

Date:

Sub:

Caly Coss

$$x-1 = \frac{1}{x-1} \rightarrow (x-1)^p = 1^p \rightarrow (x-1) = 1 \Rightarrow \quad (1)$$

$x-1 = \frac{0}{0}$
Caly Coss

$$\text{الف) } -p < \frac{p(x-1)}{x} < p \cdot x \rightarrow -p < p(x-1) < px \rightarrow$$

$$-px < px-1$$

$$1 < px$$

$$\frac{1}{p} < x$$

$$\text{ب) } \left| \frac{x-p}{p(x+1)} \right| > 1 \rightarrow \frac{x-p}{p(x+1)} > 1 \rightarrow \frac{-x-p}{p(x+1)} > 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{x-p}{p(x+1)} < -1 \rightarrow \frac{p(x+1)}{p(x+1)} \rightarrow \frac{+1-1}{-1+1} = \frac{-p-p}{-1+1} = \frac{-2p}{0}$$

$$x \in (-p, -\frac{1}{p}) \cup (-\frac{1}{p}, \frac{1}{p})$$

$$|x-a| < b \rightarrow -b < x-a < b \quad (p)$$

$$x^p < x+p \rightarrow x^p - x - p < 0 \rightarrow -p < x < p$$

$$-x^p > x+p \rightarrow x^p + x + p < 0 \quad x \in \frac{p}{2}$$

$-p \quad p$
+ | - | +

$$x = -1 \rightarrow -p + p = 1$$

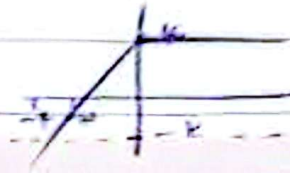
$$x = 0 \rightarrow 1 + p = p^{\max}$$

$$x = p \rightarrow p - p = -1 \min$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{max} \\ \text{min} \end{array} \right\} \min + \max = p$$

$$y' = \left| \frac{1}{x} + 1 \right| - 1 = y$$

$$|x+1| - |x| = -1$$



(a)

$$\rightarrow) x \in [-0.5, 0], x \in \mathbb{R} \rightarrow -0.5, -1.5, -2.5, \dots, -\infty$$

(4)

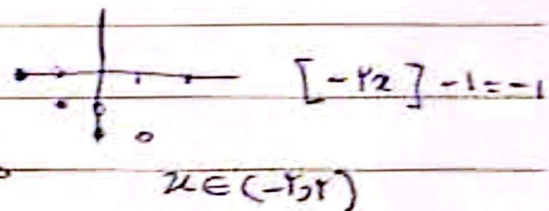


$$\rightarrow) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{x+1}{x} \right] = \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] = 1 \leq \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] < 1$$

$$-1 \leq \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] - 1 < 0$$

$$g = \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] - 1 \quad -\frac{1}{x} < 0 \Rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] > -\frac{1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] - 1 > -\frac{1}{x} - 1 > -1$$

$$\left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] = 0 \quad x \in (-1, 1)$$



$$0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{x} \geq -2 \Rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] \geq -2$$

$$x \in (-1, 1)$$

$$-1 < x < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} < 0 \Rightarrow \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow x > 1$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{1}{x} < 1 \Rightarrow x > 1$$



$$\begin{cases} a + [b] = r, r \\ b - [a] = r, r \end{cases} \Rightarrow [b] - [a] = r$$

$$\underbrace{a + b + [b] - [a]}_r = r, r \quad a + b = r, r$$

(a)