

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} n^2 - 6 & \text{if } n > a \rightarrow a^2 - 6 \\ 12n - 2 & \text{if } n \leq a \rightarrow 12a - 2 \end{cases} \quad f(n) \rightarrow R = [-\infty, 12a - 2]$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 - 6 \geq 12a - 2 \rightarrow a^2 - 12a + 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow (a - 2)(a^2 + 2a - 1) \geq 0 \rightarrow (a - 2)(a + 2)(a - 2) \geq 0$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm 12}{-9 \pm 6} \Rightarrow a \geq -6$$

$$f(n) = 2n + k, \quad f^{-1}(+2) = 6$$

$$\rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = n = 2j + k \rightarrow 2j = n - k \rightarrow j = \frac{n - k}{2} = 6 \rightarrow k = -1$$

$$f(v) = 2(1 - 1) = 0$$

$$f(f(n)) = 9n - 6$$

$$f(2n - 1) = 1 = 9n - 6 \rightarrow 9n = 7 \rightarrow n = \frac{7}{9}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{a \cdot n}{n - 1} \rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = n = \frac{y \cdot a}{y - 1} \rightarrow y = -\frac{n}{n - a} \rightarrow y = \frac{n}{n - a}$$

$$A(2a, 4) \rightarrow \frac{2a}{2a - a} = a \rightarrow a = 2$$

$f \circ f^{-1} = \{(4, 5)(2, 2)(1, 1)(4, 4)\}$	$f^{-1} \circ f = \{(2, 2)(4, 4)(1, 1)(4, 4)\}$	$f \circ g^{-1} = \{(2, 5)(4, 7)\}$	$g^{-1} \circ f = \{(2, 9)(1, 3)(9, 8)\}$
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$$f = \{(2, 1)(1, 1)(2, 0)\}$$

$$g = \{(2, 0)(1, 2)(2, 1)\}$$

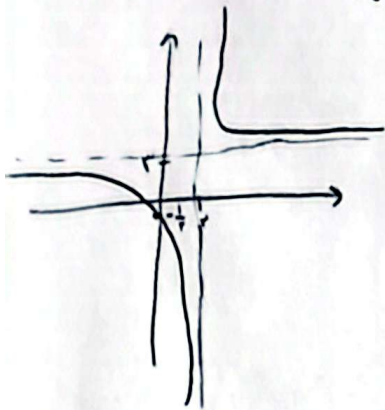
$$h = \{(1, 2)(3, 1)(2, 1)(4, 0)\}$$

$$f \circ g^{-1} = \{(1, 1)(2, 1)(4, 0)\}$$

$$h \circ g^{-1} = \{(1, 1)(2, 1)(4, 0)\}$$

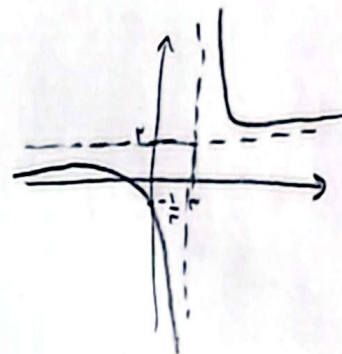
$$\frac{h}{f \circ g^{-1}} = \{(1, \frac{1}{2})(2, \frac{1}{2})(4, \frac{1}{2})\} \rightarrow \{(1, \frac{1}{2})(2, \frac{1}{2})\}$$

$$y = \frac{r(x+1)}{x-r} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = r \quad x=0, y=-\frac{1}{r}$$

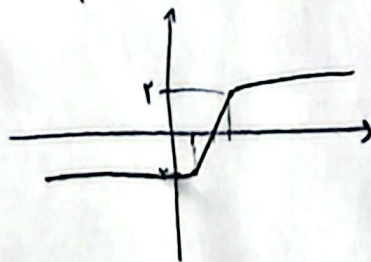


$$\frac{ry+1}{y-r} = x \rightarrow y = \frac{rx+1}{x-r}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} = r \quad x=0, y=-\frac{1}{r}$$



$$f(x) = |x-1| - |x-2|$$

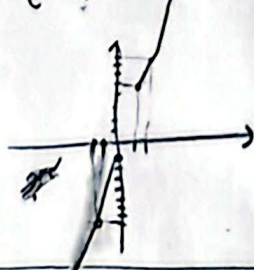


$$y = rx - c \rightarrow x = \frac{y+c}{r} \rightarrow ry = x+c \rightarrow y = \frac{x+c}{r}$$

$$R = [-r, r] \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+c}{r}, x \in [-r, r]$$

$$y = ax + b \quad \begin{matrix} ra + b = r \\ -a + b = 1 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 2a = r-1 \\ a = \frac{r-1}{2} \end{matrix} \Rightarrow y = \frac{r-1}{2}x - c$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & x \geq 1 \rightarrow R = [0, +\infty) \\ x + 1 & x \leq 0 \rightarrow R = (-\infty, 1] \end{cases}$$



$$x = y^2 + c \rightarrow y^2 = x - c \rightarrow y = \sqrt{x-c}$$

$$x = cy - 1 \rightarrow cy = x + 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{x+1}{c}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x-c} & x \geq 0 \\ \frac{x+1}{c} & x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = x^r - \frac{(x+1)^r}{x+r} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x^r + rx^r - x^r - 1 - rx^r - r^2x}{x+r} = \frac{-rx-1}{x+r}$$

$$\rightarrow y = \frac{-rx-1}{x+r} \rightarrow x = \frac{-ry-1}{y+r} \rightarrow y = \frac{-rx-1}{x+r} = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d} \quad \begin{cases} a = -r \\ b = -1 \\ c = 1 \\ d = r \end{cases}$$

$$f^{-1}(b) = f^{-1}(-1) = \frac{-r(-1)-1}{-1+r} = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+1} \rightarrow y(x^2+1) = x \rightarrow yx^2 + y = x \rightarrow yx^2 + y - x = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \rightarrow a = y, b = -1, c = y \rightarrow x = \frac{-(-1) \pm \sqrt{1-4y^2}}{2y}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1-4x^2}}{2x} \quad x > 0 \quad x \in (0, +\frac{1}{2}]$$