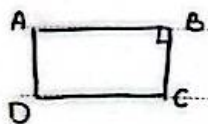


$$AG = \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2} = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2} = \sqrt{10} \Rightarrow S = a^2 = \sqrt{10}^2 = 10$$



$$2A + 2C = 2B + 2D \rightarrow -1 + x = 2 - 1 - 2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$AB \perp BC \rightarrow m_{AB} = \frac{f-1}{-1-f} = -\frac{f}{c} \Rightarrow m_{BC} = \frac{f}{f}$$

$$m_{BC} = \frac{y-1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}-1} = \frac{1}{1} \Rightarrow xy-1 = y-1 \Rightarrow y = -1 \Rightarrow C = \left(\frac{1}{y}, -1\right)$$

$$D = \left(-\frac{1}{y}, y\right)$$

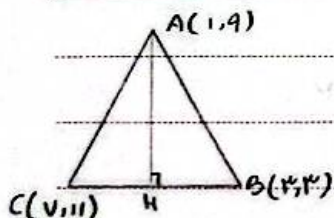
$$\left. \begin{aligned} AB &= \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2} = \sqrt{14 + 9} = \Delta \\ BC &= \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2} = \sqrt{\frac{14}{\gamma} + 9} = \frac{\Delta}{\gamma} \end{aligned} \right\} AB + BC = \Delta + \frac{\Delta}{\gamma} = \frac{14}{\gamma} \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = \gamma \times \frac{14}{\gamma} = 14$$

$$\tan \theta = \tan 45^\circ = \sqrt{3}$$

$$r_m x + (m^r - 1)y = w \Rightarrow y = \frac{-r_m}{m^r - 1} + \frac{w}{m^r - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-r_m}{m^r - 1} = \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow -r_m = \sqrt{r} m^r - \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} m^r + r_m - \sqrt{r} = 0$$

$$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{k + k\sqrt{\mu} \times \sqrt{\mu}}}{\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{k}{\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{k\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}$$



$$m_{BC} = \frac{11 - 4}{11 - 4} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$BC \text{ пр } \angle A \text{ пр } \angle C = AH \quad \text{— К}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2x + 6 \xrightarrow{(1) \cdot (-1)} y = -2x - 6 \rightarrow y - 2x + 6 = 0$$

$$AH = \frac{|ax+by+c|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \xrightarrow{(1,9)} \frac{|9-2+3|}{\sqrt{1+4}} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{10\sqrt{5}}{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

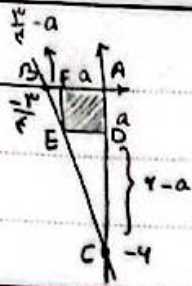
$$AB: y + rz = v \quad \rightarrow \quad 11u = 17v$$

$$x = \frac{-19 - 18}{-5 - 1} = 1$$

$$y = \frac{-14 + 6A}{-5 - 6}$$

$$BC: 2y - vx = -14$$

AC 313 note $PH = \frac{|ax+by+c|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} = \frac{|1x+4-14|}{5} = \frac{11}{5} = F_1, F_2$



$$\triangle ADEF \rightarrow AB \parallel ED \xrightarrow{\text{QWC}} \frac{CD}{AC} = \frac{ED}{AB} = \frac{BC}{BC}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4-a}{4} = \frac{a}{1} \Rightarrow 4a = 1 - 4a \Rightarrow 8a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\sqrt{a} = a\sqrt{r} = \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{r}$$

$$\begin{cases} y - ax = 1 \rightarrow y = ax + 1 \\ ay - x = a - 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{a}x + 1 - \frac{1}{a} \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{مساواة}} a = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow a = \pm 1$$

(1, 1) ✓

$$\text{if } a = 1 \rightarrow y = x, y = x + 1 \Rightarrow (1, 2) \checkmark$$

$$\text{if } a = -1 \rightarrow y = -x + 1, y = -x + 2 \Rightarrow (1, 2) \times$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1$$

$$S = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{r} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$y = \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow a = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \rightarrow ra = x^2 + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^2 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{r^2 - 1}{r} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{r^2 - 1}}{r}$$

$$x - 3y = 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3} \quad d = \frac{|1 - 1|}{\sqrt{1 + 1}} = \frac{0}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$

$$m_{AC} = -3 \rightarrow y = -3(x - 1) = -3x + 3$$

$$C \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3} = -3x + 3 \Rightarrow x = 1, y = 0$$

(1, 0) ✓

$$S = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} (0 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 0 \cdot 1) = 0$$

$$m = \frac{b-a}{-\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r}} = 4(b-a)\sqrt{r} \Rightarrow b-a = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{4}$$

(1, 1) ✓

$$a = \sqrt{\left(-\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r}\right)^2 + (b-a)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{r}{r^4}} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \sqrt{a} = a\sqrt{r} = \frac{1}{r}\sqrt{r}$$

$$r = \text{Gies} \text{ in } A \text{ in } \sqrt{\mu^2 + \epsilon^2} = a$$

$$m_{OA} = \frac{f}{\mu} \rightarrow m_L = -\frac{\mu}{\epsilon} \quad -1.0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} OA \perp L \\ L' \perp L \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow OA \parallel L' \Rightarrow m_{L'} = \frac{\epsilon}{\mu}$$

(5)

$$OA \rightarrow y = \frac{\epsilon}{\mu} x, \quad L' \Rightarrow y = \frac{\epsilon}{\mu} x + C$$

$$OA \text{ in } L' \text{ in } \mu = r - a \Rightarrow \frac{C}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\mu}\right)^2}} = \frac{\mu}{a} - a \rightarrow C = \frac{ra}{\mu}$$

$$L' \rightarrow y = \frac{\epsilon}{\mu} x + \frac{ra}{\mu}, \quad L \rightarrow y = -\frac{\mu}{\epsilon} x - \frac{ra}{\epsilon}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{f}{\mu} x_B + \frac{ra}{\mu} = -\frac{\mu}{\epsilon} x_B - \frac{ra}{\epsilon} \quad \times 1 \rightarrow 14x_B + 100 = -9x_B - 50 \Rightarrow x_B = -10$$

$$y_B = -\frac{ra}{\mu} + \frac{ra}{\mu} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow x_B \times y_B = -1 \times -10 = 10$$