

$$x=1 \rightarrow f(1_0) = \sqrt{1} \quad f'(1_0) + f'(1) = 1$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow f(1) = 1$$

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$$f(x) = x^p - 4x^r + 12x \rightarrow (x-r)^p + 1$$

$$g(x) = x^r + ax^r + 12x \rightarrow (x+r)^p - 12x$$

$$\frac{g(\sqrt{r}-r)}{f(\sqrt{r}+r)} = \frac{-r^p}{10} = -1$$

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$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+3} + \sqrt{x-2} \rightarrow \sqrt{x-2} - r - \sqrt{(x-2+r)^r}$$

$$(\sqrt{x-2} - r) + (\sqrt{x-2} + r) \rightarrow \sqrt{x-2} - r + \sqrt{x-2} + r = 2\sqrt{x-2} = f'(x) = f'(q)$$

$$a+b\sqrt{x-2} = 2\sqrt{x-2} \quad c = -2 \frac{a+b}{2} \frac{r}{-2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \{(1, -2), (0, \frac{1}{2})\}$$

$$g = \{(1, -\frac{1}{2}), (0, 2)\}$$

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$$f(x) = \{(1, 2), (1, 0, -1), (2, 2), (-\frac{1}{2}, 2)\}$$

$$g = \{(1, 2), (1, 0, -1), (2, 2), (2, 2, 2)\}$$

$$2. \{(-1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 2), (-1, 1)\}$$

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$$g = f(x) = \{(1, 2), (1, 0, -1), (-1, 1)\} \quad \frac{f'(x)}{g} = \{(1, -2), (1, -1), (-1, \frac{1}{2})\}$$