

الف) $y = x + |x - \varepsilon|$

مستقيم

1,0

نقطه

الف) $y = x + |x - \varepsilon|$

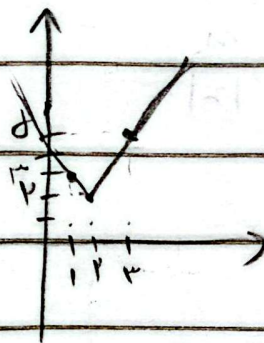
1

5

$$x - \varepsilon + \varepsilon = x$$

$$x + \varepsilon - \varepsilon = x$$

$$R_f = [4, +\infty)$$



ب) $y = |x - 2| + |x - 1| - |x|$

$x = 2 \rightarrow y = -1$

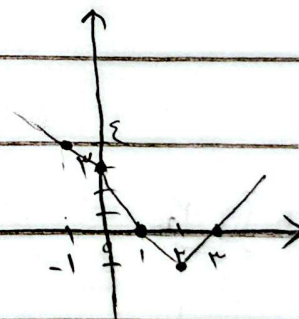
$x = 1 \rightarrow y = 0$

$x = 0 \rightarrow y = 2$

$x = 2 \rightarrow y = 0$

$x = -1 \rightarrow y = 2$

$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$



$|x - 2| - |x + 2| = k$

$-2 < x < 2 \rightarrow -2x + 4$

$x - 2 - x - 2 = -4$

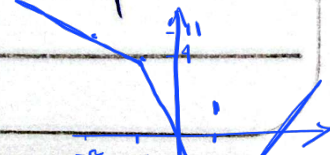
$x - 2 = -x + 2$

$-x + 2 + x + 2 = 4$

$x = \frac{0}{2} \rightarrow y = \frac{0}{2} - 2 - 2 = -4$

$k = 0$

$k = -2$



1

1,0

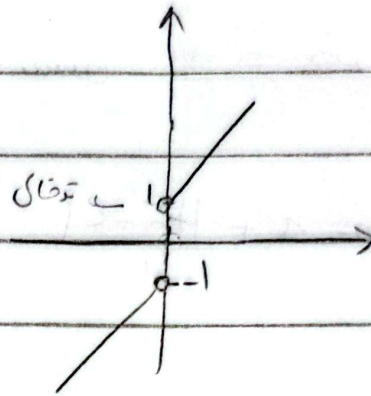


الف) $y = x + \frac{x}{|x|}$

(۳)

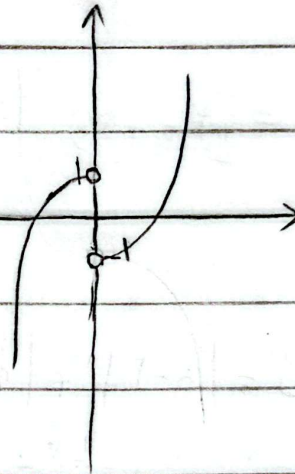
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$$\begin{cases} x+1 & x > 0 \\ x-1 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



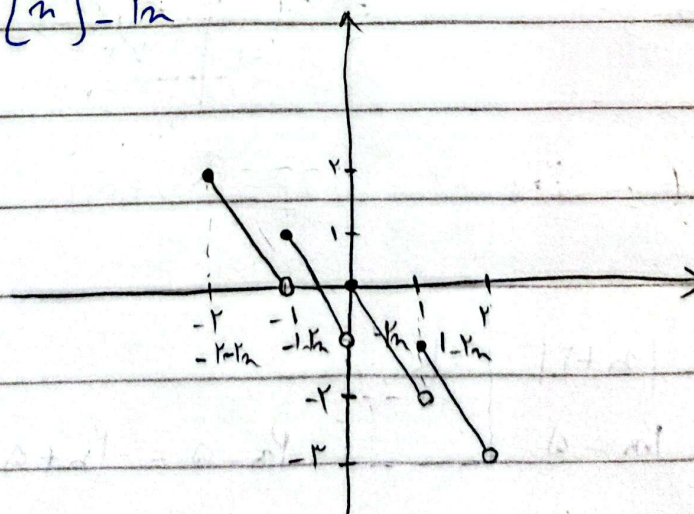
ب) $y = x|x| - \frac{x}{|x|}$

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & x > 0 \\ -x^2 + 1 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

