

$f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 7$ $S \left \begin{array}{c} -\frac{b}{2a} \\ -\frac{\Delta}{4a} \end{array} \right $ $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 7$ $x=0 \Rightarrow y=7$	$g(x) = -x^2 + 4x - 1$ $S \left \begin{array}{c} -\frac{b}{2a} \\ -\frac{\Delta}{4a} \end{array} \right $ $x=0 \Rightarrow y=-1$
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$2x^2 + (m+1)x + \frac{1}{2}m + 2 = 0$
 الف) $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow m^2 - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}m + 4 > 0 \Rightarrow m^2 - 2m + 4 > 0$
 $\Delta = 4 - 16 = -12 < 0$
 ب) $\Delta < 0 \Rightarrow (-3, -5) \subset m$
 ج) $(\text{الف و ب}) \Rightarrow m \in (-\infty, -3] \cup [5, +\infty)$

$\Delta > 0$ $\frac{c}{a} > 0 \Rightarrow P > 0$ $-\frac{b}{a} < 0 \Rightarrow S < 0$ $\frac{c}{a} = \frac{1}{m-2} > 0$ $-\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{-(2(m+1))}{m-2} = \frac{2(m+1)}{m-2} < 0$	الف) $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow P < 0 \Rightarrow S < 0$ $(2(m+1))^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 > 0$ $4(m+1)^2 > 0$ $(-2(m+1))^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 0 > 0$ $4(m+1)^2 > 0$ $\frac{1}{m-2} < 0 \Rightarrow m < 2$ $-\frac{2(m+1)}{m-2} < 0 \Rightarrow m > -2$ $m \in (-2, 2)$
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$y = (m-2)x^2 - 2(m+1)x + 1$
 الف) $\frac{c}{a} < 0 \Rightarrow m-2 < 0 \Rightarrow m < 2$
 $\frac{c}{a} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{m-2} < 0$
 ب) $x = -2 \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2(m+1)}{2(m-2)} = \frac{m+1}{m-2} = -2$
 $m+1 = -2(m-2) \Rightarrow m+1 = -2m+4 \Rightarrow 3m = 3 \Rightarrow m = 1$

$\sin \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow (-1)^2 - 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = 0$
 $\sin \alpha = -1 \Rightarrow (1)^2 - 4 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{r}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = 0$
 $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow -4 \leq 4 \sin^2 \alpha \leq 4$
 $-2 \leq -2 \sin^2 \alpha \leq 2 \Rightarrow -2 \leq b \leq 2$
 $b^2 - 4ac > 0 \Rightarrow b^2 > 4ac \Rightarrow b^2 > 4 \cdot \frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow b^2 > \frac{4}{r^2}$
 $b^2 > \frac{4}{r^2} \Rightarrow b > \frac{2}{r} \text{ or } b < -\frac{2}{r}$
 $\sin \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow r = 1$
 $\sin \alpha = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow r = -1$

$$y = \frac{(r_n^r - r_n - 1)(r_n^r - r_n - a)(m^r - r_n - 1)}{1 - r_n^r} \Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x+\frac{1}{r})(r_n - a)(x+1)}{-(x-1)(x+1)} = a$$

$$-(x+\frac{1}{r})(r_n - a) \Rightarrow -(r_n^r - a r_n + \frac{1}{r} r_n - \frac{a}{r}) \Rightarrow -r_n^r + \frac{1}{r} r_n + \frac{a}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow r_n^r - \frac{1}{r} r_n - \frac{a}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow \max z = \frac{-b}{r_n} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$r_s = \omega p + v$$

$$p = \frac{c}{a} \quad c = \frac{r}{m}$$

$$s = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{-(-(m+r))}{m} = \frac{m+r}{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow r(\frac{m+r}{m}) = a(-\frac{r}{m}) + v \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{r(m+r)}{m} = -\frac{r}{m} + v \Rightarrow \frac{r(m+r)+r}{m} = v \Rightarrow v m = r(m+1) \Rightarrow m = r$$

$$a^r + B^r = s^r - r p \Rightarrow (\frac{m+r}{m})^r - r(-\frac{1}{r}) \Rightarrow \frac{a}{r} + 1 \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{r a + B^r}{a B^r} \quad \frac{a \times B^r + r a^r}{B^r}, \quad \frac{1}{B} + B(B^r)^r \Rightarrow \frac{1}{B} \frac{(1+B^r)(a B^r - r)^r}{(B^r + r) B} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{B} \frac{(1+B^r)}{(B^r + r) B} = \frac{1}{B} \frac{(1+B^r)(a B^r - r)^r}{(B^r + r) B} = \frac{r - r B^r + B^r}{B^r} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{r}{B^r} - r + B^r \xrightarrow{a = \frac{r}{B}} \frac{a^r + B^r - r}{B^r} = 1 \quad \boxed{19}$$

$$y = a x^r + b x + c$$

$$y_1 = a x^r + b x + r$$

$$y_1 = y + a x^r + b x + r = r x + 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\downarrow (c, r)$$

$$\Rightarrow y_1 = r x + 1$$

$$a x^r + (b-r)x - 1 = 0 \quad a = r \quad B = -r$$

$$s = \frac{-b}{r_n} = -1 = \frac{-(b-r)}{a} \Rightarrow b - a = r$$

$$-a = -b + r$$

$$p = a \times B = -r \times r = -r^2 = \frac{c}{a} \quad -0 - 4 = \frac{4}{a} \Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$x^r + r x + r = y_1 \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{r a} = -\frac{r}{r} \quad \text{Sünder}$$

$$y = r x^r + (m+1) x + m + 4$$

$$y = r x^r + m x + m + 4$$

$$r x^r + (m+1) x + m + 4 = m \Rightarrow r x^r + m x + m + 4 = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \Delta > 0 \Rightarrow m^r - r(r m + 1 r) < 0 \Rightarrow m^r - 1 m - r < 0$$

$$\boxed{m < r} \quad \boxed{m < -r}$$