

نام و نام خانوادگی: هجری: باستانه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۷. کلاس: (A)

الف) $y = x + |x - 2|$ $f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 2 & x > 2 \\ -x + 2 & x < 2 \end{cases}$

$R_f: [2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = |x + 3| - |x + 2|$ $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 3 & x > -2 \\ -x - 5 & x < -2 \end{cases}$

$R_f: [-1, +\infty)$

ج) $y = |x - 3| - |x + 2|$ $f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 5 & x > 3 \\ -x + 1 & x < 3 \end{cases}$

$R_f: [3, +\infty)$

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الف) $y = x + \frac{x}{|x|}$ $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 1 & x > 0 \\ x - 1 & x < 0 \end{cases}$

$R_f: [0, +\infty)$

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الف) $y = [x] - 2x$ $f(x) = \begin{cases} [x] - 2x & x \in [0, 1) \\ [x] - 2x & x \in [1, 2) \\ \vdots \end{cases}$

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$R_f: [0, 1)$

١) $y = r \sin n + r \cos n$ $-\sqrt{r^2 + r^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{r^2 + r^2} \rightarrow -\sqrt{1^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{1^2}$ $R: [-\sqrt{1^2}, \sqrt{1^2}]$	٢) $y = r \sin n + (-r) \cos n$ $-\sqrt{r^2 + (-r)^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{r^2 + (-r)^2} \rightarrow -\infty \leq y \leq \infty$ $R: [-\infty, \infty]$	5
٣) $y = [r \sin n + \omega \cos n]$ $-\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} \rightarrow -\sqrt{4} \leq y \leq \sqrt{4}$ $R: [-\sqrt{4}, \sqrt{4}]$ $[-\sqrt{4}] = -2$ $[\sqrt{4}] = 2$	٤) $y = \sqrt{(-r) \sin n + \cos n}$ $-\sqrt{(-r)^2 + 1^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{(-r)^2 + 1^2} \rightarrow -\sqrt{2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{2}$ $R: \sqrt{[-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]} = [\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}] = [0, \sqrt{2}]$	6
٥) $y = \sin^2 n + r \sin n + r$ $-1 \leq \sin n \leq 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \max = 1 \\ \min = -1 \end{cases}$ $\sin n = 1 \rightarrow y = 4$ $\sin n = -1 \rightarrow y = 0$ $R: [0, 4]$	٦) $y = r \sin^2 n + r \sin n + r$ $-1 \leq \sin n \leq 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \max = 1 \\ \min = -1 \end{cases}$ $\sin n = 1 \rightarrow y = 4$ $\sin n = -1 \rightarrow y = 1$ $\sin n = \frac{-r}{\epsilon} \rightarrow y = r \left(\frac{-r}{\epsilon}\right)^2 + r \left(\frac{-r}{\epsilon}\right) + r = \frac{V}{\Lambda}$ $R: \left[\frac{V}{\Lambda}, V\right]$	5
٧) $y = \sin^2 n + \epsilon \cos^2 n$ $y = \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n + r \cos^2 n = r \cos^2 n + 1$ $0 \leq \cos^2 n \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq r \cos^2 n + 1 \leq \epsilon$ $R: [1, \epsilon]$	٨) $y = \frac{r \cot n}{1 + \cot^2 n} = \frac{\cos n}{\sin n} = r \sin n \cos n$ $r \sin n \cos n = \sin^2 n$ $-1 \leq \sin n \leq 1$ $R: [-1, 1]$	5
٩) $y = \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n = \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n$ $r \leq \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n \leq 1$ $r^{1-r} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1$ $r^{-r} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1$ $R: \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon}, 1\right]$	١٠) $y = [\sin^4 n + \cos^4 n] = [\sin^2 n + \cos^2 n]$ $r^{1-r} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1$ $\frac{1}{\Lambda} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1$ $R: \{y y \in \mathbb{Z}, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}$ $R: [0, 1]$	5
١١) $y_n + \epsilon y = r_n^2 + v_n - \epsilon$ $r_n^2 + (v - y)n + (-\epsilon y - \epsilon) = 0$ $n = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a}$ $n = \frac{y - v \pm \sqrt{(v - y)^2 - r(r + \epsilon y - \epsilon)}}{r}$ $(v - y)^2 - \epsilon(v - \epsilon y - \epsilon) \geq 0$ $y^2 + 11y + 11 \geq 0$ $(y + 9)^2 \geq 0$ $R: R$	١٢) $y = \frac{n^2 - 1}{n - 1} = \frac{(n - 1)(n + 1)}{n - 1} = n + 1$ $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$ $\frac{1}{\epsilon} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1$ $R: \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon}, +\infty\right]$	1

