

$y = 1 - \log_c(ax-b)$ ,  $b+c = -\frac{1}{c}$ ,  $(a+c)b = ?$

$(0, 1) \rightarrow 1 - \log_c \frac{-b}{c} = 1 \rightarrow \log_c \frac{-b}{c} = 0 \rightarrow -b = \frac{1}{c}$

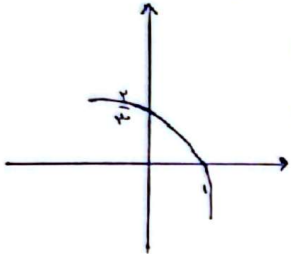
$(-\frac{1}{c}, 0) \rightarrow 1 - \log_c \frac{-\frac{1}{c} - b}{c} = 0 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} - b = c \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} - a = b + c \Rightarrow a = 1$

$b+c = -\frac{1}{c} \rightarrow \frac{1}{c} + c = -\frac{1}{c} \rightarrow \frac{c^2-1}{c} = -\frac{1}{c} \rightarrow c^2-1 = -1 \rightarrow c^2 = 0 \rightarrow c = 1 \rightarrow c = \frac{1}{c}$

$-b = \frac{1}{c} \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{c}$

$(a+c)b = (1 + \frac{1}{c}) \times -\frac{1}{c} = -\frac{c+1}{c^2}$

$f(x) = 1 + cx^{a+bx}$ ,  $f(-1) = ?$

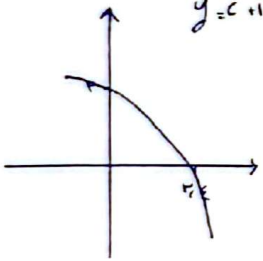


$(1, 0) \rightarrow 1 + c \times 1^{a+b} = 0 \rightarrow c \times 1^{a+b} = -1$

$(0, \frac{1}{c}) \rightarrow 1 + c \times 0^a = \frac{1}{c} \rightarrow c \times 0^a = -\frac{1}{c}$

$f(x) = 1 + c \times 1^a \times 1^b = 1 - \frac{1}{c} \times 1^b = \frac{1}{c}$

$y = c + \log_a^{(a+b)}$ ,  $\frac{a}{b} = ?$



$(0, c) \rightarrow c + \log_a^b = c$

$(1, 0) \rightarrow c + \log_a^{a+b} = 0$

$\log_a^b - \log_a^{a+b} = -c$

$b = c \cdot a + c \cdot b \rightarrow c \cdot b = -c \cdot a$

$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{-c \cdot a}{c \cdot a} = -\frac{1}{a}$

$f(x) = \log_x^{(1+x-1-x)} \rightarrow |x^2-1-x| > 0$

①  $x^2-1 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 1 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1 \rightarrow x^2-1-x > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$

②  $x^2-1 < 0 \rightarrow x^2 < 1 \rightarrow -1 < x < 1 \rightarrow x^2+1-x > 0 \rightarrow x^2+x-1 < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$

① U ②  $\rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}}{2}, 1) \cup (\frac{-1-\sqrt{5}}{2}, -1)$

$f(x) = x^b + x^a - ax$   
 $g(x) = -x^b + x^a + ax$

$x^b + x^a - ax = -1 - x^b + x^a \rightarrow x^b - a = x \rightarrow b - a = 1$

$f^{-1}(1) = -1 \rightarrow$  نقطه  $(-1, 1)$  در  $f(x)$  است  $\rightarrow x^b + x^a = 1$   
 $x^b + x^a = 1 = x^b \rightarrow b + a = 1$

