

$$r) f(\cdot) = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow Cx^a = \frac{-1}{x} \textcircled{D} \quad f(1) = 0 \rightarrow x^a \times Cx^b = -1 \textcircled{D} \rightarrow b = 1$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = 1 - x^{-1} \quad f(-1) = \frac{1}{9}$$