

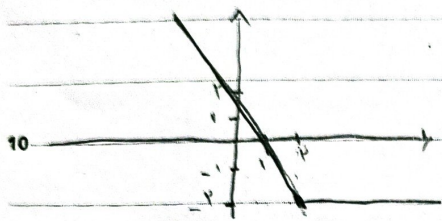
$$y = \sqrt{x^p f(n+1)} \rightarrow P(x) = \left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^{x-2} - 1 \quad (1)$$

$$f(n+1) = \left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^{n-1} - 1 \Rightarrow x^p = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0, f(n+1) = 0 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^{n-1} = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^{n-1} = \left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^0 \Rightarrow n-1 = 0 \Rightarrow n = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{0}{-1+1} \Rightarrow Dy: [0, 1]$$

$$P(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{x+2} \quad (2)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-x+1} \sqrt{-x+2} \Rightarrow -x+1 \geq 0$$



$$\begin{cases} -2 & x \geq 2 \\ -2x+2 & x < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow Dy: (-\infty, 1]$$

$$x-1=0 \Rightarrow x=1, f(x)=0 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{f(x)}} \quad (3)$$

$$x=3, x=1, x=-1 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-1+1} + \frac{1}{-1+1} \Rightarrow Dy: (-1, +1] \cup (1, 3)$$

$$9x^2 - 10x^2 - 10x - 3 \neq 0 \Rightarrow (9x^2 - 10x^2 + 1) - x^2 - 10x - 3 \neq 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$(3x^2 - 1)^2 - (x+1)^2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow 3x^2 - 1 \neq x+1 \Rightarrow 3x^2 - x - 2 \neq 0$$

$$3x^2 + ax + b \neq 0 \Rightarrow a = -1, b = -2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{-(1-2)} = \sqrt{1} = 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{f(x) - f\left(\frac{k}{n}\right)} \Rightarrow x^p + x - \left(\left(\frac{k}{n}\right)^p + \frac{k}{n}\right) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x^p + x \geq \left(\frac{k}{n}\right)^p + \frac{k}{n}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^p - \left(\frac{k}{n}\right)^p \geq \frac{k}{n} - x \Rightarrow \left(x - \frac{k}{n}\right) \left(x^p + \frac{14}{n^2} + k\right) + x - \frac{k}{n} \geq 0$$

$$x - \frac{k}{n} \left(x^p + \frac{14}{n^2} + k + 1\right) \geq 0 \Rightarrow \left(x - \frac{k}{n}\right) (z^{-1} + 14z + 2) \geq 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{1}{n^2} = z \hookrightarrow 14z^2 + 1 + 2z \geq 0 \Rightarrow z \neq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{n^2} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x^p \neq 0, x - \frac{k}{n} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq \pm 1 \Rightarrow \frac{-2}{-1+1} + \frac{0}{-1+1} + \frac{1}{-1+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Dy: (-1, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$x^4 + x = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1, \quad x^4 + x \leq 1, \Rightarrow x = 1 \quad (4)$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=1} (x^4 - 1) = 0, \quad x \leq 1 \Rightarrow (x^4 - 1) \leq 0 \Rightarrow f(1) + f(1) = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$g(\sqrt[4]{V} - 1) = (V - 2V - 4\sqrt[4]{V} + 2V\sqrt[4]{V}) + 4(\sqrt[4]{V} - 4\sqrt[4]{V} + 4) + 2V(\sqrt[4]{V} - 1) \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow g(\sqrt[4]{V} - 1) = V - 2V - 20$$

$$f(\sqrt[4]{V} + 1) \leq (1 + 1 + 4\sqrt[4]{V} + 12\sqrt[4]{V}) - 4(\sqrt[4]{V} + 1\sqrt[4]{V} + 1) + 12(\sqrt[4]{V} + 1) \quad (10)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 1 - 2 + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{g(\sqrt[4]{V} - 1)}{f(\sqrt[4]{V} + 1)} \leq \frac{-20}{10} = -2$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(x-1)+1} + 1\sqrt{x-1} \Rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{(x-1)+1} \Rightarrow f(x) = |\sqrt{x-1}+1| \quad (15)$$

$$f(x) \geq 0, \quad g(x) = \sqrt{(x-1)-1} \Rightarrow g(x) \leq |\sqrt{x-1}-1| \quad 1 \leq x < 2$$

$$g(x), f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}+1+1-\sqrt{x-1} = 2, \quad x \geq 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-1}+1+\sqrt{x-1}-1 \leq 2\sqrt{x-1} = a+b\sqrt{x+c}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{2}{-1} = -2$$

$$g(x) = \{(1, 2), (2, 0), (3, 2), (4, 4)\} \quad (16)$$

$$x=2 \rightarrow f(2) \leq \frac{2}{2-1+1} = 1, \quad x=1 \rightarrow f(1) \leq \frac{2}{1-1+1} = 2$$

$$x=3 \rightarrow f(3) \leq \frac{2}{3-1+1} = 1, \quad x=0 \Rightarrow f(0) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \{(1, -\frac{1}{2}), (0, 4)\}$$

$$f(x) = \{(1, 2), (\frac{3}{2}, -1), (2, 2), (-\frac{1}{2}, 4)\} \quad (17)$$

$$f(x) = \{(1, 2), (\sqrt{2}, -1), (2, 2)\}$$

$$f(x)+1 \leq \{(-2, 4), (1, 3), (3, 4), (-1, 1)\}$$

$$\text{PAYCO } \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \leq \{(1, -2), (3, -1)\}$$