$b - a = 1$   
 $b + a = 1$

$x^b - a = x(1) - 1 = 0$

$x^b = 1 \rightarrow b = 1$   
 $a = 1$

$$f(x) = -r \cdot \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{A+Bx} \rightarrow (1, ?), f(x) = ?$$

$$y = x^r - x$$

$$x^r - x \xrightarrow[n=r]{x=1} 1-1=0 \rightarrow (1,0) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} f(x) \text{ يتقاطع مع } \\ \text{المحور } x \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow -r + \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{A+B} = 0 \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{A+B} = r \rightarrow (A+B = -1) \times -1 \\ (v, r) &\rightarrow -r + \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{A+B} = r \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{A+B} = 2r \rightarrow 2A+B = -r \end{aligned} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} A = -1 \\ B = 0 \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = -r \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{-x} \rightarrow f(x) = -r + \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^{-x} = -r + 1 = 1 - r = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$m = m_0 \times \left(\frac{A}{q}\right)^t \rightarrow \frac{1}{q} m_0 = m_0 \left(\frac{A}{q}\right)^t \Rightarrow \frac{1}{q} = \left(\frac{A}{q}\right)^t \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{q} = \log \left(\frac{A}{q}\right)^t$$

$$\star \log \frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{\log q} = \frac{1}{1.4} = \frac{10}{14} = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\star \log \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{\log v} = \frac{1}{1.4} = \frac{10}{14} = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\log \frac{1}{q} - \log \frac{1}{v} = t (\log \frac{A}{q} - \log \frac{1}{v})$$

$$-(\log \frac{1}{q} + \log \frac{1}{v}) = t (3 \log \frac{1}{q} + 3 \log \frac{1}{v})$$

$$-(\frac{5}{7} + \frac{5}{7}) = t (3 \times \frac{5}{7} + 3 \times \frac{5}{7})$$

$$-\frac{10}{7} = t \times \frac{30}{7} \rightarrow t = \frac{10}{30} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$t = \frac{19}{10} \times 90 = 171 \text{ سنة}$$

$$m = m_0 \times \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^t \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} m_0 = m_0 \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^t \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} = \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^t \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{v} = \log \left(\frac{v}{\lambda}\right)^t \rightarrow -\log v = t (\log v - \log \lambda)$$

$$\star \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

$$\star \log \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{\log v} = \frac{1}{0.4} = \frac{10}{4}$$

$$\star -\log \lambda = 3 \log \frac{v}{\lambda} = 3 \times \frac{1}{\log \frac{v}{\lambda}} = \frac{3}{1.4} = \frac{30}{14} = \frac{15}{7}$$

$$-\frac{10}{4} = t \left(\frac{10}{4} - \frac{10}{\lambda}\right)$$

$$-\frac{10}{4} = t \left(\frac{10}{4} - \frac{10}{\lambda}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{t}{\lambda} \rightarrow t = \lambda$$

$$t = \lambda \times v = 10 \times 4 = 40$$

$$a = a_0 \times \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^n \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} a_0 = a_0 \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^n \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} = \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^n$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)^n$$

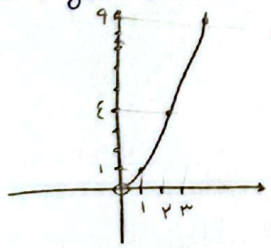
$$\log \frac{1}{4} = \log \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^n \rightarrow -\log 4 = (n) \log \frac{99}{100}$$

$$-\log 4 = (n) (\log 99 - \log 100)$$

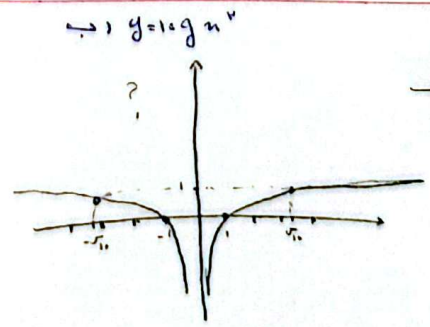
$$-0.60206 = (n) (1.99564 - 2)$$

$$n = \frac{-0.60206}{-0.00436} = 138$$

$$y = a \log n^x \rightarrow x \log n^a = x^2$$



x	y
1	a
10	2a



x	y
1	1
10	2