

پیدا کردن ضرایب A و B در معادله $y = r^x$ و $y = r^{Ax+B}$ با استفاده از روش مشتق گیری

$$y = r^x, y = r^{Ax+B} \xrightarrow{x=1} 1 = r^{A+B} \rightarrow A+B=0 \quad -1$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=r} r = r^{rA+B} \rightarrow rA+B=1 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2A=1 \\ A=1/2 \end{array} \right. \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$$y = r^{x-1} \rightarrow x=0 : r^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{r} \right) \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$A=1 \quad B=-1$

$$r^{x+r} = r^x + 1 \rightarrow r^{x+r} = r^{r^x} + 1 \quad [r^x = t] \quad -2$$

$$\Delta t = t^r + 1 \rightarrow t^r - \Delta t + 1 \rightarrow (t-r)(t+r) \rightarrow t=r, \Delta \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$$r^x = \omega \rightarrow x = \log_r \omega \quad \text{و} \quad r^n = r \rightarrow n = \log_r r \rightarrow (\log_r r) : \log_r r + \log_r \omega = \log_r \omega$$

$$r^x = r^y \times r^z, r^{x+z} = r^y \times r^z / \log_{r1} r^{x+z} = \log_{r1} r^y + \log_{r1} r^z \quad [\log_{r1} r = a] \quad -3$$

$$\log_{r1} r^{x+z} = r \log_{r1} r^y + \log_{r1} r^z$$

$$* \log_{r1} r^y = \log_{r1} r^y + \log_{r1} r^z \rightarrow \log_{r1} r^z = 1-a \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$$a^r + (1+1-a)(r+a) \Rightarrow a^r + r - a^r = \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$$(r^x - rx + 1)(1-x)^r = 1 \rightarrow (1-x)^r = 1 \Rightarrow 1-x=1 \rightarrow x=0 \quad -4$$

$$\log_r r = \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$$(r^x + rx + \epsilon)(x-r) \Rightarrow r^x - r = r \rightarrow r^x = 14 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{14} \quad -5$$

$$\log_{r1} r^{\frac{r}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} \log_r r = r \log_r r \Rightarrow \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \quad \text{با استفاده از}$$

$$\frac{r-n}{1} = 10 \rightarrow -(n-r)(n-r)^r = 10^r \rightarrow n-r = -10 \rightarrow n = -11$$

$$\log_{\sqrt{r}}^{\Delta} = \log_{\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}}^{\Delta} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \log_r^{\Delta} = 4 \log_r^{\Delta} \Rightarrow \Delta = 4$$

$$r^{n-r} = r^{kn} \rightarrow n-r = kn \rightarrow 14 + \Delta = 25 \quad r \pm \sqrt{r\Delta} = r \pm \sqrt{r \cdot 4}$$

$$\log_{\frac{r+\sqrt{r\Delta}-r}{4}}^{\Delta} = \log_{\frac{\sqrt{r\Delta}}{4}}^{\Delta} \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\Delta} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \log_r^{\Delta} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$\log_r^{\Delta} = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta} \rightarrow \log_r^{\Delta} = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta} \quad \& \quad \log_{\Delta}^{\Delta} = \log_{\Delta}^{\Delta} + \log_{\Delta}^{\Delta}$$

$$\log_{\Delta}^{\Delta} = \frac{r}{r} \log_r^{\Delta} \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} \times \frac{\Delta}{\Delta} = \frac{14}{15} \quad \& \quad \log_{\Delta}^{\Delta} = \frac{1}{c} \log_r^{\Delta} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\log_{\Delta}^{\Delta} = \frac{14}{15} + \frac{\Delta}{15} = \frac{21}{15} \Rightarrow \log_{\Delta}^{\Delta} = \frac{15}{21} = \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)$$

$$\log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} = \frac{\Delta}{10} \rightarrow \log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \rightarrow r \log_r^{\Delta} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \rightarrow \log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta}$$

$$\log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} = \log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} + \log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta} + \frac{\Delta}{\Delta} = \frac{14}{\Delta} = \frac{14}{\Delta} \quad \& \quad \log_{\frac{r}{\Delta}}^{\Delta} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \log_r^{\Delta} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\Delta}$$

$$a \log_r^{\Delta} - a + b \log_r^{\Delta} = 0 \rightarrow b \log_r^{\Delta} = a - a \log_r^{\Delta} \rightarrow b \log_r^{\Delta} = a(1 - \log_r^{\Delta})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{\log 10 - \log_r^{\Delta}}{\log_r^{\Delta}} = \frac{\log 10 - \log_r^{\Delta}}{\log_r^{\Delta}} = \log_{\log_r^{\Delta}}^{\Delta}$$

$$(\sqrt{r}) \log_{\frac{\Delta}{r}}^{\Delta} \rightarrow \Delta \Rightarrow \Delta^{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow (\sqrt{\Delta})$$