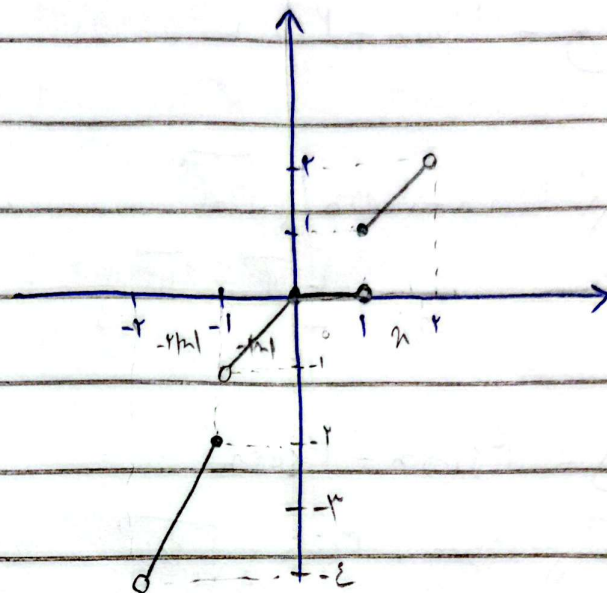
(۴) $\Delta [-2, 2]$

الف) $y = [x] - k_n$

۵



$$b) y = [x] | x|$$



$$c) y = x - [x]$$

$$a = [a] \rightarrow R_f = [0, 1)$$

$$b) y = x - [x] = \underbrace{x - [x]}_{[0, 1)}$$

$$R_f = [0, 1)$$

$$c) y = x - a \left[\frac{x}{a} \right] = a \left(\underbrace{\frac{x}{a} - \left[\frac{x}{a} \right]}_{[0, 1)} \right)$$

$$R_f = [0, a)$$

$$d) y = [x] - x$$

$$[a] - a \quad R_f = (-1, 0]$$

$$\text{الف) } y = P \sin x + P \cos x$$

④

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$$-\sqrt{9+4} \leq P \sin x + P \cos x \leq \sqrt{9+4}$$

$$R_f = [-\sqrt{13}, \sqrt{13}]$$

$$\text{ب) } y = P \sin x - P \cos x$$

$$-\sqrt{10} \leq P \sin x - P \cos x \leq \sqrt{10} \quad R_f = [-a, a]$$

$$\text{ج) } y = [P \sin x + 0 \cos x]$$

$$-\sqrt{19} \leq P \sin x + 0 \cos x \leq \sqrt{19}$$

$$R_f = \{-4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\text{د) } y = \sqrt{\cos x - P \sin x}$$

$$-\sqrt{8} \leq \cos x - P \sin x \leq \sqrt{8}$$

$$R_f = [0, \sqrt{a}]$$

$$0 \leq \sqrt{\cos x - P \sin x} \leq \sqrt{8}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \sin^2 x + P \sin x + P$$

⑤

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$$\sin x = \frac{-b}{P_a} = \frac{-P}{P} \rightarrow 00 \pm$$

$$\sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = 1 - P + P = 0$$

$$R_f = [0, 4]$$

$$\sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1 + P + P = 4$$



$$b) y = P \sin n + R \sin n + P$$

$$\sin n = \frac{-P}{P} \rightarrow y = P \times \frac{9}{14} - \frac{9}{2} + P = \frac{11 - 34 + 32}{14} = \frac{14}{14} = \frac{V}{\wedge}$$

$$\sin n = 1 \rightarrow y = P + P + P = V$$

$$\sin n = -1 \rightarrow y = P - P + P = 1$$

$$R_f = \left[\frac{V}{\wedge}, V \right]$$

$$c) y = \sin^2 n + P \cos^2 n$$

①

$$y = \sin^2 n + P(1 - \sin^2 n) = \sin^2 n + P - P \sin^2 n = -P \sin^2 n + P$$

$$\begin{matrix} \swarrow & \searrow \\ [0, 1] & [-P, 0] \end{matrix}$$

⑤

$$R_f = [1, P]$$

$$b) y = \frac{P \cot n}{1 + \cot^2 n} = \frac{P \frac{\cos n}{\sin n}}{\frac{1}{\sin^2 n}} = P \cos n \sin n = \sin^2 n$$

$$R_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$c) y = \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n$$

②

$$P^{1-P} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \leq \sin^4 n + \cos^4 n \leq 1 \rightarrow R_f = \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 \right]$$

⑤



$$\therefore y = [\sin^n x + \cos^n x]$$

$$y^{\frac{1}{n-1}} [\sin^n x + \cos^n x] < 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = y^{-1} [\sin^n x + \cos^n x] < 1$$

$$[\sin^n x + \cos^n x] \rightarrow R_f = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\text{مثال } y = \frac{r_2 r + \sqrt{n-2}}{n+2} = \frac{(n+2)(n-\frac{1}{r})}{n+2} = \textcircled{1}$$

$$n - \frac{1}{r}$$

$$R_f = R - \left\{ \frac{-2}{r} \right\}$$

$$\therefore \frac{n^2-1}{n-1} = \frac{(n-1)(n^2+r_{n+1})}{n-1} = n^2+r_{n+1}$$

$$n = \frac{-r}{r} = -1 \rightarrow y = 1 - r + 1 = 0$$

$$R = \left[\frac{r}{r}, +\infty \right)$$

$$R_f = [0, +\infty) - \{r\}$$