

$S = \Delta F$

$S = kx \times kx \times \sin 10^\circ \Rightarrow kx^2 = \Delta F \Rightarrow x^2 = 1A \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{1A}$
 $kx = kx\sqrt{1A} = 4\sqrt{2}$
 $kx = kx\sqrt{1A} = 9\sqrt{2}$
 $P = 2(4\sqrt{2} + 9\sqrt{2}) = 26\sqrt{2}$

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$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 11\sqrt{8}$

$\cos \hat{A} = ?$

$(V \times \omega \times \sin \hat{A}) - (F \times V \times \sin \hat{A}) = \frac{V}{F} r$
 $\sin \hat{A} \left(\frac{V}{F} - F \right) = \frac{V}{F} r \Rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow \cos \hat{A} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$

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$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}, \quad \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-1}{\cos \alpha}$

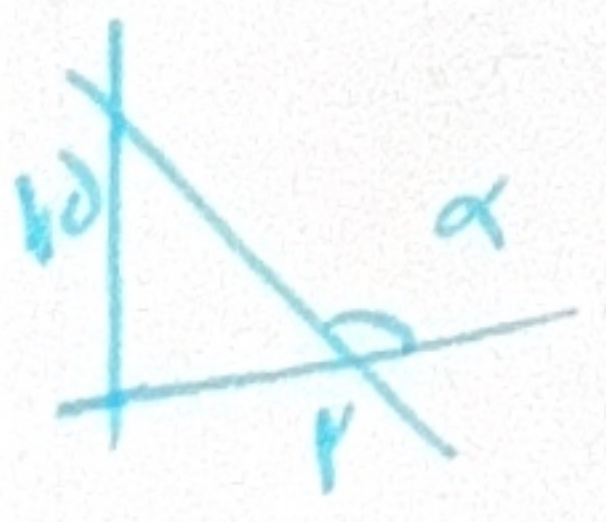
$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} + \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$ ①

$|\sin \alpha| = -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$ ②
 ① و ② $\rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0 \rightarrow$ در ربع سوم قرار می‌گیرد

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$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha\right) = ?$

$-\frac{\mu}{r}x + b \quad \left| \begin{matrix} x=0 \\ y=0 \end{matrix} \right. \quad b = \frac{\mu}{r} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{\mu}{r}x + \frac{\mu}{r}$



$\frac{\frac{\mu}{r}}{-r} = -\frac{\mu}{r} \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\frac{\mu}{r}$

$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha = \frac{-r}{\mu}$

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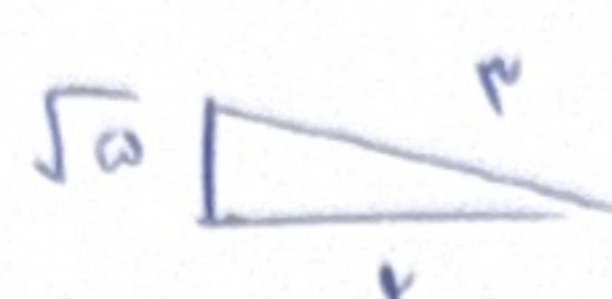
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$\frac{\mu \cos(\mu r^\circ) - \mu \sin(10^\circ)}{\sin(\mu r^\circ) - \cos(\mu r^\circ)} = \frac{\mu \cos\left(\frac{\mu \pi}{r} - \mu^\circ\right) - \mu \sin(\pi - \mu^\circ)}{\sin(\pi + \mu^\circ) - \cos\left(\frac{\mu \pi}{r} + \mu^\circ\right)}$

$\frac{-\mu \sin(\mu r^\circ) - \mu \sin(\mu r^\circ)}{-\sin(\mu r^\circ) - \sin(\mu r^\circ)} = \frac{-2\mu \sin(\mu r^\circ)}{-2\sin(\mu r^\circ)} = \frac{\mu}{1} = \mu$

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$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) - \sin(\alpha - \pi)$

 $\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{a}}$

$\frac{|\tan^r \alpha - 1|}{\cos(\alpha) + \sin(\alpha)} = \frac{\frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r}}{\frac{1}{r} - 1} = \frac{r - \sqrt{a}}{\frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{r - r\sqrt{a}}{1}$

$\sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha$

$\alpha \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \sin \alpha, \cos \alpha < 0$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = r \rightarrow 1 + \tan^r \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^r \alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + r = \frac{1}{\cos^r \alpha} \Rightarrow \cos^r \alpha = \frac{1}{1+r}$

$\cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$

$rmx + (m^r - 1)y = r$

$\tan \rightarrow 45^\circ = \sqrt{r}$

$\frac{-r}{m^r - 1} = \sqrt{r} \rightarrow \sqrt{r}m^r - \sqrt{r} + r = 0$

$\sqrt{r}m^r + r - \sqrt{r} = 0 \rightarrow m^r + r - \sqrt{r} = 0$

$(m + \sqrt{r})(m - 1) = 0$

$m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$

$-\frac{\pi}{r} < x < \frac{\pi}{r}$

$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - x\right) = \frac{1-m}{r+m}$

$\frac{\pi}{r} > -x > -\frac{\pi}{r}$

$\frac{\pi}{r} - x < \frac{\pi}{r}$

$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - x\right)$

$\frac{-r}{r+m} \Rightarrow (-r, 1)$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{r}) \cos(\frac{\pi}{r}) + \tan(\frac{\pi}{r}) \sin(\frac{\pi}{r}) =$

$\frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} \times \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r} + \frac{r}{\sqrt{a}} \times \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r} = 1 + 1 = 2$

$\frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = 0$