - \cos)}{(1 + \cos)(1 - \cos)} = \frac{1 + 1 - (-1)}{1 - (-1)} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (5) \quad (M)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{\frac{\cos \cancel{\sin}^{-1}}{\cos}}{\cancel{\sin} \cos} = \frac{1}{\cos x} = -\sqrt{2} \quad (5) \quad (9)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\frac{\cancel{\sin}^2 \cos^2}{\cos^2 x}}{\cancel{\cos}^2 \cdot \frac{\cancel{\sin}^2}{\cancel{\sin}^2} - 1} = \frac{-1}{\cos^2 x} = -2 \quad (5) \quad (1)$$