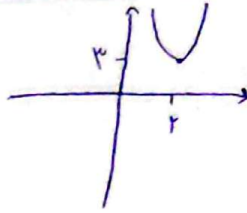
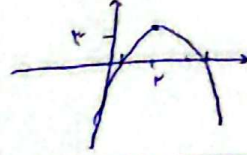


الف) $y = x^2 - 4x + 7 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$ زیرا
 $-\frac{b}{2a} = 2 \rightarrow y = 3$



ب) $y = -x^2 + 4x - 1$
 $\Delta > 0 \rightarrow x_1 = 2 + \sqrt{5}$
 $x_2 = 2 - \sqrt{5}$
 $x = -\frac{b}{2a} = 2 \rightarrow y = 3$



$2x^2 + (m+1)x + \frac{1}{2}m + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = (m+1)^2 - 4(\frac{1}{2}m+1) = m^2 + 2m + 1 - 2m - 4 = m^2 - 3$

$m^2 - 3m - 1 > 0$ الف) $m^2 - 3m - 1 > 0 \rightarrow (-\infty, -3) \cup (5, \infty)$
 $\Delta > 0$

ب) $m^2 - 3m - 1 = 0$ ج) $m^2 - 3m - 1 < 0 \rightarrow (-3, 5)$
 $\Delta = 0$ $m = 5$
 $m = -3$

د) $m^2 - 3m - 1 < 0$ $(-3, 5)$
 $\Delta > 0$

الف) $\Delta = 4(m+1)^2 - 4(m-2) \times 1 = 4(m^2 + 2m + 1 - m + 2) = 4(m^2 + m + 3) > 0 \rightarrow$ همیشه مثبت
 $p > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{m-2} > 0 \rightarrow m > 2$ $s < 0 \rightarrow \frac{m+2}{m-2} < 0 \rightarrow m \in (-2, 2)$

ب) $p < 0$ $s < 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{m-2} < 0 \rightarrow m < 2$ $\frac{m+2}{m-2} < 0 \rightarrow m \in (-2, 2)$

$\Rightarrow \Delta = (-2, 2)$

الف) $\frac{c}{a} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{m-2} < 0 \rightarrow m-2 < 0 \rightarrow m < 2$ $\Delta > 0 \rightarrow$
 $4(m+1)^2 - 4(m-2) \times 1 = 4(m^2 + 2m + 1 - m + 2) = 4(m^2 + m + 3) > 0 \rightarrow$ همیشه مثبت $m < 2$ $m \neq 2$

ب) $(m-2)x^2 - 2(m+1)x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{-b}{2a} = -2 \rightarrow -4(m-2) = 4(m+1)$
 $-4m + 8 = 4m + 4 \rightarrow -4m = -4 \rightarrow m = 1$

$\frac{2x^2}{3} - (2\sin\alpha)x + \frac{1}{3} = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = (2\sin\alpha)^2 - 4(\frac{1}{3})(\frac{2}{3})$

$\Delta = 4\sin^2\alpha - \frac{8}{9} = 4(\sin^2\alpha - \frac{2}{9}) = -4\cos^2\alpha$

$\Delta = 0$ $\cos\alpha = 0 \rightarrow \sin\alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sin\alpha = \pm 1$

$\sin\alpha = 1 \rightarrow x = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{1}{2}$ ق ق

$\sin\alpha = -1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$

$$x^2 - x - 1 = (x+1)(x-1)$$

$$x^2 - x - a = (x-a)(x+1)$$

$$\frac{(x+1)(x-1)(x+1)(x-a)}{-(-1+x^2)} = -4x^2 + 11x + a \rightarrow x = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{11}{-4} = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$y = -4\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)^2 + 11 \cdot \frac{11}{4} + a = \frac{119}{4}$$

$$mx^2 + (m+1)x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow S = \frac{m+1}{m} \quad P = -\frac{1}{m} \quad x\left(\frac{m+1}{m}\right) = a\left(-\frac{1}{m}\right) + 1$$

$$x(m+1) = -1 + 1m \rightarrow x(m+1) = -1 + 1m \rightarrow 14 = 1m \rightarrow m = 14$$

$$x^2 + \beta^2 = S^2 - P^2 = \left(\frac{m}{m}\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{1}{m}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{m^2}$$

$$S = \frac{m}{m} \quad P = -\frac{1}{m}$$

$$\beta^2 = a\beta - 1 \rightarrow \beta^2 = \beta \cdot \beta^2 = \beta(a\beta - 1) = a\beta^2 - \beta \quad \beta^2 = a(a\beta - 1) - \beta$$

$$x^2 + \beta - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \beta = 1 - x^2 \quad \beta^2 = \beta \cdot \beta = \beta(1 - x^2) = \beta - \beta x^2 = 1 - \beta$$

$$\beta = \beta \cdot \beta^2 = \beta(1 - x^2) = 1 - \beta x^2 = 1 - \beta(1 - x^2) = 1 - \beta + \beta x^2 = 1 - \beta + \beta(1 - x^2) = 1 - \beta + \beta - \beta x^2 = 1 - \beta x^2$$

$$\frac{1 + \beta^2}{a\beta^2} = \frac{1 + (1 - x^2)^2}{a\beta^2} = \frac{1 + 1 - 2x^2 + x^4}{a\beta^2} = \frac{2 - 2x^2 + x^4}{a\beta^2} = \frac{2(1 - x^2) + x^4}{a\beta^2} = \frac{2(1 - x^2) + x^4}{a(1 - x^2)}$$

$$x = 1 \rightarrow a(1)^2 + b(1) + c = 1(1) + 1 \rightarrow 1a + 1b + c = 1$$

$$x = -1 \rightarrow a(-1)^2 + b(-1) + c = 1(-1) + 1 \rightarrow 1a - 1b + c = 1$$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow a(1)^2 + b(1) + c = 0 \rightarrow 1a + 1b + c = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} 1a + 1b + c = 1 \\ 1a - 1b + c = 1 \\ 1a + 1b + c = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} b = a + 1 \\ 1a + 1(a + 1) + c = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} b = a + 1 \\ 2a + 1 + c = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} b = a + 1 \\ c = -2a - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$y = x$$

$$x^2 + (m+1)x + m + 4 = x \rightarrow x^2 + mx + m + 4 = 0$$

$$m^2 - 4(1)(m+4) = m^2 - 4m - 16 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} m = 12 \\ m = -4 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + 12x + 16 = 0 \\ x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 = (x-2)^2 = 0 \rightarrow x = 2 \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$\sqrt{00} \quad \sqrt{00}$$