

$$3x^2 - ax + 4 = 0$$

$$a, 3a$$

$$S = \frac{-b}{a} = 1a + a = 4a \Rightarrow \frac{a}{3} = 4a$$

$$P = \frac{c}{a} = 1a \times a = 1a^2 \Rightarrow \frac{4}{3} = 1a^2 \Rightarrow a^2 = \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow a = \pm \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\text{if } 4a = \frac{a}{3} \Rightarrow a = 12a \begin{cases} a = 12 \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = 8\sqrt{3} \\ a = 12 \times -\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = -8\sqrt{3} \end{cases}$$

$$1 - (-1) = 2$$

$$34x^2 - (m+14)x + 1 = 0$$

$$\text{if } m \times 4 \times 14 \rightarrow P = ?$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{a}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} = 5 \quad \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{ab}} = 5 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} = \frac{5}{4} \sqrt{ab} \quad \alpha + \beta + 2\sqrt{\alpha\beta} = \frac{25}{34}$$

$$\frac{m+14}{34} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{34} \Rightarrow m+14+12 = 25 \Rightarrow m = -1$$

$$P = \frac{+1}{-1} = -1$$

$$4x^3 + kx^2 - 9x - 2 = 0$$

$$\alpha + \beta = 1$$

$$\alpha\beta = -2$$

$$k = ?$$

$$\alpha = 2$$

$$\hookrightarrow x^2 - x - 2 \rightarrow (x-2)(x+1) \Rightarrow \beta = -1$$

$$\text{if } \alpha = 2 \Rightarrow 4 \times 2^3 + k \times 2^2 - 9 \times 2 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow 4k = -12 \Rightarrow k = -3$$

$$\text{if } \alpha = -1 \Rightarrow -4 + k + 9 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow k = -3$$

$$x^2 + 4x + a = 0$$

$$\alpha + \beta = -4, \alpha\beta = a$$

$$\alpha < \beta < 0$$

$$12\alpha^2 + 12\beta^2 = 12\sqrt{2} + 12\Delta$$

$$a = ?$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{\Delta}{4} (\alpha^2 + \beta^2) + \frac{1}{4} (\alpha^2 - \beta^2) \hookrightarrow S^2 - 4P \hookrightarrow S \times \sqrt{\Delta}$$

$$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 34 - 2a \quad \alpha^2 - \beta^2 = -4\sqrt{34 - 2a}$$

$$12\sqrt{2} + 12\Delta = \frac{\Delta}{4} (34 - 2a) + \frac{1}{4} (-4\sqrt{\Delta}) \Rightarrow 12\sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{\Delta} = \sqrt{\Delta} = -2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\Delta = 14 \times 2 = 28 \quad 34 - 2a = 28 \Rightarrow 2a = 6 \Rightarrow a = 3$$

$$x^2 - vx^2 - \delta = 0$$

$$S, P$$

$$12P^2 - 12S^2 + 12S = ?$$

$$\text{if } x^2 = t \Rightarrow t^2 - vt - \delta = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{v^2 + 4\delta}}{2} \Rightarrow t = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{2} \quad t = x^2 \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{2}}$$

$$12 \times P^2 - 12 \times \left(\frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{2} \right)^2 = 12P^2$$

$$12 \left(\frac{-v - \sqrt{49}}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{118 + 14\sqrt{49}}{2} = 59 + 7\sqrt{49}$$

$$S = \dots, P = \frac{-v - \sqrt{49}}{2}$$

$$rx^r - ax + b = 0$$

$$rx^r + ax - 4 = 0 \rightarrow S = \frac{-a}{r_0} = -\frac{1}{r}, P = -4 \Rightarrow b = -4 \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{نوع اول } rx^r \\ a = -\frac{1}{r} \end{array} \right)$$

$$S = \frac{a}{r}, P = \frac{b}{r}$$

$$\left[\frac{ab}{r} \right] = -r$$

$$\left[\frac{1x - 4}{r} \right] = [-118] = -r$$

$$ax^r - ax - b = 0 \rightarrow S = \frac{-a}{a} = -1 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = 1 - \beta$$

$$r \cdot \beta^r + r \cdot \alpha^r - r \cdot \beta = 14$$

$$r \cdot \beta^r + r \cdot (1 - \beta)^r - r \cdot \beta = 14$$

$$r \cdot \beta^r + r \cdot (1 + \beta^r - 2\beta) - r \cdot \beta = 14$$

$$r \cdot \beta^r + r + r \cdot \beta^r - r \cdot \beta - r \cdot \beta = 14$$

$$4 \cdot \beta^r - 4 \cdot \beta + r = 0 \rightarrow r \cdot \beta^r - r \cdot \beta + 1 = 0 \rightarrow r \cdot \beta(\beta - 1) = -1 \Rightarrow r \cdot \alpha \beta = 1$$

$$P = \frac{-b}{a} = r \beta = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow a = -r \cdot b$$

$$-r \cdot b x^r - r \cdot b x - b = 0$$

$$|\alpha - \beta| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|}$$

$$\frac{r}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$$x^r (a+1) x + a = 0 \rightarrow \text{نوع اول}$$

$$x^r - (ra+1) x + b = 0 \rightarrow \text{نوع اول}$$

$$S = a+1 = r\alpha + r, P = a \Rightarrow \alpha^r + r\alpha = a \Rightarrow r\alpha + 1 = \alpha^r + r\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha = \pm 1$$

$$a+1 = r\alpha + r \Rightarrow a = r$$

$$\alpha = \pm 1$$

$$S = ra+1 \xrightarrow{a=r} S=1, P=b \Rightarrow r\beta + r = 1$$

$$r(\beta+1) = r \Rightarrow \beta = 0, \beta + r = 4 \quad 4x^r = r \quad r - a = r$$

$$x^r + x - 1 - m^r = 0$$

$$\alpha^r + \beta^r \rightarrow \text{نوع اول}$$

$$P = -1 - m^r$$

$$S = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$$

$$S^r - rP = (-1)^r - r(-1 - m^r) = 1 + r + rm^r \Rightarrow r + rm^r = 1 + r + rm^r$$

$$r + rm^r = 1 + r + rm^r$$

$$r + 0 = r$$

$$A \begin{vmatrix} r \\ y \end{vmatrix} B \begin{vmatrix} -a \\ y \end{vmatrix} S \begin{vmatrix} x_3 = -1 \\ y_3 = 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$x_3 = \frac{r-d}{r} = \frac{-r}{r} = -1$$

$$y = ax^r + bx + c \quad \frac{a}{r} = -1 \Rightarrow b = r \Rightarrow y = ax^r + rx + c$$

$$y = ax^r + rx - \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\text{if } x = -1 \Rightarrow a - r - \frac{a}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow -a - \frac{a}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow -ra = r + a = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$\text{if } x = \dots \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{r}$$