

$y = 1 - \log_c(ax-b)$ $b+c = -\frac{c}{r}$ $(a+c)b = ?$

$(-\frac{b}{r}, 0) \rightarrow 0 = 1 - \log_c \frac{-\frac{c}{r}a - b}{c} \Rightarrow -\frac{c}{r}a - b = c$

$(0, r) \rightarrow r = 1 - \log_c \frac{-b}{c} \Rightarrow \log_c \frac{-b}{c} = 1 - r \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{c} = c^{1-r} \Rightarrow -b = c^{1-r}c = c^{1-r+r} = c^{1+r}$

$\Rightarrow r c^{1+r} + c - r = 0 \Rightarrow c^{1+r} + c - r = 0 \Rightarrow c^{1+r} + c = r$

$\frac{c = \frac{1}{r}}{c = -r} \rightarrow \frac{b = -\frac{1}{r}}{b = -r} \Rightarrow (a+c)b = \boxed{-1}$

$f(x) = 1 + cx^r$ $f(-1) = ?$

$(1, 0) \rightarrow 0 = 1 + cx^r \rightarrow -1 = cx^r \rightarrow -1 = c \cdot 1^r \Rightarrow c = -1$

$(0, r) \rightarrow r = 1 + c \cdot 0^r \rightarrow r = 1 + c \cdot 0 \Rightarrow r = 1$

$f(x) = 1 + cx^r \xrightarrow{f(-1)} f(-1) = 1 + c \cdot (-1)^r = 1 + c \cdot (-1)^1 = 1 - c = 1 - (-1) = 2$

$\frac{1}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow r = 1$

$y = c + \log_a(ax+b)$ $\frac{a}{b} = ?$

$(r, 0) \rightarrow 0 = c + \log_a \frac{ra+b}{a} \Rightarrow -c = \log_a \frac{ra+b}{a} \Rightarrow -c = \frac{r \cdot \frac{a}{b} + 1}{\frac{a}{b}} \Rightarrow -c = \frac{r \cdot \frac{a}{b} + 1}{\frac{a}{b}}$

$(0, r) \rightarrow r = c + \log_a \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow r - c = \log_a \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow r - c = \frac{r \cdot \frac{a}{b} + 1}{\frac{a}{b}}$

$\frac{b}{ra+b} = r \cdot \frac{a}{b} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{ra+b} = \frac{ra}{b} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{ra+b} = \frac{ra}{b} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{-1}{ra} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{-1}{ra} = \frac{-1}{r \cdot a}$

$f(x) = \log_r(|x^2 - r| - x)$ $\ln^2 - r > x \rightarrow \ln^2 - r > x$

$x^2 - r > x \rightarrow x^2 - x - r > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4r}}{2}$

$x^2 - r < -x \rightarrow x^2 + x - r < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4r}}{2}$

$\} \cup \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (r, +\infty)$

$f(x) = r + r^{b-a}$ $f^{-1}(1) = -1$ $r(b-a) = ?$

$g(x) = -x^2 - r$ $f^{-1}(1) = -1 \rightarrow (-1, 1) \rightarrow 1 = r + r^{b-a} \rightarrow b-a = 1$

$f^{-1}(1) = -1 \rightarrow (-1, 1) \rightarrow 1 = r + r^{b+a} \rightarrow b+a = 2$

$\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b-a = 1 \\ b+a = 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b = 2 \\ a = 1 \end{cases}$

$r(b-a) = 2 - 1 = 1$

$f(x) = -r + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{A_1 B}$ $\Rightarrow y = 2x^2 - x$ $\Rightarrow y = 2x^2 - x$ $f(x) = ?$

$x_1 = 1 \rightarrow 1 - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (1, 0) \rightarrow 0 = 2 - r + \frac{1}{r} A_1 B \rightarrow r = 2 \rightarrow -A - B = 1$

$x_2 = 2 \rightarrow 4 - 2 = 2 \rightarrow (2, 2) \rightarrow 2 = 2 - r + \frac{1}{r} 2A_1 B \rightarrow r = 2 \rightarrow -2A - B = 2$

$A = -1, B = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = -2 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \rightarrow -2 + \frac{1}{2} x^2 = 4$

$\frac{1}{9} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^t \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{9} = t \log \frac{1}{9} = t \log \frac{1}{3^2} = t \log 3^{-2} = -2t \log 3$

$\frac{-\left(\frac{1}{9} - 1\right)}{\frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{1}} = \frac{9 \log 3}{1 \log 3} = 9 \log 3 = \frac{19}{3} \log 3$

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$\frac{1}{v} = \left(\frac{1}{v}\right)^t \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{v} = t \log \frac{1}{v} = t \log v^{-1} = -t \log v$

$\frac{-\left(\frac{1}{v} - 1\right)}{\frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{1}} = \frac{v \log v}{1 \log v} = v \log v = \frac{19}{3} \log v$

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$f(x) = \frac{1}{1.1} \times \left(\frac{94}{1.1}\right)^t = \frac{1}{1.1} \times \left(\frac{94}{1.1}\right)^t \Rightarrow \log \frac{1}{1.1} = t \log \frac{94}{1.1} = t \log 94 - t \log 1.1$

$\frac{-\log 1.1}{\log 94 - \log 1.1} = \frac{-1.041}{1.974 - 0.041} = \frac{-1.041}{1.933} = -0.538$

$\frac{-\log 1.1}{\log 94 - \log 1.1} = \frac{-1.041}{1.974 - 0.041} = \frac{-1.041}{1.933} = -0.538$

